

Exposure Control Plan for Bloodborne Pathogens

BP 4119.42 (a)

4219.42

Personnel

4319.42

As part of its commitment to provide a safe and ~~healthful~~healthy work environment, the ~~Governing Board of Education~~ recognizes the importance of ~~developing an exposure control plan~~protecting employees from possible infection due to contact with bloodborne pathogens, including, but not limited to, hepatitis B virus, hepatitis C virus, and human immunodeficiency virus (HIV). The Superintendent or designee shall establish a written exposure control plan in accordance with state and federal standards for dealing with potentially infectious materials in the workplace ~~to protect employees from possible infection due to contact with bloodborne pathogens, including but not limited to hepatitis B virus, hepatitis C virus and human immunodeficiency virus (HIV).~~.

(cf. 4119.43/4219.43/4319.43 - Universal Precautions)

(cf. 5141.21 - Administering Medication and Monitoring Health Conditions)

(cf. 5141.6 - School Health Services)

The exposure control plan shall be consistent with the district's injury and illness prevention program established pursuant to Labor Code 6401.7 and 8 CCR 3203. (8 CCR 5193)

(cf. 4157/4257/4357 - Employee Safety)

The Superintendent or designee shall determine which employees have occupational exposure to bloodborne pathogens and other potentially infectious materials. In accordance with the district's exposure control plan, employees having occupational exposure shall receive training and be offered the hepatitis B vaccination. (8 CCR 5193; 29 CFR 1910.1030)

~~The Superintendent or designee may exempt designated first aid providers from pre-exposure hepatitis B vaccination under the conditions specified by state regulations. (8 CCR 5193(f))~~

Any employee not identified by the Superintendent or designee as having occupational exposure may submit a request to the Superintendent or designee to be included in the training and hepatitis B vaccination program. The Superintendent or designee may deny a request when there is no reasonable anticipation of contact with any infectious material.

In the event that an employee has an exposure incident, the district shall implement follow-up procedures in accordance with the exposure control plan. All such incidents shall be evaluated to determine whether changes need to be made in district practices.

Legal Reference:

GOVERNMENT CODE

3543.2 Scope of bargaining

LABOR CODE

142.3 Authority of Cal/OSHA to adopt standards

BP 4119.42 (b)
4219.42
4319.42

Personnel (continued)

144.7 Requirement to amend standards
6401.7 Injury and illness prevention program

CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 8
3203 Injury and illness prevention program
3204 Access to employee exposure and medical records
5193 California blood borne pathogens standards

CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS, TITLE 29
1910.1030 OSHA blood borne pathogens standards

Management Resources:

~~CDE ADVISORIES~~

~~1016.89 Guidelines for Informing School Employees about Preventing the Spread of Infectious Diseases, including Hepatitis B and AIDS/HIV Infections and Policies for Dealing with HIV-Infected Persons in School Settings~~

CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS PUBLICATIONS

Frequently Asked Questions about the Bloodborne Pathogens Standard

A Best Practices Approach for Reducing Bloodborne Pathogens Exposure, 2001

Exposure Control Plan for Bloodborne Pathogens, 2001

WEB SITES

~~OSHA: <http://www.osha.gov>~~

~~Cal/OSHA~~ [California Department of Industrial Relations, Occupational Safety and Health:](http://www.dir.ca.gov/occupational_safety.html)

http://www.dir.ca.gov/occupational_safety.html

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention: <http://www.cdc.gov>