

CALIFORNIA SCHOOL BOARDS ASSOCIATION

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The "notes" provided in the samples are intended for reference only and should be removed from the document prior to final adoption or publication. Any inapplicable option present in the sample should also be removed prior to final adoption or publication.

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CSBA Sample

Board Policy

Philosophy, Goals, Objectives, and Comprehensive Plans

BP 0420.42(a)

CHARTER SCHOOL RENEWAL

Note: The following policy is **optional**. When the term of a charter granted by the Governing Board pursuant to Education Code 47605 (see BP/AR 0420.4 - Charter School Authorization) is due to expire, the charter school must submit a petition for renewal to the Board in accordance with Education Code 47607 and 5 CCR 11966.4.

For a charter that was granted by the State Board of Education (SBE) on appeal after being denied by the district, the renewal petition must be first submitted to the district board that denied the charter, pursuant to Education Code 47605. A petition for the renewal of a charter that was originally granted by the County Board of Education on appeal after being denied by the district must be submitted directly to the County Board as the chartering authority pursuant to 5 CCR 11966.5.

The Governing Board believes that the ongoing operation of a charter school should be dependent on the school's effectiveness in achieving its mission and goals for student learning and other student outcomes. Whenever a charter school submits a petition for renewal of its charter, the Board shall review the petition thoroughly and in a timely manner. The Board shall consider renewal petitions only of charters originally authorized by the Board itself or by the State Board of Education on appeal after initial denial by the Board.

(cf. 0420.4 - Charter School Authorization)

(cf. 0420.41 - Charter School Oversight)

(cf. 0420.43 - Charter School Revocation)

(cf. 0500 - Accountability)

Note: Education Code 47604, as amended by AB 406 (Ch. 291, Statutes of 2018), prohibits a charter school from being operated by a for-profit corporation or organization effective July 1, 2019. Any charter school that submits a renewal petition on or after that date must demonstrate that it has nonprofit management or it cannot be renewed.

No charter school that submits a renewal petition on or after July 1, 2019 shall be operated as, or be operated by, a for-profit corporation, a for-profit educational management organization, or a for-profit charter management organization. (Education Code 47604)

Note: The following **optional** paragraph may be revised to reflect district timelines for the submission of charter renewal petitions. Although 5 CCR 11966.4 requires that the Board grant or deny the renewal petition within 60 days of receiving it (see section entitled "Timelines for Board Action" below), it is recommended that charter schools submit their petition six to nine months before the term of the charter is due to expire. The timeline should take into consideration the date by which student achievement data needed for the petition will be available and the amount of time needed for the Board's deliberations and decision. In the event that the Board denies the renewal, the charter school may need time to appeal to the County Board and then to the SBE and, if the school closes, to allow students of the charter school to transfer to another school.

CHARTER SCHOOL RENEWAL (continued)

The Board recommends that a charter school submit its petition for renewal to the Board sufficiently early before the expiration of the term of the charter to allow the Board's deliberations and decision on the renewal petition to be completed with minimal disruption to the charter school's educational program in the renewal year.

Each renewal granted by the Board shall be for a period of five years. (Education Code 47607)

Criteria for Granting or Denying Renewal

Renewals shall be governed by the same standards and criteria that apply to new charter petitions as set forth in Education Code 47605, except that the signature requirement for new petitions is not applicable to petitions for renewal. (Education Code 47607; 5 CCR 11966.4)

The petition for renewal shall include a reasonably comprehensive description of how the charter school has met all new charter school requirements enacted into law after the charter was originally granted or last renewed. (Education Code 47607; 5 CCR 11966.4)

In determining whether to grant a charter renewal, the Board shall consider the past academic, financial, and operational performance of the charter school in evaluating the likelihood of future success, along with any plans for improvement. Increases in academic achievement for all numerically significant groups of students served by the charter school, as defined in Education Code 52052, shall be the most important factor. (Education Code 47607; 5 CCR 11966.4)

Note: Education Code 47607 and 5 CCR 11966.4 establish grounds for denial of charter renewals. See CSBA's publication Charter Schools: A Guide for Governance Teams for additional information about making the determinations specified in items #1-5 below.

The Board shall not deny a renewal petition unless it makes written factual findings, specific to the particular petition, setting forth specific facts to support one or more of the following grounds: (Education Code 47605, 47607; 5 CCR 11966.4)

1. The charter school presents an unsound educational program for the students enrolled in the school.
2. The petitioners are demonstrably unlikely to successfully implement the program set forth in the petition.
3. The petition does not contain an affirmation of each of the conditions described in Education Code 47605(d).

CHARTER SCHOOL RENEWAL (continued)

4. The petition does not contain reasonably comprehensive descriptions of the charter provisions in Education Code 47605(b).
5. The charter school has failed to demonstrate that it meets at least one of the following criteria of academic performance:

Note: Although Education Code 47607 authorizes the use of the Academic Performance Index (API) to demonstrate academic performance for purposes of charter renewal, the API is no longer being calculated. Pursuant to Education Code 52052, as amended by AB 1808 (Ch. 32, Statutes of 2018), alternative measures that show increases in student achievement for all groups of students schoolwide and among numerically significant student subgroups may be used instead. For example, for purposes of meeting the academic criterion for charter renewal, charter schools may use indicators of student achievement and English learner progress available through the state's accountability system, the California School Dashboard.

- a. Increases in academic achievement for all groups of students schoolwide and among numerically significant student subgroups, as determined using measures identified pursuant to Education Code 52052

Note: When making a determination based on item #5a, Education Code 47607 requires the district to submit copies of supporting documentation and a written summary of the basis for its determination to the Superintendent of Public Instruction (SPI), as provided below. The SPI will review the materials and make recommendations to the district. Those recommendations may be the basis for a revocation of the charter by the SBE.

- b. Academic performance at least equal to the academic performance of the public schools that the charter school students would otherwise have been required to attend as well as the academic performance of district schools, taking into account the composition of the student population that is served at the charter school

Such performance shall be determined based on a review of documented clear and convincing data; student achievement data from assessments, including, but not limited to, state academic achievement tests, for demographically similar student populations in comparison schools; and information submitted by the charter school. The Board shall not grant a renewal until at least 30 days after the submission of any such documentation by the charter school. The Superintendent or designee shall submit to the Superintendent of Public Instruction copies of supporting documentation and a written summary of the basis for the Board's determination.

(cf. 6162.51 - *State Academic Achievement Tests*)

Note: Charter schools that serve high-risk students may qualify for the state's Dashboard Alternative School Status (DASS) program, which uses modified methods of measurement for accountability indicators when appropriate. Charter schools that participate in the DASS satisfy the academic criterion for charter renewal without being subject to the criteria listed above in item #5a or b.

CHARTER SCHOOL RENEWAL (continued)

- c. Qualification for the state's alternative accountability system for schools that serve high-risk students

Timelines for Board Action

Note: The following **optional** paragraph may be revised to reflect district practice. Pursuant to Education Code 47607, the Board must grant or deny the request for renewal within 60 days of receiving the renewal petition. Thus, the Board should establish a timeline for holding a public hearing that will provide sufficient time for the Board to consider public input before taking action on the request.

The Education Code does not specifically define when a petition is "received." However, because the Board conducts its business as an entity during public meetings, many education attorneys interpret the 30 days to begin when the petition is presented to the Board at the first Board meeting following the submission of the petition. Others consider the petition to be "received" when it is delivered to the district. Districts with questions regarding when the 30 days begin should consult legal counsel.

Within 30 days of receiving the renewal petition, the Board shall hold a public hearing to review documentation submitted by the charter school and obtain public input.

Within 60 days of receiving the renewal petition, or within 90 days if extended by mutual written agreement of the Board and the charter school, the Board shall either grant or deny the request to renew the charter. (Education Code 47607; 5 CCR 11966.4)

If the Board fails to make a written factual finding pursuant to items #1-5 in the section "Criteria for Granting or Denying Renewal" above within the required time period, the absence of a written factual finding shall be deemed an approval of the renewal petition. (5 CCR 11966.4)

The Superintendent or designee shall provide notification to the California Department of Education, within 10 calendar days of the Board's action, whenever a renewal of the charter is granted or denied. (Education Code 47604.32; 5 CCR 11962.1)

If the Board denies a renewal petition, the charter school may submit its application for renewal to the County Board of Education within 30 days of the Board's written factual findings supporting the denial. (Education Code 47605, 47607.5)

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 47604.32, if a charter school ceases operation for any reason, including denial of its renewal, the district must notify the California Department of Education; see BP 0420.41 - Charter School Oversight. In addition, the district and/or charter school must implement the school closure procedures specified in the charter in accordance with Education Code 47605 and 5 CCR 11962; see AR 0420.4 - Charter School Authorization.

CHARTER SCHOOL RENEWAL (continued)

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE

47600-47616.7 *Charter Schools Act of 1992*

52052 *Definition of numerically significant student subgroup*

56145-56146 *Special education services in charter schools*

60600-60649 *Assessment of academic achievement*

CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 5

11960-11969 *Charter schools*

UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 20

7223-7225 *Charter schools*

Management Resources:

CSBA PUBLICATIONS

The Role of the Charter School Authorizer, Online Course

Charter Schools: A Guide for Governance Teams, rev. 2016

WEB SITES

CSBA: <http://www.csba.org>

California Charter Schools Association: <http://www.calcharters.org>

California Department of Education, Charter Schools: <http://www.cde.ca.gov/sp/cs>

National Association of Charter School Authorizers: <http://www.charterauthorizers.org>

U.S. Department of Education: <http://www.ed.gov>

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CSBA Sample

Board Policy

Community Relations

BP 1100(a)

COMMUNICATION WITH THE PUBLIC

Note: The following **optional** policy may be revised to reflect district practice.

The Governing Board recognizes the district's responsibility to keep the public informed regarding the goals, programs, achievements, and needs of the schools and district and to be responsive to the concerns and interests of the community. The Superintendent or designee shall establish strategies for effective two-way communications between the district and the public and shall consult with the Board regarding the role of Board members as advocates for the district's students, programs, and policies.

(cf. 5020 - Parent Rights and Responsibilities)

(cf. 9000 - Role of the Board)

Note: Protocols for media relations, including the identification of Governing Board and staff spokespersons designated to meet with the media on behalf of the district, are addressed in BP 1112 - Media Relations. The district may choose to establish additional protocols for communications with other segments of the public.

The Superintendent or designee shall provide the Board and staff with communications protocols and procedures to assist the district in presenting a consistent, unified message on district issues. Such protocols and procedures may include, but are not limited to, identification of the spokesperson(s) authorized to speak to the media on behalf of the district, strategies for coordinating communications efforts and activities, and legal requirements pertaining to confidentiality as well as the public's right to access records.

(cf. 1112 - Media Relations)

(cf. 1340 - Access to District Records)

(cf. 2111 - Superintendent Governance Standards)

(cf. 3580 - District Records)

(cf. 5125 - Student Records)

(cf. 5125.1 - Release of Directory Information)

(cf. 9005 - Governance Standards)

(cf. 9010 - Public Statements)

(cf. 9011 - Disclosure of Confidential/Privileged Information)

The Superintendent or designee shall utilize a variety of methods to provide information to the public with access to information. Such methods may include, but are not limited to, district and school newsletters, web sites, social media, electronic communications, mailings, notices sent home with students, recorded telephone messages for parent/guardian information, community forums and public events, news releases, meetings with education reporters and editorial boards, presentations at parent organization meetings, and meetings with representatives of local governments, community organizations, and businesses.

COMMUNICATION WITH THE PUBLIC (continued)

(cf. 0510 - School Accountability Report Card)
(cf. 1113 - District and School Web Sites)
(cf. 1114 - District-Sponsored Social Media)
(cf. 1400 - Relations Between Other Governmental Agencies and the Schools)
(cf. 1700 - Relations Between Private Industry and the Schools)

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 48985, when 15 percent or more of students enrolled in a school speak a single primary language other than English, all notices and reports sent to the parents/guardians of those students must also be written in that primary language. In addition, the Americans with Disabilities Act (28 CFR 35.130 and 35.160) requires districts to provide services and aids to ensure that a disabled individual is not excluded from participation or denied a benefit, service, or program on the basis of a disability. See BP 0410 - Nondiscrimination in District Programs and Activities.

In developing communications strategies, the Superintendent or designee shall take into account the needs of all members of the public, including individuals with disabilities and those whose primary language is not English.

(cf. 0410 - Nondiscrimination in District Programs and Activities)

The Superintendent or designee may provide staff members with professional development to assist them in effectively responding to requests for information or assistance by parents/guardians or members of the public.

(cf. 4131 - Staff Development)
(cf. 4231 - Staff Development)
(cf. 4331 - Staff Development)

The Superintendent or designee shall provide multiple avenues and opportunities for members of the public to give input on district and school issues and operations. Community members are encouraged to become involved in school activities, participate on district and school committees, provide input at Board meetings, submit suggestions to district staff, and use the district's complaint procedures as appropriate.

(cf. 0460 - Local Control and Accountability Plan)
(cf. 1220 - Citizen Advisory Committees)
(cf. 1230 - School-Connected Organizations)
(cf. 1240 - Volunteer Assistance)
(cf. 1250 - Visitors/Outsiders)
(cf. 1260 - Educational Foundation)
(cf. 1312.1 - Complaints Concerning District Employees)
(cf. 1312.2 - Complaints Concerning Instructional Materials)
(cf. 1312.3 - Uniform Complaint Procedures)
(cf. 1312.4 - Williams Uniform Complaint Procedures)
(cf. 3555 - Nutrition Program Compliance)
(cf. 6020 - Parent Involvement)
(cf. 9322 - Agenda/Meeting Materials)
(cf. 9323 - Meeting Conduct)

COMMUNICATION WITH THE PUBLIC (continued)**Mass Mailings at Public Expense**

Note: Education Code 7054 and 2 CCR 18901.1 prohibit the use of public funds for a mass mailing that (1) expressly advocates the election or defeat of a candidate or the qualification, passage, or defeat of a ballot measure or (2) if taken in context, unambiguously urges an election result. Violation of these provisions could result in an enforcement action by the Fair Political Practices Commission. See BP 1160 - Political Processes for language regarding the use of district funds for activities related to ballot measures, candidates, or lobbying.

Newsletters or mass mailings regarding ballot measures, candidates, legislative activities, or any other campaign activities shall be sent and distributed in accordance with law and Board policy.

(cf. 1160 - Political Processes)

Note: Government Code 82041.5, 89001, and 89002 prohibit the use of public funds for a mass mailing which features a Board member or includes the name, signature, or photograph of a Board member, except as specifically allowed by law. "Mass mailing" is defined as over 200 substantially similar pieces of mail sent in a single calendar month or course of an election. A "mass mailing" does not include form letters or mail sent in response to an unsolicited request, letter, or other inquiry, or permissible informational materials otherwise authorized by Government Code 89002. Because these laws are very complex, districts should consult with legal counsel if there is a question about the appropriateness of a planned mailing.

A mass mailing is prohibited if all of the following criteria are met: (Government Code 89001-89002)

1. The mailing involves sending a tangible item, such as a videotape, record, button, or written document, which is delivered by any means to recipients at their residence, place of employment or business, or post office box.
2. The item features a Board member or includes the name, office, photograph, or other reference to a Board member and is prepared or sent in cooperation, consultation, coordination, or concert with the Board member.
3. The costs of distribution, or any costs of design, production, and printing exceeding \$50, are paid with district funds.
4. More than 200 substantially similar items, as defined in Government Code 89002, are sent in a single calendar month.

COMMUNICATION WITH THE PUBLIC (continued)

The above prohibition does not apply to the types of mass mailings specified in Government Code 89002(b), including, but not limited to: (Government Code 89002)

1. An item in which the Board member's name appears only in a roster containing the names of all Board members or in the letterhead or logotype of the stationery, forms, and envelopes of the district, a district committee, or the Board member
2. An announcement including only a single mention of the Board member's name which concerns a public meeting related to the Board member's duties or any official district event(s) for which the district is providing the use of its facilities, staff, or other financial support
3. A business card that contains only one mention of the Board member's name and no photograph of the Board member

However, any of the excepted mailings listed in items #1-3 above that meets the criteria for prohibited mass mailings shall not be sent within 60 days preceding an election in which a Board member to whom the mailing relates will appear on the ballot as a candidate. (Government Code 89003)

Comprehensive Communications Plan

Note: The following **optional** section may be revised to reflect district practice. A comprehensive district communications plan may include strategies for internal and external communications on issues that are important to the district and community. The plan also may incorporate specific communications strategies required by other Board policies and administrative regulations. For example, see AR 0450 - Comprehensive Safety Plan, BP 1112 - Media Relations, AR 3516 - Emergencies and Disaster Preparedness Plan, and BP/AR 6020 - Parent Involvement.

The Superintendent or designee shall develop a written communications plan which establishes priorities for proactive community outreach to build support for district programs and issues. The plan shall identify specific communications goals aligned with the district's vision and goals for student learning. For each communications goal, the plan shall identify key messages, individuals or groups that can help the district achieve its goal, strategies tailored to each target audience, timelines, persons responsible for each activity, and budget implications.

(cf. 0000 - Vision)

(cf. 0200 - Goals for the School District)

As appropriate for each issue, target audiences may include parents/guardians, the media, local governmental agencies, businesses, community organizations and civic groups, postsecondary institutions, health care professionals, child care providers, community leaders, state or federal legislators or agencies, and/or other segments of the public.

COMMUNICATION WITH THE PUBLIC (continued)

The plan shall incorporate strategies for effective communications during a crisis or other emergency situation that may arise.

(cf. 0450 - Comprehensive Safety Plan)

(cf. 3516 - Emergencies and Disaster Preparedness Plan)

The Superintendent or designee shall periodically evaluate the implementation and effectiveness of the district's communications plan and recommend to the Board whether the goals and key issues identified in the plan need to be revised to meet changing circumstances or priorities.

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE

7054 Use of district property or funds re: ballot measures and candidates

35145.5 Board meetings, public participation

35172 Promotional activities

38130-38138 Civic Center Act

48980-48985 Parental notifications

GOVERNMENT CODE

54957.5 Meeting agendas and materials

82041.5 Mass mailing

89001-89003 Newsletter or mass mailing

CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 2

18901.1 Campaign-related mailings sent at public expense

CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS, TITLE 28

35.101-35.190 Americans with Disabilities Act

Management Resources:

WEB SITES

CSBA: <http://www.csba.org>

California School Public Relations Association: <http://www.calspra.org>

Fair Political Practices Commission: <http://www.fppc.ca.gov>

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CSBA Sample

Board Policy

Business and Noninstructional Operations

BP 3290(a)

GIFTS, GRANTS AND BEQUESTS

Note: Education Code 41032 authorizes the Governing Board to accept gifts on behalf of the district and to prescribe conditions for their acceptance. Criteria listed in this **optional** policy may be revised to reflect district practice.

The Governing Board may accept any gift, grant, or bequest of money, property, or service to the district from any individual, organization, foundation, or public or private agency that desires to support the district's educational program. While greatly appreciating suitable donations, the Board shall reject any gift which may directly or indirectly impair its authority to make decisions in the best interest of district students or its ability or commitment to provide equitable educational opportunities.

(cf. 0200 - Goals for the School District)

(cf. 0410 - Nondiscrimination in District Programs and Activities)

(cf. 0415 - Equity)

(cf. 1260 - Educational Foundation)

(cf. 9270 - Conflict of Interest)

Note: A donor may impose restrictions and conditions on the use of a gift. Unless the conditions are illegal, the district will be subject to those conditions if it accepts the gift.

Before accepting any gift, grant, or bequest, the Board shall carefully consider any conditions or restrictions imposed by the donor to ensure their consistency with the district's vision, philosophy, and operations. If the Board believes the district will be unable to fully satisfy the donor's conditions, the gift shall not be accepted.

(cf. 0000 - Vision)

(cf. 0100 - Philosophy)

In addition, the Board shall ensure that acceptance of the gift, grant, or bequest does not:

1. Involve creation of a program which the Board would be unable to sustain when the donation is exhausted
2. Entail undesirable or excessive costs
3. Promote the use of violence, drugs, tobacco, or alcohol

(cf. 5131.6 - Alcohol and Other Drugs)

(cf. 5131.62 - Tobacco)

GIFTS, GRANTS AND BEQUESTS (continued)

4. Advertise or endorse the use of non-nutritious food or beverages during the school day

(cf. 5030 - Student Wellness)

5. Encourage or enable the violation of any law or district policy

6. Imply endorsement of any business or product or unduly commercialize or politicize the school environment

(cf. 1325 - Advertising and Promotion)

Any gift of books or instructional materials may only be accepted if they meet district criteria for selection of instructional materials.

(cf. 6161.1 - Selection and Evaluation of Instructional Materials)

(cf. 6161.11 - Supplementary Instructional Materials)

All gifts, grants, and bequests shall become district property. Donors are encouraged to donate all gifts to the district rather than to a particular school, classroom, or teacher. At the Superintendent or designee's discretion, a gift may be used at a particular school or classroom.

Note: Education Code 41030 allows districts to invest monies gifted to them when not immediately needed. Education Code 41031 requires that such funds be placed in a district special fund in the county treasury and designated as the Foundation Fund. Funds donated for specific purposes must be placed in a separate account in that fund. Pursuant to Education Code 41035-41038, districts that place money in a foundation fund pursuant to these laws must adopt related rules and regulations and appoint an advisory committee to advise the board about investments to be made.

When any gift of money received by the district is not immediately used, it shall be placed in the county treasury in accordance with law. (Education Code 41030-41031)

(cf. 3430 - Investing)

The Superintendent or designee shall annually provide a report to the Board indicating the gifts, grants, and/or bequests received on behalf of the district in the preceding fiscal year. The report shall include a statement of account and expenditure of all gifts of money and an inventory of all gifts of physical assets.

(cf. 3440 - Inventories)

(cf. 3460 - Financial Reports and Accountability)

GIFTS, GRANTS AND BEQUESTS (continued)

Corporate Sponsorship

Note: Under the general authority granted to boards pursuant to Education Code 35160, the Board is authorized to enter into a corporate sponsorship agreement with an outside entity including for-profit and nonprofit corporations. In exchange for funds, products, and services provided by such entities, the Board may allow them to advertise and/or promote their products and services within district buildings or facilities. The Board may set guidelines for entering into such agreements to ensure that they are limited to appropriate matters. Standards related to advertising and promotions are addressed in BP 1325 - Advertising and Promotion. The Board may revise the following **optional** section to ensure consistency with those standards.

The Board may enter into an agreement or arrangement with an outside entity for the sponsorship of an educational, athletic, or other program or activity. When appropriate, the agreement may allow the outside entity to advertise or promote its business, product, or service in district publications or on district property or web sites.

(cf. 1113 - District and School Web Sites)

(cf. 1700 - Relations Between Private Industry and the Schools)

(cf. 3312 - Contracts)

(cf. 6145.2 - Athletic Competition)

Every sponsorship agreement shall be in writing and shall be approved by the Board. The Board shall ensure that the district's relationship and arrangement with the sponsor are consistent with the district's mission, values, and goals. Any advertising or promotional message, image, or other depiction to be used by the sponsor shall meet the standards set for commercial advertising on district property and in district-sponsored publications in accordance with BP 1325 - Advertising and Promotion.

Each sponsorship agreement shall contain statements including, but not limited to:

1. The purpose of the relationship with the sponsor, details of the benefits to the district, and how the benefits will be distributed
2. The duration of the agreement and the roles, expectations, rights, and responsibilities of the district and the sponsor, including whether and to what extent the sponsor is allowed to advertise or promote its products and/or services
3. The authority of the Board to retain exclusive right over the use of the district's name, logo, and other proprietary information and the requirement that the sponsor obtain prior approval of the Board before using such information
4. The prohibition against the collection or distribution of students' personal information except as allowed by law

GIFTS, GRANTS AND BEQUESTS (continued)

5. The authority of the Board to terminate the agreement without any penalty or sanction to the district if the sponsor's message, business, or product becomes inconsistent with the district's vision, mission, or goals or the sponsor engages in any prohibited activity

(cf. 5022 - Student and Family Privacy Rights)

(cf. 5125 - Student Records)

Online Fundraising

Note: The following **optional** section addresses the practice of using a crowdfunding Internet platform (e.g., GoFundMe, PledgeCents, Donors Choose, etc.) to raise funds for district, school, or classroom projects or equipment and may be revised to reflect district practice.

Any person or entity who wishes to conduct an online fundraising campaign, including a crowdfunding campaign, for the benefit of the district, a school, or a classroom shall submit a written request for prior approval to the Superintendent or designee. Approval of requests shall take into consideration compatibility with the district's vision and goals, core beliefs, instructional priorities, and infrastructure; the manner in which donations are collected and distributed; equity of the use of funds; and any other factors deemed relevant or appropriate by the district.

Any person or entity approved to conduct an online fundraising campaign shall comply with relevant district policies and procedures, including ensuring financial transparency in describing the purpose and use of the funds and protecting student privacy as applicable. Such person or entity shall specify that the district, rather than a staff member, classroom, or school, will own the funded resources.

Funds raised by an online fundraising campaign and donated to the district shall be subject to the same terms, criteria for acceptance, and accountability measures as any other donation as specified in this policy.

Appreciation

The Board may show appreciation for any donation to the district in any manner it deems appropriate. Such appreciation may take the form of letters of recognition or Board resolutions; plaques, commendations, or awards; planting of commemorative trees or gardens; or naming or renaming of buildings, grounds, or facilities. Conferment of any such honor shall be in accordance with applicable Board policy.

(cf. 1150 - Commendations and Awards)

(cf. 7310 - Naming of Facility)

GIFTS, GRANTS AND BEQUESTS (continued)

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE

1834 Acquisition of materials and apparatus

35160 Powers and duties

35162 Power to sue, be sued, hold and convey property

41030 School district may invest surplus monies from bequest or gifts

41031 Special fund or account in county treasury

41032 Authority of school board to accept gift or bequest; investments; gift of land requirements

41035 Advisory committee

41036 Function of advisory committee

41037 Rules and regulations

41038 Applicability of other provisions of chapter

Management Resources:

WEB SITES

California Consortium of Education Foundations: <http://www.cceflink.org>

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CSBA Sample

Administrative Regulation

Business and Noninstructional Operations

AR 3320(a)

CLAIMS AND ACTIONS AGAINST THE DISTRICT

Note: The Government Claims Act (Government Code 810-996.6) sets forth prelitigation requirements and deadlines for claims against public entities, including school districts. In City of Stockton v. Superior Court, the California Supreme Court held that the claim requirements in Government Code 900-915.4 also apply to claims for breach of contract.

Because a district's insurance carrier or joint powers authority (JPA) may require the district to comply with certain claims management conditions as part of the district's contractual coverage obligation, it is strongly recommended that this administrative regulation be reviewed for consistency with any applicable conditions of coverage. A district's failure to follow those contractual conditions may result in a loss of coverage benefits. The district's risk manager and legal counsel should also be consulted, as appropriate.

Time Limitations

Note: Items #1-4 below list timelines for claims pursuant to the Government Claims Act and other applicable statutes. As amended by SB 1053 (Ch. 153, Statutes of 2018), Government Code 935 clarifies that the authority of a district to adopt local claims presentation procedures for causes of action which are excepted from the Government Claims Act by Government Code 905 and are not governed by other statutes or regulations does not apply to childhood sexual abuse. Rather, claims for childhood sexual abuse are governed by the timelines and procedures specified in Code of Civil Procedure 340.1.

The following time limitations apply to claims against the district:

1. Claims for money or damages relating to any cause of action which is governed by a statute or regulation, including childhood sexual abuse and other causes of action specifically excepted from the Government Claims Act by Government Code 905, shall be filed in accordance with the governing statute or regulation. (Government Code 905, 935)

Note: Pursuant to Government Code 935, a district may establish its own procedure for the presentation of those claims which are excluded from the Government Claims Act as specified in Government Code 905. **Optional** item #2 below is for use by any district whose board has chosen to exercise the authority to establish district procedures for such claims; see the accompanying Board policy. Item #2 provides six months as the time limitation for filing such claims, which is consistent with the requirement in Government Code 935 that the district's procedure not require a shorter time for presentation of a claim than the time specified in Government Code 911.2. However, the Governing Board has the discretion to adopt a more flexible time limitation and may increase the amount of time allowed for filing such claims. If the Board adopts a more flexible time limitation, item #2 should be revised accordingly.

If a claimant misses a deadline for a claim required to be submitted in accordance with item #2 or #3 below, he/she may present an application to present a late claim pursuant to Government Code 911.4; see section below entitled "Late Claims."

CLAIMS AND ACTIONS AGAINST THE DISTRICT (continued)

2. In accordance with the Board's authority pursuant to Government Code 935, claims for money or damages which relate to any cause of action specifically excepted from the Government Claims Act by Government Code 905 but which are not governed by any other claims presentation statute or regulation shall be filed not later than six months after the accrual of the cause of action. (Government Code 905, 935)
3. Claims for money or damages relating to a cause of action for death or for injury to person, personal property, or growing crops shall be presented to the Governing Board not later than six months after the accrual of the cause of action. (Government Code 911.2)
4. Claims for money or damages relating to any other cause of action shall be filed not later than one year after the accrual of the cause of action. (Government Code 911.2)

Receipt of Claims

A claim, any amendment thereto, or an application to present a late claim shall be deemed presented and received when delivered to the district office or deposited in a post office, mailbox, sub-post office, substation, mail chute, or other similar facility maintained by the U.S. government, in a sealed envelope properly addressed to the district office with postage paid, or when otherwise actually received in the district office or by the Board secretary or clerk. (Government Code 915, 915.2)

Note: In most circumstances, a district's insurance provider or JPA is responsible for claims management, including investigating, defending, and managing a district's response to a claim presented under the Government Claims Act. The following paragraph requires the Superintendent or designee to immediately forward any claims received to the district's JPA or insurance provider in order to help ensure compliance with any conditions of coverage.

Upon receipt of a claim against the district pursuant to the Government Claims Act, the Superintendent or designee shall promptly provide written notice to the district's joint powers authority or insurance carrier in accordance with the applicable conditions of coverage.

Review of Contents of the Claim

Note: Most JPAs and insurance carriers provide a claim form. The person submitting the claim need not use the claim form provided by the district, but, pursuant to Government Code 910 and 910.2, the claim must contain a signature and all of the information listed below.

The Superintendent or designee shall review any claim received to ensure that the claim contains all of the following information as specified in Government Code 910 and 910.2:

1. The name and post office address of the claimant

CLAIMS AND ACTIONS AGAINST THE DISTRICT (continued)

2. The post office address to which the person presenting the claim desires notices to be sent
3. The date, place, and other circumstances of the occurrence or transaction which gave rise to the claim asserted
4. A general description of the indebtedness, obligation, injury, damage, or loss incurred insofar as it may be known at the time of presentation of the claim
5. The name(s) of the district employee(s) causing the injury, damage, or loss if known
6. The amount claimed if it totals less than \$10,000, including the estimated amount of any prospective injury, damage, or loss, insofar as it may be known at the time of the claim, together with the basis of computation of the amount claimed. If the amount claimed exceeds \$10,000, the dollar amount shall not be included in the claim and the claimant shall indicate whether the claim is a limited civil case.
7. The signature of the claimant or the person acting on his/her behalf

Notice of Claim Insufficiency

Note: Pursuant to Government Code 911, if the district, or the JPA or insurance carrier acting on the district's behalf, fails to give notice that the claim is insufficient, as specified below, then the district may not later raise that issue as a defense to the claim.

If a claim is found insufficient or not to satisfy the form requirements under Government Code 910 and 910.2, the Board or its designee shall, within 20 days of receipt of the claim, personally deliver or mail to the claimant, at the address stated in the claim or application, a notice that states the particular defects or omission in the claim. (Government Code 910.8, 915.4)

Note: Districts should be cautious before rejecting a claim because of insufficiency of information and consult legal counsel and/or the district's JPA or insurance provider, as appropriate. Courts have held that a claim is sufficient as long as enough information is disclosed to allow the district to adequately conduct an investigation of the claim's merits.

The Board shall not act upon the claim until at least 15 days after such notice is given. (Government Code 910.8)

Amendment to Claims

Within the time limits provided in the section "Time Limitations" above or prior to final action by the Board, whichever is later, a claim may be amended if, as amended, it relates to the same transaction or occurrence which gave rise to the original claim. (Government Code 910.6)

CLAIMS AND ACTIONS AGAINST THE DISTRICT (continued)**Late Claims**

Note: The reference to item #2 in the following paragraph should be deleted if the district has not established district procedures pursuant to Government Code 935 for claims that are specifically exempted in Government Code 905 or adopted a time limitation that is not less than one year (see the accompanying Board policy and item #2 in the section "Time Limitations" above).

For claims under items #2 and #3 in the section "Time Limitations" above, any person who presents a claim later than six months after the accrual of the cause of action shall present, along with the claim, an application to present a late claim. Such claim and the application to present a late claim shall be presented not later than one year after the accrual of the cause of action. (Government Code 905, 911.4)

Note: If the claim is presented late and is not accompanied by an application to present a late claim, the Board or its agent should notify the claimant that "no action" was taken because the claim was presented late. If the Board were to state that the claim was "rejected," this would indicate that the Board had accepted the filing of the late claim and taken action to reject it.

If the claim is presented late and is not accompanied by an application to present a late claim, the Board or its designee may, within 45 days, give written notice that the claim was not presented timely and that it is being returned without further action. (Government Code 911.3)

The Board shall grant or deny the application to present a late claim within 45 days after it is presented. This 45-day period may be extended by written agreement of the claimant and the Board provided that such agreement is made before the expiration of the 45-day period. (Government Code 911.6)

The Board shall grant the application to present a late claim where one or more of the following conditions are applicable: (Government Code 911.6)

1. The failure to present the claim was through mistake, inadvertence, surprise, or excusable neglect and the district was not prejudiced in its defense regarding the claim by the claimant's failure to present the claim within the time limit.
2. The person who sustained the alleged injury, damage, or loss was a minor during all of the time specified for presentation of the claim.
3. The person who sustained the alleged injury, damage, or loss was physically or mentally incapacitated during all of the time specified for presentation of the claim and the disability was the reason he/she failed to present the claim.
4. The person who sustained the alleged injury, damage, or loss died before the expiration of the time specified for the presentation of the claim.

CLAIMS AND ACTIONS AGAINST THE DISTRICT (continued)

If the application to present a late claim is denied, the claimant shall be given notice in substantially the same form as set forth in Government Code 911.8. (Government Code 911.8)

If the Board does not take action on the application to present a late claim within 45 days, the application shall be deemed to have been denied on the 45th day unless the time period has been extended, in which case it shall be denied on the last day of the period specified in the extension agreement. (Government Code 911.6)

Action on Claims

Note: If the Board formally acts to reject a claim and provides notice of such rejection, the claimant has only six months from the rejection to initiate a lawsuit. If the Board takes no action, the claim is considered to be rejected, but the claimant then has two years to initiate a suit against the district. The notice of rejection must comply with the notification requirements of Government Code 913 unless the claim has no address on it.

Although the Board takes final action on claims as specified below, such action is based on the evaluation of the claim by the district's insurance provider or JPA.

Within 45 days after the presentation or amendment of a claim, the Board shall take action on the claim. This time limit may be extended by written agreement between the district and the claimant before the expiration of the 45-day period. If the 45-day period has expired, the time limit may be extended if legal action has not commenced or been barred by legal limitations. (Government Code 912.4)

The Board may act on the claim in one of the following ways: (Government Code 912.4, 912.6)

1. If the Board finds that the claim is not a proper charge against the district, the claim shall be rejected.
2. If the Board finds that the claim is a proper charge against the district and is for an amount justly due, the claim shall be allowed.
3. If the Board finds that the claim is a proper charge against the district but is for an amount greater than is justly due, the Board shall either reject the claim or allow it in the amount justly due and reject it as to the balance.
4. If legal liability of the district or the amount justly due is disputed, the Board may reject or compromise the claim.
5. If the Board takes no action on the claim, the claim shall be deemed rejected.

CLAIMS AND ACTIONS AGAINST THE DISTRICT (continued)

If the Board allows the claim in whole or in part or compromises the claim and the claimant accepts the amount allowed or offered to settle the claim, the Board may require the claimant to accept it in settlement of the entire claim. (Government Code 912.6)

The Board or its designee shall transmit to the claimant written notice of action taken or of inaction which is deemed rejection. The notice shall be in the form set forth in Government Code 913 and shall either be personally delivered or mailed to the address stated in the claim or application. (Government Code 913, 915.4)

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(3/10 7/18) 10/18

CSBA Sample Administrative Regulation

Business and Noninstructional Operations

AR 3460(a)

FINANCIAL REPORTS AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Interim Reports

Note: Education Code 42130 requires that the district issue two interim fiscal reports; see the accompanying Board policy for information about the use of these reports to certify whether the district will be able to meet its fiscal obligations for the remainder of the fiscal year and, based on current forecasts, for the two subsequent fiscal years.

Each interim fiscal report developed pursuant to Education Code 42130 shall include an assessment of the district budget as revised to reflect current information regarding the adopted state budget, district property tax revenues, if any, and ending balances for the preceding fiscal year. (Education Code 42130, 42131)

Note: Interim reports must be based on the criteria and standards adopted by the State Board of Education (SBE) pursuant to Education Code 33127. These criteria and standards are specified in 5 CCR 15453-15464 and address the areas listed below.

The interim reports shall be based on State Board of Education (SBE) criteria and standards which address fund and cash balances, reserves, deficit spending, estimation of average daily attendance (ADA), projected enrollment, ratio of ADA to enrollment, projected local control funding formula (LCFF) revenue, salaries and benefits, other revenues and expenditures, and facilities maintenance. For purposes of assessing projections of LCFF revenue, the first interim report shall be compared to the adopted district budget, and the second interim report shall be compared to the projections in the first interim report. (Education Code 42130; 5 CCR 15453-15464)

(cf. 3100 - Budget)

(cf. 3220.1 - Lottery Funds)

(cf. 3300 - Expenditures and Purchases)

(cf. 3314 - Payment for Goods and Services)

The report shall also provide supplemental information regarding contingent liabilities, use of one-time revenues for ongoing expenditures, contingent revenues, contributions (i.e., projected contributions from unrestricted general fund resources to restricted general fund resources, projected transfers to or from the general fund to cover operating deficits in the general fund or any other fund, and capital project cost overruns that may impact the general fund budget), long-term commitments, unfunded liabilities, temporary interfund borrowings, the status of labor agreements, and the status of other funds. (Education Code 42130; 5 CCR 15453, 15464)

(cf. 3110 - Transfer of Funds)

FINANCIAL REPORTS AND ACCOUNTABILITY (continued)**Audit Report**

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 41020, each year the district is required to arrange for an independent audit of all the district's funds. The audit must be approved by the Governing Board and submitted to the County Superintendent of Schools, California Department of Education (CDE), and State Controller within specified timelines. See the accompanying Board policy.

The Superintendent or designee shall establish a timetable for the completion and review of the annual audit within the deadlines established by law.

Note: The following paragraph is **optional**. Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 34 contains requirements for the contents of the district's annual audited financial reports.

The Superintendent or designee shall provide the necessary financial records and cooperate with the auditor selected by the Governing Board to ensure that the audit report contains all information required by law and the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 41020, the audit must include an audit of income and expenditures for all district funds, as provided below. Additionally, Education Code 41020 requires that the audit include a determination of whether funds were expended in accordance with the district's local control and accountability plan (LCAP). Pursuant to Education Code 52061, the annual update to the LCAP must list expenditures for specific actions to be taken to achieve the goals in the LCAP, including expenditures for services to English learners, foster youth, and students eligible for free and reduced-price meals. See BP/AR 0460 - Local Control and Accountability Plan for requirements pertaining to the LCAP.

The audit shall include an audit of income and expenditures by source of funds for all funds of the district, including the student body and cafeteria funds and accounts, state and federal grant funds, and any other funds under the control or jurisdiction of the district, as well as an audit of student attendance procedures. The audit shall also include a determination of whether LCFF funds were expended in accordance with the district's local control and accountability plan or an approved annual update of the plan. (Education Code 41020)

(cf. 0460 - Local Control and Accountability Plan)

(cf. 3230 - Federal Grant Funds)

(cf. 3430 - Investing)

(cf. 3451 - Petty Cash Funds)

(cf. 3452 - Student Activity Funds)

(cf. 3551 - Food Service Operations/Cafeteria Fund)

Note: The following **optional** paragraph is for use by districts that elect to participate in the school district of choice program (Education Code 48300-48316); see BP/AR 5117 - Interdistrict Attendance. Pursuant to Education Code 48301, any district that elects to participate in the school district of choice program must ensure that its annual financial audit includes a review of the district's compliance with program requirements to establish a random, unbiased process for student admittance and to provide appropriate and factually accurate parent/guardian communications.

FINANCIAL REPORTS AND ACCOUNTABILITY (continued)

If the district participates in the school district of choice program to accept interdistrict transfers, the Superintendent or designee shall notify the auditor, prior to the commencement of the audit, that the audit must include a review of the district's compliance with specified program requirements. (Education Code 48301)

(cf. 5117 - Interdistrict Attendance)

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 41344 and 41344.1, the district may appeal to the Education Audit Appeals Panel (EAAP) when an audit finding requires the district to repay an apportionment or pay a penalty. If the EAAP finds that there has been substantial compliance with the law, it may waive or reduce repayments or order other remedial measures to induce future compliance.

If an audit finding results in the district being required to repay an apportionment or pay a penalty, the district may appeal the finding to the Education Audit Appeals Panel by making an informal summary appeal within 30 days of receiving the final audit report or initiating a formal appeal within 60 days of receiving the report. (Education Code 41344, 41344.1)

While a public accounting firm is performing the audit of the district, it shall not provide any nonauditing, management, or other consulting services for the district except as provided in Government Auditing Standards, Amendment #3, published by the U.S. Government Accountability Office. (Education Code 41020)

Report on Expenditures of State Facilities Funds

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 41024, as added by AB 99 (Ch. 15, Statutes of 2017) and amended by AB 1808 (Ch. 32, Statutes of 2018), districts that receive state facilities funding pursuant to the Leroy F. Greene School Facilities Act (Education Code 17070.10-17079.30) must annually report a detailed list of all expenditures of state funds, including interest, and of the district's matching funds for completed projects. Education Code 41024 requires that an audit of completed facilities projects be submitted within one year of project completion.

Education Code 41024 requires CDE to provide the Office of Public School Construction with a copy of the audit identifying any adjustments to be made in grant funding as a result of the audit findings. The district may appeal any finding in accordance with the timelines and process specified in Education Code 41344.

When the district participates in the school facilities program pursuant to Education Code 17070.10-17079.30, the Superintendent or designee shall annually report a detailed list of all expenditures of state facilities funds, including interest, and of the district's matching funds for completed projects until all such funds are expended. The report shall identify expenditures on a project-by-project basis, reflect completed projects that were reimbursed within that fiscal year, and clearly indicate the list of projects that have been completed. (Education Code 41024; 2 CCR 1859.104)

FINANCIAL REPORTS AND ACCOUNTABILITY (continued)

Audits of facilities projects shall be concluded within one year of project completion, and shall be included as part of the district's audit for the fiscal year in which the project is reported as completed. A project shall be deemed completed when any of the following conditions is met: (Education Code 41024; 2 CCR 1859.104)

1. When the notice of completion for the project has been filed, all outstanding invoices, claims, and change orders have been satisfied, and the facility is currently in use by the district
2. Three years from the date of the final fund release for an elementary school project
3. Four years from the date of the final fund release for a middle or high school project

Fund Balance

Note: The following **optional** section reflects GASB Statement 54, which addresses the manner in which fund balances in the general fund must be reported in external financial reports. Pursuant to GASB 54, the Board has sole authority to specify purposes of committed funds (item #3 below) and also must express, or delegate the authority to express, intended purposes of resources resulting in the assigned fund balance (item #4 below); see BP 3100 - Budget.

In accordance with GASB Statement 54, external financial reports shall report fund balances in the general fund within the following classifications based on the relative strength of constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

1. Nonspendable fund balance, including amounts that are not expected to be converted to cash, such as resources that are not in a spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact
2. Restricted fund balance, including amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers or by law
3. Committed fund balance, including amounts constrained to specific purposes by the Board
4. Assigned fund balance, including amounts which the Board or its designee intends to use for a specific purpose
5. Unassigned fund balance, including amounts that are available for any purpose

FINANCIAL REPORTS AND ACCOUNTABILITY (continued)**Negative Balance Report**

Note: When applicable, Education Code 42127.5 requires districts to report the reasons for a negative unrestricted fund balance or negative cash balance. "Unrestricted funds" are any funds that are not constrained by law to be spent on specific purposes and which therefore may be spent as the Board deems appropriate. Such funds may be reported in the committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, or unassigned fund balance as provided in items #3-5 in the section "Fund Balance" above.

Whenever the district reports a negative unrestricted fund balance or a negative cash balance in its annual budget or annual audit report, it shall include in the budget a statement that identifies the reasons for the negative unrestricted fund balance or negative cash balance and the steps that have been taken to ensure that the negative balance will not occur at the end of the current fiscal year. (Education Code 42127.5)

Non-Voter-Approved Debt Report

Note: The following section addresses notices regarding the issuance of revenue bonds, certificates of participation, and other non-voter-approved debts. Pursuant to Education Code 17150 and 17150.1, the County Superintendent and county auditor may, within 15 days of receiving these notices from the district, comment publicly to the Board regarding the capability of the district to repay the debt obligation.

Pursuant to Education Code 42133, a district that has a qualified or negative certification in any fiscal year cannot issue non-voter-approved debt in that fiscal year or in the next fiscal year unless the County Superintendent determines that the district's repayment of the debt is probable.

Upon approval by the Board to proceed with the issuance of revenue bonds or any agreement for financing school construction pursuant to Education Code 17170-17199.5, the Superintendent or designee shall notify the County Superintendent of Schools and the county auditor. The Superintendent or designee shall provide the Board, the county auditor, the County Superintendent, and the public with related repayment schedules and evidence of the district's ability to repay the obligation. (Education Code 17150)

(cf. 3470 - *Debt Issuance and Management*)

(cf. 7214 - *General Obligation Bonds*)

When the Board is considering the issuance of certificates of participation and other debt instruments that are secured by real property and do not require the approval of the voters of the district, the Superintendent or designee shall provide notice to the County Superintendent and county auditor no later than 30 days before the Board's approval to proceed with issuance. The Superintendent or designee shall provide the Board, the county auditor, the County Superintendent, and the public with information necessary to assess the anticipated effect of the debt issuance, including related repayment schedules, evidence of the district's ability to repay the obligation, and the issuance costs. (Education Code 17150.1)

FINANCIAL REPORTS AND ACCOUNTABILITY (continued)**Other Postemployment Benefits Report**

Note: The following section reflects GASB Statement 75, which contains reporting requirements pertaining to "other postemployment benefits" (OPEBs) (i.e., medical, dental, vision, hearing, life insurance, long-term care, long-term disability, and other nonpension benefits for retired employees). Under GASB 75, districts that do not provide OPEB through a trust are required to report the total unfunded liability (i.e., OPEBs that are not prefunded), as calculated in the most recent actuary report, in the district's financial statements. The decision of whether to prefund the benefits, and by how much, is at the Board's discretion; see BP 3100 - Budget.

The SBE's criteria and standards for budget adoption (5 CCR 15440-15451) require districts to estimate unfunded OPEBs as well as the unfunded portion of any self-insured benefits program. Changes to the unfunded liabilities are disclosed at interim reporting periods pursuant to 5 CCR 15453 and 15464. These reports are included in the state's standardized account code structure software used to develop budget and interim reports.

CSBA's OPEB Solutions Program provides access to qualified actuaries and consultants and a GASB 75-compliant trust to prefund future obligations. See CSBA's web site for further information.

The following **optional** section may be revised to reflect district practice and should be deleted by districts that do not provide OPEBs.

In accordance with GASB Statement 75, the district's financial statements shall report the expense of nonpension other postemployment benefits (OPEBs) on an accrual basis over retirees' active working lifetime, as determined by a qualified actuary procured by the Superintendent or designee. To the extent that these OPEBs are not prefunded, the district shall report a liability on its financial statements.

(cf. 4154/4254/4354 - *Health and Welfare Benefits*)

(cf. 9250 - *Remuneration, Reimbursement and Other Benefits*)

The Superintendent or designee shall annually present the estimated accrued but unfunded cost of OPEBs and the actuarial report upon which those costs are based at a public meeting of the Board. (Education Code 42140)

Note: Pursuant to GASB 75, the district must arrange for an actuary to update the valuation of its OPEB obligations every two years. However, GASB 75 includes an option for the use of a specified alternative method in lieu of an actuarial valuation for purposes of determining the total OPEB liability for benefits provided through an OPEB plan with fewer than 100 members. Such districts may modify the following paragraph to reflect district practice.

The district's financial obligation for OPEBs shall be reevaluated every two years in accordance with GASB 75.

FINANCIAL REPORTS AND ACCOUNTABILITY (continued)

Workers' Compensation Claims Report

Note: The following **optional** section is for use by districts that are self-insured for workers' compensation claims, either individually or as part of a joint powers agency. See BP 3100 - Budget for provisions related to funding the estimated accrued cost of workers' compensation claims.

The Superintendent or designee shall annually provide the Board, at a public meeting, information and related actuarial reports showing the estimated accrued but unfunded cost of workers' compensation claims. The estimate of costs shall be based on an actuarial report completed at least every three years by a qualified actuary. (Education Code 42141)

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CSBA Sample

Board Policy

Certificated Personnel

BP 4114(a)

TRANSFERS

Note: The following **optional** policy is subject to collective bargaining agreements and should be revised to reflect district practice.

The Governing Board desires that certificated staff be assigned in a manner that equitably distributes highly qualified and experienced teachers, meets the needs of district students, and satisfies staffing requirements at each school. The Superintendent or designee is authorized to assign certificated staff in accordance with district policy and/or the collective bargaining agreement as applicable.

(cf. 0415 - Equity)

(cf. 4030 - Nondiscrimination in Employment)

(cf. 4113 - Assignment)

(cf. 4141/4241- Collective Bargaining Agreement)

Subject to the approval of the Board, the Superintendent or designee may transfer a teacher from one district school to another when he/she determines the transfer is in the best interest of the district. (Education Code 35035)

Voluntary Transfers

The Superintendent or designee may establish processes and deadlines for the submission of transfer requests to facilitate staff assignments with minimal disruption to the educational program.

Upon receipt of a written transfer request by a teacher, the Superintendent or designee may consider the input of the principals at the current school and the requested school, alignment of the teacher's qualifications with needs of students and the school(s), the academic performance of the requested school, and opportunities for the professional growth of the teacher.

(cf. 4112.2 - Certification)

(cf. 4112.22 - Staff Teaching English Learners)

(cf. 4112.23 - Special Education Staff)

After April 15 prior to the school year that a transfer would become effective, no teacher who requests to be transferred to another school shall have priority over other qualified teachers who have applied for positions requiring certification qualifications at that school. (Education Code 35036)

TRANSFERS (continued)

Involuntary Transfers

Involuntary transfers may become necessary when programs are reduced or cancelled, when schools are closed, or when otherwise required in order to accommodate the school's staffing needs.

(cf. 4117.3 - Personnel Reduction)

If a teacher objects to a transfer, he/she may request a meeting with the Superintendent or designee and the principal. If dissatisfied with the results of this meeting, the teacher may appeal to the Board. The Board's decision shall be final.

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE

35035 Additional powers and duties of superintendent, transfer authority

35036 Voluntary transfers

35186 Complaint process, teacher vacancy or misassignment

37616 Assignment of teachers to year-round schools

GOVERNMENT CODE

3543.2 Scope of representation

CSBA Sample

Board Policy

Students

BP 5141.6(a)

SCHOOL HEALTH SERVICES

Note: The following **optional** policy should be revised to reflect district practice. This policy addresses the provision of health services at or near school sites (e.g., a school-based or school-linked health center or mobile van) through the employment of or contract with health care professionals or community health centers. Districts maintaining or planning to establish school health services are encouraged to review CSBA's policy brief entitled Expanding Access to School Health Services: Policy Considerations for Governing Boards.

Other CSBA sample policies and/or administrative regulations address specific health requirements and services for students. For example, see BP/AR 5141.21 - Administering Medication and Monitoring Health Conditions, AR 5141.24 - Specialized Health Care Services, BP/AR 5141.3 - Health Examinations, and AR 5141.32 - Health Screening for School Entry.

The Governing Board recognizes that good physical and mental health is critical to a student's ability to learn and believes that all students should have access to comprehensive health services. The district may provide access to health services at or near district schools through the establishment of a school health center and/or mobile van(s) that serve multiple campuses.

The Board and the Superintendent or designee shall collaborate with local and state agencies and health care providers to assess the health needs of students in district schools and the community. Based on the results of this needs assessment and the availability of resources, the Superintendent or designee shall recommend for Board approval the types of health services to be provided by the district.

(cf. 1400 - Relations Between Other Governmental Agencies and the Schools)

(cf. 5131.6 - Alcohol and Other Drugs)

(cf. 5131.61 - Drug Testing)

(cf. 5131.62 - Tobacco)

(cf. 5131.63 - Steroids)

(cf. 5141 - Health Care and Emergencies)

(cf. 5141.21 - Administering Medication and Monitoring Health Conditions)

(cf. 5141.22 - Infectious Diseases)

(cf. 5141.23 - Asthma Management)

(cf. 5141.24 - Specialized Health Care Services)

(cf. 5141.25 - Availability of Condoms)

(cf. 5141.26 - Tuberculosis Testing)

(cf. 5141.3 - Health Examinations)

(cf. 5141.31 - Immunizations)

(cf. 5141.32 - Health Screening for School Entry)

(cf. 5141.33 - Head Lice)

(cf. 5141.4 - Child Abuse Prevention and Reporting)

(cf. 5141.52 - Suicide Prevention)

(cf. 6145.2 - Athletic Competition)

(cf. 6159 - Individualized Education Program)

(cf. 6164.6 - Identification and Education Under Section 504)

SCHOOL HEALTH SERVICES (continued)

Note: School health centers are generally funded by a combination of insurance reimbursements; state, federal, and county grants; district funds; subsidies from community clinics or hospitals; and/or private donations.

Board approval shall be required for any proposed use of district resources and facilities to support school health services. The Superintendent or designee shall identify funding opportunities available through grant programs, private foundations, and partnerships with local agencies and organizations.

(cf. 1260 - Educational Foundation)

(cf. 1330.1 - Joint Use Agreement)

(cf. 3100 - Budget)

(cf. 7000 - Facilities Master Plan)

Note: The following **optional** paragraph may be revised to reflect district practice.

The Board may prioritize school health services to schools serving students with the greatest need, including schools with medically underserved populations and/or a high percentage of low-income and uninsured children and youth.

(cf. 0415 - Equity)

School health services shall be provided under the supervision of a licensed health care professional. The Board may employ or contract with health care professionals or partner with community health centers to provide the services under the terms of a written contract or memorandum of understanding.

(cf. 3312 - Contracts)

If a school nurse is employed by the school or district, he/she shall be involved in planning and implementing the school health services as appropriate.

Note: The following **optional** paragraph may be revised to reflect district practice. The California Department of Education's Health Framework for California Public Schools recommends a coordinated school health approach which integrates health services, health education, physical education, parent/community involvement, nutrition services, psychological and counseling services, a safe and healthy school environment, and health promotion for staff.

The Superintendent or designee shall coordinate the provision of school health services with other student wellness initiatives, including health education, nutrition and physical fitness programs, and other activities designed to create a healthy school environment. The Superintendent or designee shall encourage joint planning and regular communications among health services staff, district administrators, teachers, counselors, other staff, and parents/guardians.

SCHOOL HEALTH SERVICES (continued)

(cf. 3550 - Food Service/Child Nutrition Program)

(cf. 5030 - Student Wellness)

(cf. 6142.7 - Physical Education and Activity)

(cf. 6142.8 - Comprehensive Health Education)

(cf. 6164.2 - Counseling/Guidance Services)

Note: The following **optional** paragraph is for use by districts that choose to engage in outreach and enrollment efforts to encourage eligible students' participation in no-cost or low-cost health coverage programs.

Education Code 49557.2 authorizes the district to include on the application for free and reduced-price meals information about the Medi-Cal program and a student's potential eligibility. Pursuant to Education Code 49558, districts may release information on the free and reduced-price meals application to the local agency that determines eligibility under the Medi-Cal program, provided that the student is approved for free meals and the parent/guardian consents to the sharing of information. See BP/AR 3553 - Free and Reduced Price Meals.

To further encourage student access to health care services, the Superintendent or designee shall develop and implement outreach strategies to increase enrollment of eligible students from low- to moderate-income families in affordable, comprehensive state or federal health coverage programs and local health initiatives. Such strategies may include, but are not limited to, providing information about the Medi-Cal program on the application for free and reduced-price meals in accordance with law.

(cf. 3553 - Free and Reduced Price Meals)

Consent and Confidentiality

Note: Parent/guardian consent is generally required prior to providing health services to a minor student. However, Family Code 6920-6929 specify exceptions under which minors do not need parent/guardian consent prior to receiving services, including an exception for a minor age 12 years or older to consent to medical care related to the prevention of a sexually transmitted disease. In addition, Health and Safety Code 124260 allows a minor age 12 or older to consent to outpatient mental health services if, in the opinion of a professional person, as defined, the minor is mature enough to participate intelligently in the mental health treatment or counseling services. In this case, the child's parent/guardian must be involved unless the professional person determines it would be inappropriate.

The Superintendent or designee shall obtain written parent/guardian consent prior to providing services to a student, except when the student is authorized to consent to the service pursuant to Family Code 6920-6929, Health and Safety Code 124260, or other applicable law.

Note: The Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) (45 CFR 164.500-164.534) mandates actions that "covered entities" must take to protect the privacy of an individual's health information. Generally, entities covered by HIPAA may release or receive "protected health information" about an individual only if that individual gives permission or the Act expressly permits its release. Districts with questions about the applicability of HIPAA should consult legal counsel as appropriate.

SCHOOL HEALTH SERVICES (continued)

In addition, 22 CCR 51270 requires districts serving as Medi-Cal providers (see section entitled "Payment/Reimbursement for Services" below) to comply with confidentiality requirements specified in Education Code 49073-49079, Welfare and Institutions Code 14100.2, 22 CCR 51009, 42 USC 1320c-9, and 42 CFR 431.300.

The Superintendent or designee shall maintain the confidentiality of student health records in accordance with law.

(cf. 5125 - Student Records)

Payment/Reimbursement for Services

Note: Some school health services, such as medical and related services specified in an individualized education program for students with disabilities, must be provided free of charge. For other services, districts may charge a fee and are entitled to seek third-party reimbursement from students' private insurance and state or federal programs such as Medi-Cal or the Child Health and Disability Prevention program. See the accompanying administrative regulation.

The Superintendent or designee may bill public and private insurance programs and other applicable programs for reimbursement of services as appropriate. Services may be provided free of charge or on a sliding scale in accordance with law.

(cf. 5143 - Insurance)

Note: The following **optional** paragraph is for use by districts that have received approval from the California Department of Health Care Services to serve as Medi-Cal providers. Pursuant to Welfare and Institutions Code 14132.06 and 22 CCR 51051 and 51190.1, to the extent that federal funding is available, local educational agencies (LEAs) may receive partial Medi-Cal reimbursement through the LEA Medi-Cal Billing Option for health services provided to an enrolled student under age 22 who is certified for Medi-Cal and/or a member of the student's family. In addition, pursuant to Welfare and Institutions Code 14132.47, LEAs may be reimbursed through the Medi-Cal Administrative Activities (MAA) program for some of their administrative costs associated with school-based health and outreach activities that are not claimable under the LEA Medi-Cal Billing Option or other programs. See the accompanying administrative regulation.

Districts may receive assistance with Medi-Cal billing through CSBA's Practi-Cal program. See CSBA's web site for further information.

The district shall serve as a Medi-Cal provider to the extent feasible, comply with all related legal requirements, and seek reimbursement of costs to the extent allowed by law.

Program Evaluation

In order to continuously improve school health services, the Board shall evaluate the effectiveness of such services and the extent to which they continue to meet student needs.

SCHOOL HEALTH SERVICES (continued)

The Superintendent or designee shall provide the Board with periodic reports that may include, but are not necessarily limited to, rates of participation in school health services; changes in student outcomes such as school attendance or achievement; measures of school climate; feedback from staff and participants regarding program accessibility and operations, including accessibility to low-income and linguistically and culturally diverse students and families; and program costs and revenues.

(cf. 0500 - Accountability)

Legal Reference: (see next page)

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SCHOOL HEALTH SERVICES (continued)

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE

49073-49079 Privacy of student records

49423.5 Specialized physical health care services

49557.2-49558 Eligibility for free and reduced-price meals; sharing information with Medi-Cal

FAMILY CODE

6920-6929 Consent by minor for medical treatment

GOVERNMENT CODE

95020 Individualized family service plan

HEALTH AND SAFETY CODE

104830-104865 School-based application of fluoride or other tooth decay-inhibiting agent

121020 HIV/AIDS testing and treatment; parental consent for minor under age 12

123110 Minor's right to access health records

123115 Limitation on parent/guardian access to minor's health records

123800-123995 California Children's Services Act

124025-124110 Child Health and Disability Prevention Program

124172-124174.6 Public School Health Center Support Program

124260 Mental health services; consent by minors age 12 and older

130300-130317 Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA)

WELFARE AND INSTITUTIONS CODE

14059.5 Definition of "medically necessary"

14100.2 Confidentiality of Medi-Cal information

14115 Medi-Cal claims process

14115.8 LEA Medi-Cal Billing Option, program guide

14124.90 Third-party health coverage

14132.06 Covered benefits; health services provided by local educational agencies

14132.47 Administrative claiming process and targeted case management

CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 17

2951 Testing standards for hearing tests

6800-6874 Child Health and Disability Prevention Program

CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 22

51009 Confidentiality

51050-51192 Definitions of Medi-Cal providers and services

51200 Requirements for providers

51231.2 Wheelchair van requirements

51270 Local educational agency provider; conditions for participation

51304 Limitations on specified benefits

51309 Psychology, physical therapy, occupational therapy, speech pathology, audiological services

51323 Medical transportation services

51351 Targeted case management services

51360 Local educational agency; types of services

51491 Local educational agency eligibility for payment

51535.5 Reimbursement to local educational agency providers

UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 20

1232g Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA)

UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 42

1320c-9 Prohibition against disclosure of records

1397aa-1397mm State Children's Health Insurance Program

Legal Reference continued: (see next page)

SCHOOL HEALTH SERVICES (continued)

Legal Reference: (continued)

CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS, TITLE 42

431.300 *Use and disclosure of information on Medicaid applicants and recipients*

CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS, TITLE 45

164.500-164.534 *Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA)*

Management Resources:

CSBA PUBLICATIONS

Expanding Access to School Health Services: Policy Considerations for Governing Boards, Policy Brief, November 2008

Promoting Oral Health for California's Students: New Role, New Opportunities for Schools, Policy Brief, November 2008

CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION PUBLICATIONS

Health Framework for California Public Schools, Kindergarten Through Grade Twelve

CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH CARE SERVICES PUBLICATIONS

California School-Based Medi-Cal Administrative Activities Manual

LEA Medi-Cal Provider Manual

CALIFORNIA SCHOOL-BASED HEALTH ALLIANCE PUBLICATIONS

How to Fund Health Services in Your School District, September 2014

Documenting the Link Between School-Based Health Centers and Academic Success, May 2014

NATIONAL CENTER FOR YOUTH LAW PUBLICATIONS

Confidential Medical Release: Frequently Asked Questions from Schools and Districts, November 2015

WEB SITES

CSBA: <http://www.csba.org>

CSBA, Practi-Cal Program: <http://www.csba.org/ProductsAndServices/AllServices/PractiCal>

California County Superintendents Educational Services Association: <http://www.ccsesa.org>

California Department of Education, Health Services and School Nursing:

<http://www.cde.ca.gov/ls/he/ln>

California Department of Health Care Services: <http://www.dhcs.ca.gov>

California Department of Public Health: <http://www.cdph.ca.gov>

California School-Based Health Alliance: <http://www.schoolhealthcenters.org>

California School Nurses Organization: <http://www.csno.org>

Center for Health and Health Care in Schools: <http://www.healthinschools.org>

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, School Health Policies and Programs (SHPPS) Study:

<http://www.cdc.gov/HealthyYouth/shpps>

Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services: <http://www.cms.hhs.gov>

National Center for Youth Law: <http://www.youthlaw.org>

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CSBA Sample Administrative Regulation

Students

AR 5141.6(a)

SCHOOL HEALTH SERVICES

Types of Health Services

Note: The following optional section may be revised to reflect district practice.
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In accordance with student and community needs and available resources, school health services offered by the district may include, but are not limited to:

1. Health screenings, evaluations, and assessments of students' need for health services
2. Physical examinations, immunizations, and other preventive medical services

(cf. 5141.26 - Tuberculosis Testing)

(cf. 5141.3 - Health Examinations)

(cf. 5141.31 - Immunizations)

(cf. 5141.32 - Health Screening for School Entry)

3. First aid and administration of medications

(cf. 5141.21 - Administering Medication and Monitoring Health Conditions)

4. Diagnosis and treatment of minor injuries and acute medical conditions

5. Management of chronic medical conditions

(cf. 5141.23 - Asthma Management)

6. Basic laboratory tests

7. Emergency response procedures

(cf. 5141 - Health Care and Emergencies)

8. Nutrition services

(cf. 3550 - Food Service/Child Nutrition Program)

(cf. 5030 - Student Wellness)

9. Oral health services that may include preventive services, basic restorative services, and referral to specialty services

SCHOOL HEALTH SERVICES (continued)

Note: Pursuant to Health and Safety Code 104830-104865, elementary and secondary students must be offered an opportunity each school year to receive a topical application of fluoride or other decay-inhibiting agent by a dentist or dental assistant, under a program organized and operated by the county health officer. Districts are required to cooperate with the county health officer in carrying out the program in any school in their jurisdiction and to provide notification to parents/guardians regarding the availability of the program, as provided below.

The Superintendent or designee shall notify all parents/guardians of the opportunity pursuant to Health and Safety Code 104830-104865 for their child to receive the topical application of fluoride, including fluoride varnish, or other decay-inhibiting agent to the teeth during the school year. Such application of fluoride or other decay-inhibiting agent shall only be provided to a student whose parent/guardian returns the notification with an indication consenting to the treatment. (Health and Safety Code 104830, 104850, 104855)

(cf. 5145.6 - Parental Notifications)

10. Mental health services, which may include assessments, crisis intervention, counseling, treatment, and referral to a continuum of services including emergency psychiatric care, community support programs, inpatient care, and outpatient programs

(cf. 5141.52 - Suicide Prevention)

(cf. 6164.2 - Counseling/Guidance Services)

11. Substance abuse prevention and intervention services

(cf. 5131.6 - Alcohol and Other Drugs)

(cf. 5131.62 - Tobacco)

(cf. 5131.63 - Steroids)

12. Vision and audiology services

13. Speech therapy

14. Occupational therapy

15. Physical therapy

Note: Item #16 may be deleted by districts that offer only elementary grades.

16. Reproductive health services

(cf. 5141.25 - Availability of Condoms)

SCHOOL HEALTH SERVICES (continued)

17. Specialized health care services for students with disabilities

(cf. 5141.24 - *Specialized Health Care Services*)

(cf. 6159 - *Individualized Education Program*)

18. Medical transportation

19. Targeted case management

20. Referrals and linkage to services not offered on-site

21. Public health and disease surveillance

22. Individual and family health education

23. School or districtwide health promotion

Medi-Cal Billing

Note: The following **optional** section is for use by districts that have contracted with the California Department of Health Care Services (DHCS) in order to provide services as a Medi-Cal provider as authorized by Welfare and Institutions Code 14132.06; see the accompanying Board policy. To the extent that the district contracts with health care practitioners or clinics to provide the services, the practitioner or clinic is considered the provider of services and is the entity billing and receiving Medi-Cal payments for services.

Welfare and Institutions Code 1415.8, as amended by AB 3192 (Ch. 658, Statutes of 2018), requires DHCS, by January 1, 2020, to develop and distribute a program guide containing information regarding processes, documentation, and the proper submission of claims under the LEA Medi-Cal Billing Option program.

In order to provide services as a Medi-Cal provider, the district shall enter into and maintain a contract with the California Department of Health Care Services (DHCS). (Welfare and Institutions Code 14132.06; 22 CCR 51051, 51270)

Note: With the exception of health care aides who provide specialized physical health care services pursuant to Education Code 49423.5, any practitioner whom the district employs or with whom it contracts must be credentialed to practice as a physician, registered nurse, psychologist, school counselor, or one of the other professions listed in 22 CCR 51190.3 in order for the district to receive Medi-Cal reimbursement.

The Superintendent or designee shall ensure that all practitioners employed by or under contract with the district possess the appropriate license, certification, registration, or credential and provide only those services that are within their scope of practice. (22 CCR 51190.3, 51270, 51491)

SCHOOL HEALTH SERVICES (continued)

Note: Reimbursement under Medi-Cal is limited to the services specified in Welfare and Institutions Code 14132.06 and 22 CCR 51190.4 and 51360. Pursuant to Welfare and Institutions Code 14132.06, services may be reimbursable whether or not the student has an individualized education program (IEP) or individualized family service plan (IFSP) or whether those same services are provided at no charge to the beneficiary or to the community at large.

22 CCR 51360 provides that services for accompanying a student off campus for nursing or school health aide services will be reimbursable when specified as medically necessary in an IEP or IFSP.

The Superintendent or designee shall submit a claim for Medi-Cal reimbursement whenever the district provides a Medi-Cal-eligible student under age 22 and/or a member of the student's family a covered service specified in 22 CCR 51190.4 or 51360. (Welfare and Institutions Code 14132.06; 22 CCR 51096, 51098, 51190.1, 51190.4, 51309, 51360, 51535.5)

The district shall maintain records and supporting documentation including, but not limited to, records of the type and extent of services provided to a Medi-Cal beneficiary in accordance with law. (22 CCR 51270, 51476)

(cf. 3580 - District Records)

(cf. 5125 - Student Records)

Note: 22 CCR 51270 requires federal reimbursements to be reinvested in health and social services for students and their families, as provided below. This requirement does not apply to reimbursements received under the Medi-Cal Administrative Activities (MAA) program described in the following section.

Any federal funds received by the district as reimbursement for the costs of services under the Medi-Cal billing option shall be reinvested in approved services for students and their families. The Superintendent or designee shall consult with a local school-linked services collaborative group regarding decisions on reinvestment of federal funds. (22 CCR 51270)

Note: 22 CCR 51270 requires that districts submit an annual report, as described below, as a condition of continued participation as a Medi-Cal provider. The deadline for this annual report is specified in the program provider participation agreement that districts enter into with DHCS.

The Superintendent or designee shall submit an annual report to DHCS to identify participants in the community collaborative, provide a financial summary including reinvestment expenditures, and describe service priorities for the future. (22 CCR 51270)

Medi-Cal Administrative Activities

Note: The following **optional** section is for use by districts that participate in the MAA program administered by DHCS pursuant to Welfare and Institutions Code 14132.47. Under this program, districts providing Medi-Cal-covered health services may be reimbursed for some of their administrative and outreach costs. This section reflects program requirements described in the California School-Based Medi-Cal Administrative Activities Manual published by DHCS.

Districts may receive assistance with Medi-Cal administrative billing through CSBA's Practi-Cal program. See CSBA's web site for further information.

SCHOOL HEALTH SERVICES (continued)

The district shall apply for reimbursement for activities identified by DHCS which are related to the administration of the Medi-Cal program. Such activities include, but are not limited to, outreach, translation for Medi-Cal services, facilitation of applications, arrangement of nonemergency and nonmedical transportation of eligible individuals, program planning and policy development, claims coordination and administration, training, and general administration.

Appropriate staff shall receive training in administrative claiming categories and related activities.

Note: The district must submit claims through either a local educational agency consortium (i.e., one of the service regions of the California County Superintendent Educational Services Association) or a local governmental agency (i.e., county or chartered city) that has contracted with DHCS. The district may modify the following two paragraphs to reflect the appropriate entity or agency.

To receive reimbursement for Medi-Cal administrative activities, the Superintendent or designee shall, on a quarterly basis, submit an invoice to the local educational consortium or local governmental agency through which the district has contracted.

Note: The MAA program requires randomly selected employees who perform MAA activities as a normal part of their job duties to complete a random-moment time study which is used to determine the work effort of all time study participants over a given time period. Further information regarding the required procedure is available on the DHCS web site.

In addition, the Superintendent or designee shall submit to the local educational consortium or local governmental agency, and shall update each quarter, a roster of all employees who perform direct Medi-Cal services or administrative activities. When notified by the local educational consortium or local governmental agency of the date and time that a random-moment time survey must be conducted by a particular employee, the Superintendent or designee shall coordinate the completion and submission of the survey in accordance with DHCS timelines and procedures.

The Superintendent or designee shall maintain an audit file containing random-moment time survey documentation and other records specified by DHCS. Such documentation shall be kept for three years after the end of the quarter in which expenditures were incurred or, if an audit is in progress, until the completion of the audit.

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CSBA Sample

Board Policy

Students

BP 5144.1(a)

SUSPENSION AND EXPULSION/DUE PROCESS

Note: Education Code 35291 requires the Governing Board to prescribe rules and regulations for maintaining discipline in the schools under its jurisdiction. Education Code 48918 **mandates** the setting of rules and regulations for student expulsion as specified in this Board policy and the accompanying administrative regulation.

While recognizing that suspension or expulsion of students is sometimes necessary, legislative, administrative, regulatory, civic, and educational leaders are united in the belief that instructional time should be used for student learning purposes and that school discipline should be imposed in a way that, as much as possible, does not exclude students from school or limit their ability or opportunity to learn. According to the U.S. Department of Justice's Civil Rights Division (DOJ) and the U.S. Department of Education's Office for Civil Rights (OCR), in their joint January 2014 Dear Colleague Letter on the Nondiscriminatory Administration of School Discipline, studies suggest a correlation between exclusionary discipline policies and practices (such as suspension and expulsion) and an array of serious educational, economic, and social problems, including school avoidance and diminished educational engagement, decreased academic achievement, increased behavior problems, and increased likelihood of dropping out, substance abuse, and involvement with the juvenile justice system. Consequently, they recommend that districts adopt alternative disciplinary measures that provide students with appropriate interventions and supports as a means for preventing and addressing student misbehaviors.

Pursuant to Education Code 48900.5, a district is not authorized to suspend a student for certain specified violations unless the student has been subjected to other means of correction which have failed to bring about proper conduct. Such other means of correction include, but are not limited to, conferences between school personnel and the student and his/her parents/guardians; use of study, guidance, or other intervention teams to develop a plan to address the behavior in partnership with the student; and participation in a restorative justice program. For further information about specific disciplinary strategies, including alternatives to class or school removals, see BP/AR 5144 - Discipline. Education Code 48900.5 authorizes a district to document in a student's records the alternative means of correction used to address the student's behavior. Furthermore, when a student is being suspended by the Superintendent, principal, or designee, Education Code 48911 requires that the student be informed, during the informal conference that precedes the suspension, of the other means of correction that were attempted before the suspension.

The Governing Board desires to provide district students access to educational opportunities in an orderly school environment that protects their safety and security, ensures their welfare and well-being, and promotes their learning and development. The Board shall develop rules and regulations setting the standards of behavior expected of district students and the disciplinary processes and procedures for addressing violations of those standards, including suspension and/or expulsion.

(cf. 5131 - Conduct)

(cf. 5131.1 - Bus Conduct)

(cf. 5131.2 - Bullying)

The grounds for suspension and expulsion and the procedures for considering, recommending, and/or implementing suspension and expulsion shall be only those specified in law, in this policy, and in the accompanying administrative regulation.

SUSPENSION AND EXPULSION/DUE PROCESS (continued)

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 48900(s), a student may be subject to discipline only when the violation is related to a school activity or school attendance as specified below. A student may also be disciplined for a violation committed away from school if it is related to a school activity or to school attendance. For example, Education Code 48900 defines bullying by means of an electronic act as including an act that originates off campus; see the accompanying administrative regulation and BP/AR 5131.2 - Bullying. Another example is the hostile school environment which a victim may suffer from sexual harassment that occurs off campus; see BP/AR 5145.7 - Sexual Harassment.

Except when otherwise permitted by law, a student may be suspended or expelled only when his/her behavior is related to a school activity or school attendance occurring within any district school or another school district, regardless of when it occurs, including, but not limited to, the following: (Education Code 48900(s))

1. While on school grounds
2. While going to or coming from school
3. During the lunch period, whether on or off the school campus
(*cf. 5112.5 - Open/Closed Campus*)
4. During, going to, or coming from a school-sponsored activity

Note: The following paragraph addresses the problem of unlawful discrimination in the administration of student discipline. In their joint January 2014 Dear Colleague Letter on the Nondiscriminatory Administration of School Discipline, DOJ and OCR noted that, based on the civil rights data collection conducted by OCR, students of certain racial or ethnic groups tended to be disciplined more, and sometimes more harshly, than their similarly situated peers in violation of federal nondiscrimination laws. The letter warned that any district determined to have engaged in unlawful discrimination could be subject to OCR investigation and significant remedial action.

District staff shall enforce the rules concerning suspension and expulsion of students fairly, consistently, equally, and in accordance with the district's nondiscrimination policies.

(*cf. 0410 - Nondiscrimination in District Programs and Activities*)

Appropriate Use of Suspension Authority

Note: Education Code 48900.5 requires districts to use other means of correction instead of suspension or expulsion except when a student commits certain enumerated offenses. The following section reflects legislative intent regarding appropriate use of suspension as a means of disciplining students and may be modified to reflect district practice.

Except when a student's act violates Education Code 48900(a)-(e), as listed in items #1-5 under "Grounds for Suspension and Expulsion: Grades K-12" of the accompanying

SUSPENSION AND EXPULSION/DUE PROCESS (continued)

administrative regulation, or when his/her presence causes a danger to others, suspension shall be used only when other means of correction have failed to bring about proper conduct. (Education Code 48900.5, 48900.6)

(cf. 5138 - Conflict Resolution/Peer Mediation)

(cf. 5144 - Discipline)

(cf. 6142.4 - Service Learning/Community Service Classes)

(cf. 6164.2 - Guidance/Counseling Services)

(cf. 6164.5 - Student Success Teams)

Note: The following **optional** paragraph may be revised to reflect district practice.

A student's parents/guardians shall be notified as soon as possible when there is an escalating pattern of misbehavior that could lead to on-campus or off-campus suspension.

Note: Education Code 48900(k) prohibits a district from suspending students in grades K-3 for disruption or willful defiance and authorizes, but does not require, a district to suspend students in grades 4-12 for disruption or willful defiance. Even with this authority, districts should be careful in using these grounds, as available data have indicated a disproportionate use with certain student subgroups. Option 1 below is for use by any district that chooses to suspend students in grades 4-12 for disruption and/or willful defiance as authorized pursuant to Education Code 48900(k). Any district that chooses to eliminate disruption and willful defiance as reasons for suspending any of its students from school should select Option 2 below. Such districts should also delete the first paragraph in the section titled "Additional Grounds for Suspension and Expulsion: Grades 4-12" in the accompanying administrative regulation.

Each option below reflects an exception granted to teachers pursuant to Education Code 48910 to suspend students, including a K-3 student, from class; see section "Suspension from Class by a Teacher" in the accompanying administrative regulation.

OPTION 1: No student in grades K-3 may be suspended for disruption or willful defiance, except by a teacher pursuant to Education Code 48910. (Education Code 48900)

OPTION 2: No student may be suspended for disruption or willful defiance, except by a teacher pursuant to Education Code 48910. (Education Code 48900)

Note: The following **optional** paragraph reflects the Legislature's intent, expressed in Education Code 48900, concerning disciplinary actions against truant, tardy, or absent students. Since these are not enumerated offenses, a district does not have the authority to suspend or expel students for committing any of these acts.

Students shall not be suspended or expelled for truancy, tardiness, or absenteeism from assigned school activities.

(cf. 5113 - Absences and Excuses)

(cf. 5113.1 - Chronic Absence and Truancy)

SUSPENSION AND EXPULSION/DUE PROCESS (continued)**On-Campus Suspension**

Note: As an alternative to off-campus suspension, Education Code 48911.1 authorizes a supervised suspension classroom program for students who pose no imminent danger to anyone at school and who have not been recommended for expulsion, as specified below. Education Code 48911.2 states that, if the number of students suspended during the prior year exceeds 30 percent of the school's enrollment, the district should consider implementing this program and/or another on-campus progressive discipline program.

The following **optional** section is for use by districts implementing a supervised suspension classroom program. Such districts may continue to claim funding apportionments for students so assigned, provided they meet specific criteria which are set forth under "Supervised Suspension Classroom" in the accompanying administrative regulation. A district does not receive funding for off-campus suspensions.

To ensure the proper supervision and ongoing learning of students who are suspended for any of the reasons enumerated in Education Code 48900 and 48900.2, but who pose no imminent danger or threat to anyone at school and for whom expulsion proceedings have not been initiated, the Superintendent or designee shall establish a supervised suspension classroom program which meets the requirements of law.

Except where a supervised suspension is permitted by law for a student's first offense, supervised suspension shall be imposed only when other means of correction have failed to bring about proper conduct. (Education Code 48900.5)

Authority to Expel

A student may be expelled only by the Board. (Education Code 48918(j))

As required by law, the Superintendent or principal shall recommend expulsion and the Board shall expel any student found to have committed any of the following "mandatory recommendation and mandatory expulsion" acts at school or at a school activity off school grounds: (Education Code 48915)

1. Possessing a firearm which is not an imitation firearm, as verified by a certificated employee, unless the student had obtained prior written permission to possess the item from a certificated school employee, with the principal or designee's concurrence

(cf. 5131.7 - Weapons and Dangerous Instruments)

2. Selling or otherwise furnishing a firearm
3. Brandishing a knife at another person
4. Unlawfully selling a controlled substance listed in Health and Safety Code 11053-11058

SUSPENSION AND EXPULSION/DUE PROCESS (continued)

5. Committing or attempting to commit a sexual assault as defined in Penal Code 261, 266c, 286, 288, 288a, or 289, or committing a sexual battery as defined in Penal Code 243.4
6. Possessing an explosive as defined in 18 USC 921

For all other violations listed in the accompanying administrative regulation under "Grounds for Suspension and Expulsion: Grades K-12" and "Additional Grounds for Suspension and Expulsion: Grades 4-12," the Superintendent or principal shall have the discretion to recommend expulsion of a student. If expulsion is recommended, the Board shall order the student expelled only if it makes a finding of either or both of the following: (Education Code 48915(b) and (e))

1. That other means of correction are not feasible or have repeatedly failed to bring about proper conduct
2. That due to the nature of the violation, the presence of the student causes a continuing danger to the physical safety of the student or others

A vote to expel a student shall be taken in an open session of a Board meeting.

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 48917, the Board may decide to suspend the enforcement of an order for expulsion as long as a student satisfies specific conditions. See the accompanying administrative regulation for criteria. In addition, the Attorney General opined in 80 Ops.Cal.Atty.Gen. 85 (1997) that the enforcement of an expulsion order may be suspended even in those cases where the student has committed an offense for which expulsion is required by law. Legal counsel should be consulted as appropriate.

The Board may vote to suspend the enforcement of the expulsion order pursuant to the requirements of law and the accompanying administrative regulation. (Education Code 48917)

No student shall be expelled for disruption or willful defiance. (Education Code 48900)

Note: The following paragraph is for use by districts that contract with the California Department of Education (CDE) to operate a California State Preschool Program. Education Code 8239.1, as added by AB 752 (Ch. 708, Statutes of 2017), prohibits the expulsion or disenrollment of a child in a preschool program unless the district has taken specified steps and the child's continued enrollment would present a serious safety threat to the child or other enrolled children. For further details regarding the steps the district must take prior to expelling a child, see BP 5148.3 - Preschool/Early Childhood Education.

No child enrolled in a preschool program shall be expelled except under limited circumstances as specified in AR 5148.3 - Preschool/Early Childhood Education.

(cf. 5148.3 - Preschool/Early Childhood Education)

SUSPENSION AND EXPULSION/DUE PROCESS (continued)**Due Process**

The Board shall provide for the fair and equitable treatment of students facing suspension and/or expulsion by affording them their due process rights under the law. The Superintendent or designee shall comply with procedures for notices, hearings, and appeals as specified in law and administrative regulation. (Education Code 48911, 48915, 48915.5, 48918)

(cf. 5119 - Students Expelled from Other Districts)

(cf. 5144.2 - Suspension and Expulsion/Due Process (Students with Disabilities))

Maintenance and Monitoring of Outcome Data

Note: Education Code 48900.8 and 48916.1 require the district to maintain data related to suspensions and expulsions as provided below. Pursuant to Education Code 48916.1, the Superintendent of Public Instruction may require submission of such data as part of the Federal Program Monitoring process. In addition, 20 USC 7961 requires districts to submit to the CDE a description of the circumstances surrounding any expulsions based on bringing or possessing a firearm on campus, including the name of the school, the number of students expelled, and the type of firearms involved.

The Superintendent or designee shall maintain outcome data related to student suspensions and expulsions in accordance with Education Code 48900.8 and 48916.1, including, but not limited to, the number of students recommended for expulsion, the grounds for each recommended expulsion, the actions taken by the Board, the types of referral made after each expulsion, and the disposition of the students after the expulsion period. For any expulsion that involves the possession of a firearm, such data shall include the name of the school and the type of firearm involved, as required pursuant to 20 USC 7961. Suspension and expulsion data shall be reported to the Board annually and to the California Department of Education when so required.

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 52060, districts are required to address school climate in the local control and accountability plan, as measured by student suspension and expulsion rates and other local measures for each school and each numerically significant student subgroup. As defined in Education Code 52052, numerically significant subgroups include ethnic subgroups, socioeconomically disadvantaged students, English learners, students with disabilities, foster youth, and homeless students, when there are at least 30 students in the subgroup or at least 15 foster youth or homeless students.

In presenting the report to the Board, the Superintendent or designee shall disaggregate data on suspensions and expulsions by school and by numerically significant student subgroups, including, but not limited to, ethnic subgroups, socioeconomically disadvantaged students, English learners, students with disabilities, foster youth, and homeless students. Based on the data, the Board shall address any identified disparities in the imposition of student discipline and shall determine whether and how the district is meeting its goals for improving school climate as specified in its local control and accountability plan.

SUSPENSION AND EXPULSION/DUE PROCESS (continued)

(cf. 0460 - Local Control and Accountability Plan)

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE

212.5 Sexual harassment

233 Hate violence

1981-1981.5 Enrollment of students in community school

8239.1 Prohibition against expulsion of preschool student

17292.5 Program for expelled students

32261 Interagency School Safety Demonstration Act of 1985

35145 Open board meetings

35146 Closed sessions (regarding suspensions)

35291 Rules (for government and discipline of schools)

35291.5 Rules and procedures on school discipline

48645.5 Readmission; contact with juvenile justice system

48660-48666 Community day schools

48853.5 Foster youth

48900-48927 Suspension and expulsion

48950 Speech and other communication

48980 Parental notifications

49073-49079 Privacy of student records

52052 Numerically significant student subgroups

52060-52077 Local control and accountability plan

64000-64001 Consolidated application

CIVIL CODE

47 Privileged communication

48.8 Defamation liability

CODE OF CIVIL PROCEDURE

1985-1997 Subpoenas; means of production

GOVERNMENT CODE

11455.20 Contempt

54950-54963 Ralph M. Brown Act

HEALTH AND SAFETY CODE

11014.5 Drug paraphernalia

11053-11058 Standards and schedules

LABOR CODE

230.7 Employee time off to appear in school on behalf of a child

PENAL CODE

31 Principal of a crime, defined

240 Assault defined

241.2 Assault fines

242 Battery defined

243.2 Battery on school property

243.4 Sexual battery

245 Assault with deadly weapon

Legal Reference continued: (see next page)

SUSPENSION AND EXPULSION/DUE PROCESS (continued)

Legal Reference: (continued)

PENAL CODE (continued)

245.6 Hazing

261 Rape defined

266c Unlawful sexual intercourse

286 Sodomy defined

288 Lewd or lascivious acts with child under age 14

288a Oral copulation

289 Penetration of genital or anal openings

417.27 Laser pointers

422.55 Hate crime defined

422.6 Interference with exercise of civil rights

422.7 Aggravating factors for punishment

422.75 Enhanced penalties for hate crimes

626.2 Entry upon campus after written notice of suspension or dismissal without permission

626.9 Gun-Free School Zone Act of 1995

626.10 Dirks, daggers, knives, razors, or stun guns

868.5 Supporting person; attendance during testimony of witness

WELFARE AND INSTITUTIONS CODE

729.6 Counseling

UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 18

921 Definitions, firearm

UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 20

1415(K) Placement in alternative educational setting

7961 Gun-free schools

UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 42

11432-11435 Education of homeless children and youths

COURT DECISIONS

T.H. v. San Diego Unified School District (2004) 122 Cal. App. 4th 1267

Woodbury v. Dempsey (2003) 108 Cal. App. 4th 421

Board of Education of Sacramento City Unified School District v. Sacramento County Board of Education and Kenneth H. (2001) 85 Cal.App.4th 1321

Fremont Union High School District v. Santa Clara County Board (1991) 235 Cal. App. 3d 118

Garcia v. Los Angeles Board of Education (1991) 123 Cal. App. 3d 807

John A. v. San Bernardino School District (1982) 33 Cal. 3d 301

ATTORNEY GENERAL OPINIONS

84 Ops. Cal. Atty. Gen. 146 (2001)

80 Ops. Cal. Atty. Gen. 348 (1997)

80 Ops. Cal. Atty. Gen. 91 (1997)

80 Ops. Cal. Atty. Gen. 85 (1997)

Management Resources: (see next page)

SUSPENSION AND EXPULSION/DUE PROCESS (continued)

Management Resources:

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION, OFFICE FOR CIVIL RIGHTS PUBLICATIONS

Dear Colleague Letter on the Nondiscriminatory Administration of School Discipline, January 2014

WEB SITES

CSBA: <http://www.csba.org>

California Attorney General's Office: <http://www.oag.ca.gov>

California Department of Education: <http://www.cde.ca.gov>

U.S. Department of Education, Office for Civil Rights:

<http://www.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ocr/docs/crdc-2012-data-summary.pdf>

U.S. Department of Education, Office of Safe and Healthy Students:

<http://www2.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ose/osh>

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CSBA Sample

Board Policy

Students

BP 5148.3(a)

PRESCHOOL/EARLY CHILDHOOD EDUCATION

Note: The following **optional** policy may be used by districts that operate their own preschool/early childhood education programs and/or collaborate to provide preschool opportunities within the community. CSBA's publication What Boards of Education Can Do about Kindergarten Readiness provides information about characteristics of effective preschool programs and actions that the district and Governing Board can take to encourage and/or provide high-quality preschool education. Education Code 8492, as added by AB 1808 (Ch. 32, Statutes of 2018), establishes the Early Education Expansion Program to provide grants for the purpose of increasing access to inclusive early care and education programs for children with and without disabilities.

The Governing Board recognizes the value of high-quality preschool experiences to enhance children's social-emotional development, knowledge, skills, abilities, and attributes necessary for a successful transition into the elementary education program. The Board desires to provide children ages 3-4 years access to developmentally appropriate activities in a safe, adequately supervised, and cognitively rich environment.

Note: The following **optional** paragraphs may be used by all districts, regardless of whether they provide their own preschool programs, and may be revised to reflect district practice.

Education Code 8499-8499.7 establish county-level child care and development planning councils, with members selected by the County Board of Supervisors and County Superintendent of Schools, to identify local priorities for child care, including preschool programs, and to develop policies to meet identified needs; see BP 5148 - Child Care and Development. Such councils may also develop centralized student eligibility lists; see section on "Eligibility and Enrollment" in the accompanying administrative regulation.

The Superintendent or designee shall collaborate with the local child care and development planning council, the county office of education, other public agencies, organizations, and/or private preschool providers to assess the availability of preschool programs in the community and the extent to which the community's preschool needs are being met. The Board encourages the development of a comprehensive districtwide and/or countywide plan to increase children's access to high-quality preschool programs.

(cf. 1400 - Relations Between Other Governmental Agencies and the Schools)

(cf. 1700 - Relations Between Private Industry and the Schools)

(cf. 5148 - Child Care and Development)

The Superintendent or designee shall provide information about preschool options in the community to parents/guardians upon request.

District Preschool Programs

Note: The following **optional** section is for use by districts that choose to provide preschool/early childhood education programs for children ages 3-4 years and should be revised to reflect district practice.

PRESCHOOL/EARLY CHILDHOOD EDUCATION (continued)

The district may contract with the California Department of Education (CDE) to offer a program through the California State Preschool Program (CSPP) pursuant to Education Code 8235-8239.1. The CSPP consolidates a number of state programs that serve children ages 3-4, including state preschool programs (Education Code 8235-8237), family literacy programs (Education Code 8238-8238.4), and general child care and development programs to the extent that they serve children ages 3-4 (Education Code 8240-8244). Children ages 3-4 years from low-income or otherwise disadvantaged families may be eligible for subsidized services. See the accompanying administrative regulation for major program requirements for CSPP.

Preschool programs may also receive funding through the state migrant child care and development program (Education Code 8230-8233), child care and development services for children with special needs program (Education Code 8250-8252), federal Head Start program (42 USC 9831-9852), Title I preschool program (20 USC 6311-6322), or other funding sources available to the district.

When the Board determines that it is feasible, the district may contract with the California Department of Education (CDE) to provide preschool services in facilities at or near district schools, either directly or through a subcontract with a public or private provider.

Note: Beginning July 1, 2019 or upon the adoption of emergency regulations, whichever comes first, Health and Safety Code 1596.792, as amended by AB 99 (Ch. 15, Statutes of 2017) and AB 1808 (Ch. 32, Statutes of 2018), exempts CSPP programs from specified licensure and regulation requirements if they are operated in a school building by a school district under contract with CDE. However, such CSPP programs are required to comply with other specified health and safety requirements.

District preschool programs shall comply with all health and safety laws and regulations, including, when applicable, licensure requirements pursuant to 22 CCR 101156.

Note: 5 CCR 18130 specifies the state regulations for child care and development programs that are applicable to CSPP programs, including the requirement in 5 CCR 18271 that the Board approve a written philosophical statement, goals, and objectives addressing each program component specified in 5 CCR 18272-18281. See the accompanying administrative regulation and AR 5148 - Child Care and Development for further information about these required program components.

The Board shall approve, for the district's preschool program, a written philosophical statement, goals, and objectives that reflect the cultural and linguistic characteristics of the families to be served and address the program components specified in 5 CCR 18272-18281 and the accompanying administrative regulation. (5 CCR 18271)

The Board shall set priorities for establishing or expanding services as resources become available, giving consideration to the benefits of providing early education programs for at-risk children and/or children residing in the attendance areas of the lowest performing district schools.

(cf. 6171 - Title I Programs)

PRESCHOOL/EARLY CHILDHOOD EDUCATION (continued)

Preschool classroom needs shall be addressed in the district's facilities master plan, including an assessment as to whether adequate and appropriate space exists on school sites. As necessary, the Superintendent or designee shall provide information to the Board regarding facilities financing options for preschool classrooms and/or facilities available through partnering organizations or agencies.

(cf. 1330.1 - Joint Use Agreements)

(cf. 7110 - Facilities Master Plan)

(cf. 7210 - Facilities Financing)

Because parents/guardians are essential partners in supporting the development of their children, the Superintendent or designee shall involve them in program planning.

(cf. 5020 - Parent Rights and Responsibilities)

(cf. 6020 - Parent Involvement)

Note: The following **optional** paragraph provides for coordination of the preschool program with the transitional kindergarten (TK) program and may be revised to reflect district practice. Pursuant to Education Code 48000, children whose fifth birthday is between September 2 and December 2 must be offered a TK program which operates as the first year of a two-year kindergarten program; see BP 6170.1 - Transitional Kindergarten.

The Superintendent or designee shall coordinate the district's preschool program, transitional kindergarten program (TK), and elementary education program to provide a developmental continuum that builds upon children's growing skills and knowledge.

(cf. 6011 - Academic Standards)

(cf. 6170.1 - Transitional Kindergarten)

Note: CDE has developed voluntary "preschool learning foundations" which describe the knowledge, skills, and competencies that children are expected to exhibit as they complete their first or second year of preschool. These standards address essential skills in the subject areas listed below. The standards and companion preschool curriculum frameworks are available on CDE's web site.

The district's program shall be aligned with preschool learning foundations and curriculum frameworks developed by CDE which identify the knowledge, skills, and competencies that children typically attain as they complete their first or second year of preschool. The program shall be designed to facilitate children's development in essential skills in the areas of language and literacy, mathematics, physical development, health, visual and performing arts, science, history-social science, English language development, and social-emotional development.

The district's preschool program shall provide appropriate services to support the needs of at-risk children.

PRESCHOOL/EARLY CHILDHOOD EDUCATION (continued)

(cf. 0415 - Equity)

(cf. 6164.4 - Identification and Evaluation of Individuals for Special Education)

(cf. 6173 - Education for Homeless Children)

(cf. 6173.1 - Education for Foster Youth)

(cf. 6173.2 - Education of Children of Military Families)

(cf. 6174 - Education for English Learners)

(cf. 6175 - Migrant Education Program)

To maximize the ability of children to succeed in the preschool program, the program shall support children's health through proper nutrition and physical activity and shall provide or make referrals to available health and social services as needed.

(cf. 3550 - Food Services/Child Nutrition Program)

(cf. 5030 - Student Wellness)

(cf. 5141.31 - Immunizations)

(cf. 5141.32 - Health Screening for School Entry)

(cf. 5141.6 - School Health Services)

The district shall encourage volunteerism in the program and shall communicate frequently with parents/guardians of enrolled children regarding their child's progress.

(cf. 1240 - Volunteer Assistance)

Note: The Commission on Teacher Credentialing issues permits for child development program directors, site supervisors, master teachers, teachers, associate teachers, and assistants pursuant to criteria established in Education Code 8360-8370 and 5 CCR 80105-80125. The district may request from CDE a waiver of the qualification requirements for a site supervisor upon demonstration of a compelling need, in accordance with Education Code 8208(aa) and 5 CCR 18295.

Health and Safety Code 1596.7995 requires that employees and volunteers at a day care center be immunized against influenza, pertussis, and measles, with specified exemptions. In addition, Health and Safety Code 1597.055 requires that teachers in a day care center obtain a tuberculosis clearance. See the accompanying administrative regulation.

Education Code 8450 authorizes the district to create a reserve fund and use 10 percent of it for purposes of professional development for CSPP instructional staff. Professional development resources pertaining to preschool/early childhood education are available through CDE and organizations such as the California Preschool Instructional Network.

The Superintendent or designee shall ensure that administrators, teachers, and paraprofessionals in district preschool programs possess the appropriate permit(s) issued by the Commission on Teacher Credentialing, meet any additional qualifications established by the Board, and participate in professional development opportunities designed to continually enhance their knowledge and skills.

(cf. 4112.2 - Certification)

(cf. 4112.4/4212.4/4312.4 - Health Examinations)

(cf. 4112.5/4212.5/4312.5 - Criminal Record Check)

PRESCHOOL/EARLY CHILDHOOD EDUCATION (continued)

(cf. 4131 - Staff Development)

(cf. 4222 - Teacher Aides/Paraprofessionals)

(cf. 4231 - Staff Development)

(cf. 4331 - Staff Development)

Note: Pursuant to 5 CCR 18130, CSPP programs are subject to the requirements of 5 CCR 18105. 5 CCR 18105 **mandates** that districts offering a CSPP program develop written admissions policies and procedures that conform to the requirements of 22 CCR 101218, as provided in the following paragraph. See the accompanying administrative regulation for additional language that fulfills this mandate.

Preschool admissions policies and procedures shall be in writing and available to the public. Such policies and procedures shall include criteria designating those children whose needs can be met by the program and services, the ages of children who will be accepted, program activities, any supplementary services provided, any field trip provisions, any transportation arrangements, food service provisions, and a health examination requirement. (CCR 18105; 22 CCR 101218)

Note: Education Code 8263 and 5 CCR 18106 establish eligibility criteria and priorities for subsidized preschool services, as provided below and in the accompanying administrative regulation.

Eligibility is generally limited to children who reside within district boundaries. However, Education Code 8322 and 5 CCR 18107 authorize the Board to enter into an agreement with the boards of other districts to serve children who reside within those districts. The district may revise the following paragraph to reflect any such agreement approved by the Board.

The Superintendent or designee shall ensure that subsidized preschool is provided to eligible families to the extent that state and/or federal funding is available and shall establish enrollment priorities in accordance with Education Code 8263 and 5 CCR 18106.

Note: The following paragraph is **optional**. Pursuant to Education Code 8235, programs operated under the CSPP are part-day programs only. Education Code 8239 encourages the provision of "wraparound child care services" which combine part-day preschool and general child care services to provide a full day of services for qualifying families. See the accompanying administrative regulation for program requirements.

The Superintendent or designee shall recommend strategies to link the district's preschool program with other available child care and development programs in the district or community in order to assist families whose child care needs extend beyond the length of time that the district's part-day preschool program is offered.

Note: 5 CCR 18279-18281 require an annual evaluation using CDE's standardized "Desired Results for Children and Families" system. The system requires a self-evaluation that includes, but is not limited to, an assessment of the program by staff and the Board, a parent survey, and an environment rating scale using forms selected by CDE. In addition, every three years, CDE conducts a Federal Program Monitoring/Contract Monitoring Review (FPM/CMR) process with each contract agency which reviews compliance with program requirements. The FPM/CMR instrument is available on CDE's web site.

PRESCHOOL/EARLY CHILDHOOD EDUCATION (continued)

Education Code 8203.1 establishes the early learning quality rating and improvement system (QRIS) block grant to support continuous local improvement efforts that increase the number of low-income children in high-quality preschool programs. Grant funds may be awarded to eligible local consortia, which then allocate funds to districts and other agencies contracting to provide CSPP programs. Pursuant to Education Code 8203.1, QRIS is based on a tiered rating structure with progressively higher quality standards for each tier. It is designed to (1) provide supports and incentives for programs, teachers, and administrators to reach higher levels of quality; (2) monitor and evaluate program impacts on child outcomes; and (3) disseminate information to parents/guardians and the public about program quality. For further information about the QRIS block grant, see CDE's web site and its publication [Dream Big for Our Youngest Children](#).

The Superintendent or designee shall develop and implement an annual plan of evaluation which conforms to state requirements. (5 CCR 18279)

Note: The following paragraph may be revised to reflect programs offered by the district. Education Code 8235.5, as added by AB 1808 (Ch. 32, Statutes of 2018), requires CSPP programs that are exempt from licensing pursuant to Health and Safety Code 1596.792 to utilize district complaint procedures, with modifications as necessary, to resolve any deficiencies related to the CSPP health and safety requirements of Health and Safety Code 1596.7925. The bill summary clarifies that the Williams uniform complaint procedures established pursuant to 5 CCR 4680-4687 are the applicable procedures. See BP/AR 1312.4 - Williams Uniform Complaint Procedures.

The district's Williams uniform complaint procedures, with modifications as necessary, shall be used to investigate and resolve complaints alleging violation of applicable health or safety requirements for license-exempt programs operating under the California State Preschool Program. However, licensed programs shall refer complaints alleging health and safety violations to the California Department of Social Services. (Education Code 8235.5; 5 CCR 4610, 4611)

(cf. 1312.4 - Williams Uniform Complaint Procedures)

The Superintendent or designee shall regularly report to the Board regarding enrollment in district preschool programs and the effectiveness of the programs in preparing preschoolers for transition into the elementary education program.

(cf. 0500 - Accountability)

Legal Reference: (see next page)

PRESCHOOL/EARLY CHILDHOOD EDUCATION (continued)

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE

8200-8499.10 *Child Care and Development Services Act, especially:*
8200-8209 *General provisions for child care and development services*
8230-8233 *Migrant child care and development program*
8235-8239.1 *California State Preschool Program*
8240-8244 *General child care and development programs*
8250-8252 *Programs for children with special needs*
8263 *Eligibility and priorities for subsidized child development services*
8263.3 *Disenrollment of families due to reduced funding levels*
8264.8 *Center-based child care programs, staffing ratios*
8273.1 *Family fees*
8360-8370 *Personnel qualifications*
8400-8409 *Contracts, administrative appeal procedure*
8493-8498 *Facilities, capital outlay*
8499.3-8499.7 *Local child care and development planning councils*
44065 *Interchange between certificated and classified positions*
44256 *Credential types*
48000 *Transitional kindergarten*
48985 *Notification, primary language other than English*

HEALTH AND SAFETY CODE

1596.70-1596.895 *California Child Day Care Act*
1596.90-1597.21 *Day care centers*
120325-120380 *Immunization requirements*

CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 5

4680-4687 *Williams uniform complaint procedures*
18000-18434 *Child care and development programs, especially:*
18130-18136 *California State Preschool Program*
18295 *Waiver of qualifications for site supervisor*
80105-80125 *Permits authorizing service in child development programs*

CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 22

101151-101239.2 *General requirements, licensed child care centers, especially:*
101151-101163 *Licensing and application procedures*
101212-101231 *Continuing requirements*
101237-101239.2 *Facilities and equipment*

UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 20

1400-1482 *Individuals with Disabilities Education Act*
6371-6376 *Early Reading First*
6381-6381k *Even Start family literacy programs*
6391-6399 *Education of migratory children*

UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 42

9831-9852c *Head Start programs*
9857-9858r *Child Care and Development Block Grant*

CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS, TITLE 45

1301.1-1305.2 *Head Start*

PRESCHOOL/EARLY CHILDHOOD EDUCATION (continued)

Management Resources:

CSBA PUBLICATIONS

What Boards of Education Can Do About Kindergarten Readiness, Governance Brief, May 2016

CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION PUBLICATIONS

California Preschool Learning Foundations

Dream Big for Our Youngest Children: Final Report of the California Early Learning Quality Improvement System Advisory Committee, 2010

Preschool English Learners: Principles and Practices to Promote Language, Literacy, and Learning, 2nd ed., 2009

Prekindergarten Learning Development Guidelines, 2000

First Class: A Guide for Early Primary Education, 1999

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION PUBLICATIONS

Policy Statement on Expulsion and Suspension Policies in Early Childhood Settings, 2016

Good Start, Grow Smart, April 2002

WEB SITES

CSBA: <http://www.csba.org>

California Association for the Education of Young Children: <http://www.caeyc.org>

California County Superintendents Educational Services Association: <http://www.ccsesa.org>

California Department of Education: <http://www.cde.ca.gov>

California Head Start Association: <http://caheadstart.org>

California Preschool Instructional Network: <http://www.cpin.us>

Child Development Policy Institute: <http://www.cdpi.net>

Cities, Counties, and Schools Partnership: <http://www.ccspartnership.org>

First 5 Association of California: <http://www.ccfc.ca.gov>

National Institute for Early Education Research: <http://nieer.org>

U.S. Department of Education: <http://www.ed.gov>

CSBA Sample

Administrative Regulation

Students

AR 5148.3(a)

PRESCHOOL/EARLY CHILDHOOD EDUCATION

Note: The following administrative regulation reflects the major requirements of the California State Preschool Program (CSPP) pursuant to Education Code 8235-8239.1. The CSPP consolidates state preschool programs (Education Code 8235-8237), family literacy programs (Education Code 8238-8238.4), and general child care and development programs to the extent that they serve children 3-4 years of age (Education Code 8240-8244).

The following administrative regulation does not reflect all requirements for other state and federally funded preschool program(s). The district may revise this administrative regulation to reflect other preschool program(s) it offers, such as the state migrant child care and development program (Education Code 8230-8233), child care and development services for children with special needs program (Education Code 8250-8252), federal Head Start program (42 USC 9831-9852), Title I preschool program (20 USC 6311-6322), or preschool program developed and funded by the district.

In addition to the program requirements described below, preschool programs may be subject to other policies contained throughout the district's policy manual (e.g., BP/AR 1240 - Volunteer Assistance, AR 3514.2 - Integrated Pest Management, BP/AR 3550 - Food Service/Child Nutrition Program, and BP/AR 5148 - Child Care and Development). Districts should consult legal counsel if they have questions regarding the applicability of other laws to the district's preschool program.

When approved by the California Department of Education (CDE) under the California State Preschool Program (CSPP), the district may operate one or more part-day preschool programs in accordance with law and the terms of its contract with CDE.

(cf. 5148 - Child Care and Development)

Note: 5 CCR 18130 specifies the state regulations for child care and development programs that are applicable to CSPP programs. These requirements include, but are not limited to, the program components listed in 5 CCR 18272-18281. See AR 5148 - Child Care and Development for details regarding these required program components.

The district's preschool program shall include all required program components, as described in 5 CCR 18272-18281 and AR 5148 - Child Care and Development, for the educational program, the creation of a developmental profile for each child, staff development, parent involvement and education, community involvement, health and social services, nutrition, and program evaluation. (5 CCR 18271-28281)

Minimum Hours/Days of Operation

The district's part-day preschool program shall operate a minimum of three hours per day, excluding time for home-to-school transportation, and for a minimum of 175 days per year unless otherwise specified in the program's contract. (Education Code 8235; 5 CCR 18136)

PRESCHOOL/EARLY CHILDHOOD EDUCATION (continued)**Staffing**

The preschool program shall maintain an adult-child ratio of at least one adult for every eight children and a teacher-child ratio of at least one teacher for every 24 children. If the district cannot recruit a sufficient number of parents/guardians or volunteers to meet the required adult-child ratio, teacher aides shall be hired as necessary. (5 CCR 18135, 18290)

(cf. 1240 - Volunteer Assistance)

(cf. 6020 - Parent Involvement)

Note: Health and Safety Code 1596.7995 requires employees and volunteers at a day care center to be immunized against influenza, pertussis, and measles, with specified exemptions. Health and Safety Code 1597.055 adds a requirement for such teachers to obtain a tuberculosis clearance. Pursuant to Health and Safety Code 1596.76, a day care center includes a preschool. See AR 5148 - Child Care and Development for further information regarding immunization requirements for staff and volunteers. Districts that have not adopted AR 5148 - Child Care and Development may revise the following paragraph accordingly and expand it to include the exemptions specified in Health and Safety Code 1596.7995.

Any person employed at a district preschool and any volunteer who provides care and supervision to children at a preschool shall, unless exempted by law, be immunized against influenza, pertussis, and measles in accordance with Health and Safety Code 1596.7995 and AR 5148 - Child Care and Development. Documentation of required immunizations, or applicable exemptions, shall be maintained in the employee's personnel file. (Health and Safety Code 1596.7995)

(cf. 4112.4/4212.4/4312.4 - Health Examinations)

(cf. 4112.6/4212.6/4312.6 - Personnel Files)

In addition, preschool teachers shall present evidence of a current tuberculosis clearance and meet other requirements as specified in Health and Safety Code 1597.055.

Wraparound Child Care Services

Note: The following section is **optional**. Because preschool programs operated under the CSPP are part-day programs only, Education Code 8329 encourages districts to contract with the California Department of Education (CDE) to offer "wraparound child care services" which combine preschool and general child care services to provide a full day of services for eligible families. Such programs must be consistent with requirements for general child care and development programs offered pursuant to Education Code 8240-8244; see BP/AR 5148 - Child Care and Development.

In accordance with its contract with CDE, the district may offer full-day services to meet the needs of eligible families through a combination of part-day preschool and wraparound child care services that are offered for the remaining portion of the day or year following completion of the preschool services. Child care and development services offered through this program shall meet the requirements of general child care and development programs pursuant to Education Code 8240-8244. (Education Code 8239)

PRESCHOOL/EARLY CHILDHOOD EDUCATION (continued)

Wraparound services shall operate a minimum of 246 days per year unless otherwise specified in the contract. Within this period of time, the part-day preschool program shall operate 175-180 days. After the completion of the preschool program, a part-time general child care and development program may operate a full day for the remainder of the year. (Education Code 8239)

Family Literacy Services

Note: The following section is **optional**. Contingent upon funding in the state Budget Act, Education Code 8238 and 8238.4 provide for the Superintendent of Public Instruction to distribute family literacy supplemental grant funds to qualifying CSPP contractors for the purposes described below.

When any district preschool program receives funding for family literacy services pursuant to Education Code 8238.4, the Superintendent or designee shall coordinate the provision of: (Education Code 8238)

1. Opportunities for parents/guardians to work with their children on interactive literacy activities, including activities in which parents/guardians actively participate in facilitating their children's acquisition of prereading skills through guided activities such as shared reading, learning the alphabet, and basic vocabulary development
2. Parenting education for parents/guardians of children in participating classrooms to support their child's development of literacy skills, including, but not limited to, parent education in:
 - a. Providing support for the educational growth and success of their children
 - b. Improving parent-school communications and parental understanding of school structures and expectations
 - c. Becoming active partners with teachers in the education of their children
 - d. Improving parental knowledge of local resources for the identification of and services for developmental disabilities, including, but not limited to, contact information for the district special education referral
3. Referrals to providers of adult education and instruction in English as a second language as necessary to improve academic skills of parents/guardians

(cf. 6200 - Adult Education)

4. Staff development for teachers in participating classrooms that includes, but is not limited to:

PRESCHOOL/EARLY CHILDHOOD EDUCATION (continued)

- a. Development of a pedagogical knowledge, including, but not limited to, improved instructional and behavioral strategies
- b. Knowledge and application of developmentally appropriate assessments of the prereading skills of children in participating classrooms
- c. Information on working with families, including the use of on-site coaching, for guided practice in interactive literacy activities
- d. Providing targeted interventions for all young children to improve kindergarten readiness upon program completion

(cf. 4131 - Staff Development)

Eligibility and Enrollment

Note: The following section reflects eligibility criteria and enrollment priorities for the CSPP pursuant to state law and regulations. 5 CCR 18105 **mandates** that a district operating a CSPP program develop written admissions policies and procedures that conform to the requirements of 22 CCR 101218, including, but not limited to, criteria designating those children whose needs can be met by the program and services and the ages of children who will be accepted. AB 2626 (Ch. 945, Statutes of 2018) amended Education Code 8208 to change the birthdate by which children are eligible for CSPP, as provided below.

Children eligible for the district's CSPP program include those who will have their third or fourth birthday on or before December 1 of the fiscal year that they are being served. Children who have their third birthday on or after December 2 may be enrolled on or after their third birthday. (Education Code 8208, 8235, 8236)

Note: Pursuant to 5 CCR 18082-18083, the parent/guardian must submit an application for services which contains specified information and documentation. The application form is available on CDE's web site. Upon receiving an application, a person designated by the district must certify the family's or child's eligibility.

Eligibility for the CSPP program shall be as follows:

1. Children shall be eligible for subsidized preschool services if their family is a current aid recipient, income eligible, or homeless and/or the children are recipients of protective services or have been identified as being, or at risk of being, abused, neglected, or exploited. (Education Code 8235, 8263, 8263.1)
2. Children shall be eligible for subsidized wraparound preschool and child care services if their family meets at least one of the criteria specified in item #1 above and needs child care services due to either of the following circumstances: (Education Code 8239, 8263)

PRESCHOOL/EARLY CHILDHOOD EDUCATION (continued)

- a. The child is identified by a legal, medical, or social services agency, the district liaison for homeless students, a Head Start program, or an emergency or transitional shelter as being a recipient of protective services, as being or at risk of being neglected, abused, or exploited, or as being homeless.

(cf. 6173 - Education for Homeless Children)

Note: Education Code 8263, as amended by AB 273 (Ch. 689, Statutes of 2017), provides that eligibility for child care and development programs may be established by parent/guardian engagement in an educational program for English learners or for attainment of a high school diploma or general educational development certificate.

- b. The parents/guardians are engaged in vocational training leading directly to a recognized trade, paraprofession, or profession; are engaged in an educational program for English language learners or for the attainment of a high school diploma or general educational development certificate; are employed or seeking employment; are seeking permanent housing for family stability; or are incapacitated.

Note: The following paragraph may be revised to reflect district practice. Unless state funding is allocated to support the "centralized eligibility list" established in each county pursuant to Education Code 8499.5, such lists will be maintained only if locally funded. In situations where there is no locally funded centralized eligibility list or the district elects not to participate in the local list, the district must establish its own waiting list in accordance with admission priorities pursuant to 5 CCR 18106.

The Superintendent or designee shall consult the county's centralized eligibility list, when available, or shall maintain a district waiting list in accordance with admission priorities. As vacancies occur, applicants shall be contacted in order of their priority. (5 CCR 18106)

First priority for enrollment in a preschool program shall be given to neglected or abused children ages 3-4 who are recipients of child protective services or who, based upon written referral from a legal, medical, or social service agency, are at risk of being neglected, abused, or exploited. If unable to enroll a child in this category, the district shall refer the child's parent/guardian to local resource and referral services so that services for the child can be located. (Education Code 8236; 5 CCR 18131)

(cf. 1400 - Relations Between Other Governmental Agencies and the Schools)

(cf. 1700 - Relations Between Private Industry and the Schools)

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 8236, second priority for enrollment must be granted to children 4 years of age who are not enrolled in a transitional kindergarten (TK) program, as provided in the following paragraph.

Education Code 8236, as amended by AB 2626 (Ch. 945, Statutes of 2018), eliminates the requirement, for CSPP programs operating with funding that was initially allocated in a prior fiscal year, that at least one-half of the children enrolled at a preschool must be children who are age 4 years.

PRESCHOOL/EARLY CHILDHOOD EDUCATION (continued)

After all children with first priority are enrolled, the district shall give second priority to eligible children 4 years of age who are not enrolled in a transitional kindergarten (TK) program prior to enrolling eligible children 3 years of age. (Education Code 8236)

Note: Education Code 8235, as amended by AB 99 (Ch. 15, Statutes of 2017), allows CSPP programs to provide services to children with disabilities whose family income is above the income eligibility threshold. Such children do not count towards the 10 percent limitation for otherwise ineligible children as described below.

After all otherwise eligible children have been enrolled, the program may provide services to children with disabilities who are ages 3-4 and whose family income is above the income eligibility threshold. (Education Code 8235)

In addition, after enrolling all eligible children, up to 10 percent of the program's enrollment, calculated throughout the entire contract, may be filled with children who exceed the age limitations and children whose family income exceeds the income eligibility threshold by no more than 15 percent. (Education Code 8235; 5 CCR 18133)

The district may certify eligibility and enrollment up to 120 calendar days prior to the first day of the beginning of the preschool year. After establishing eligibility at the time of initial enrollment, a child shall remain eligible for the remainder of the program year. (Education Code 8237; 5 CCR 18082)

Note: Pursuant to 5 CCR 18130, CSPP programs are subject to 5 CCR 18094 and 18118, which require the district to provide written notification to parents/guardians as to whether their application for subsidized services has been approved or denied. For this purpose, the district should use the Notice of Action form available on CDE's web site. If the services are denied, the parent/guardian may appeal the decision in accordance with 5 CCR 18120-18122; see section "Parent Hearing" below.

The district's decision to approve or deny a child's enrollment shall be communicated to the family through a written Notice of Action mailed or delivered within 30 days from the date the application is signed by the parent/guardian. (5 CCR 18094, 18095, 18118)

(cf. 5145.6 - Parental Notifications)

Note: 5 CCR 18095 and 18119 require the district to notify a parent/guardian of any change in services or fees as described below. For such notification, the district should use the Notice of Action form available on CDE's web site. Parents/guardians may appeal such actions pursuant to 5 CCR 18120-18122; see section "Parent Hearing" below.

Subsequently, the Superintendent or designee shall mail or deliver a Notice of Action to a parent/guardian at least 14 calendar days before any intended change in services, including, but not limited to, an increase or decrease in fees, an increase or decrease in the amount of services, or termination of services, due to any of the following circumstances: (5 CCR 18095, 18119)

PRESCHOOL/EARLY CHILDHOOD EDUCATION (continued)

1. A determination during recertification or update of the application that the need or eligibility requirements are no longer being met or the fee or amount of service needs to be modified
2. Failure of the parent/guardian to document the family's need or eligibility after the district requested such documentation in writing
3. An indication by the parent/guardian that he/she no longer wants the service
4. The death of a parent/guardian or child
5. The conclusion of a limited-term agreement, provided that the parent/guardian has been informed in writing of the date that the services would terminate

For each child enrolled in the district's preschool program, the Superintendent or designee shall maintain a family data file including, but not limited to, a completed and signed application for services, documentation of income eligibility, and a copy of all Notices of Action. For each child not receiving subsidized services, the family data file shall also include records of the specific reason(s) for enrolling each child, the child's family income, and evidence that the district has made a diligent search for children eligible for subsidized services. (5 CCR 18130, 18133, 18081, 18084)

(cf. 1340 - Access to District Records)

(cf. 3580 - District Records)

(cf. 5125 - Student Records)

Combined Preschool/Transitional Kindergarten Classroom

Note: AB 1808 (Ch. 32, Statutes of 2018) amended Education Code 8235 and 48000 to allow districts to place 4-year-old children enrolled in a CSPP program into a TK program and to commingle children from both programs in the same classroom as long as all of the requirements of each program are met and the district adheres to the requirements listed in the following section. See BP 6170.1 - Transitional Kindergarten for eligibility requirements pertaining to the TK program pursuant to Education Code 48000.

When a child is eligible for both the preschool program and the district's TK program, the district may place the child in a classroom which is commingled with children from both programs as long as the commingled program meets all of the requirements of each program as well as the following requirements: (Education Code 8235, 48000)

1. An early childhood environment rating scale, as specified in 5 CCR 18281, shall be completed for the classroom.
2. All children enrolled for 10 or more hours per week shall be evaluated using the Desired Results Developmental Profile, as specified in 5 CCR 18272.

PRESCHOOL/EARLY CHILDHOOD EDUCATION (continued)

3. The classroom shall be taught by a teacher who holds a credential issued by the Commission on Teacher Credentialing in accordance with Education Code 44065 and 44256.
4. The classroom shall comply with the adult-child ratio specified in Education Code 8264.8.
5. Contractors of the district shall report the services, revenues, and expenditures for children in the preschool program in accordance with 5 CCR 18068.
6. The classroom shall not include children enrolled in TK for a second year or children enrolled in a regular kindergarten classroom.

(cf. 5111 - Admission)

(cf. 6170.1 - Transitional Kindergarten)

Fees and Charges

Fees for participation in the district's preschool program shall be assessed and collected in accordance with the fee schedule established by the Superintendent of Public Instruction (SPI). (Education Code 8273; 5 CCR 18078)

(cf. 3260 - Fees and Charges)

However, no fee shall be charged to an income-eligible family whose child is enrolled in a part-day preschool program or a family that is receiving CalWORKs cash aid. (Education Code 8273.1; 5 CCR 18110)

Note: Education Code 8273.1, as amended by AB 99 (Ch. 15, Statutes of 2017), extends the length of time, from three months to 12 months, for which a family who establishes preschool eligibility on the basis of abuse or neglect may be exempt from family fees.

A family may be exempt from the fees for up to 12 months if the child qualifies for preschool on the basis of being the recipient of child protective services or as being, or at risk of being, abused or neglected. (Education Code 8273.1)

Note: Education Code 8273.3 authorizes a district offering a CSPP program to charge a fee for field trips and/or to require parents/guardians to provide diapers, but **mandates** that the district adopt policy to include parents/guardians in the decision-making about such fees, as provided below. Pursuant to Education Code 8273.3, the fees cannot exceed \$25 per child in the contract year. The following paragraph may be modified to delete diapers as appropriate for the age of the children served.

PRESCHOOL/EARLY CHILDHOOD EDUCATION (continued)

The Superintendent or designee shall establish a process that involves parents/guardians in determining whether to require parents/guardians to provide diapers and/or whether and how much to charge parents/guardians for field trip expenses, within the limit specified in law. A child shall not be denied participation in a field trip due to the parent/guardian's inability or refusal to pay the fee, and no adverse action shall be taken against a parent/guardian for that inability or refusal. (Education Code 8273.3)

Disenrollment Based on Reduced Funding

Note: Education Code 8263.3 specifies the order by which families will be disenrolled from child care and development services when funding levels are reduced. The following list applies that order of disenrollment to CSPP programs but takes into account the priority specified in Education Code 8236 to enroll children 4 years of age before enrolling children 3 years of age.

When necessary due to a reduction in state reimbursements, families shall be disenrolled in the following order: (Education Code 8236, 8263.3)

1. Children 3 years of age whose families have the highest income in relation to family size shall be disenrolled first, followed by children 4 years of age whose families have the highest income in relation to family size.

At each age level, if two or more families have the same income ranking, the child with disabilities shall be disenrolled last. If there are no families that have a child with disabilities, the child who has received services the longest shall be disenrolled first.

2. Families of children 3 or 4 years of age who are receiving child protective services or who have been documented to be at risk of being neglected or abused, regardless of income, shall be disenrolled last.

Expulsion/Unenrollment Based on Behavior

Note: Education Code 8239.1, as added by AB 752 (Ch. 708, Statutes of 2017), prohibits the expulsion or unenrollment of a child from a CSPP program because of the child's behavior unless the district has followed the steps specified below.

A district preschool program shall not expel or unenroll a child based on the child's behavior, unless the district first takes the following actions to address the child's behavior: (Education Code 8239.1)

1. Inform the parents/guardians of the child's persistent and serious challenging behaviors and consult with the parents/guardians and teacher in an effort to maintain the child's safe participation in the program

PRESCHOOL/EARLY CHILDHOOD EDUCATION (continued)

2. If the child has an individualized family service plan (IFSP) or individualized education program (IEP), with written parent/guardian consent, contact the agency or district employee responsible for such plan or program to seek consultation in regard to serving the child

(cf. 6159 - Individualized Education Program)

3. If the child does not have an IFSP or IEP, consider if it is appropriate to complete a universal screening of the child, including, but not limited to, screening the child's social and emotional development, referring the parents/guardians to community resources, implementing behavior supports within the program, and considering an IEP for the child

If the district has taken the actions specified in items #1-3 above and the child's continued enrollment would present a serious safety threat to the child or other enrolled children, the district shall refer the parents/guardians to other potentially appropriate placements, the local child care resource and referral agency, or any other referral service available in the local community. Within 180 days of the start of the process, the district may unenroll the child. (Education Code 8239.1)

Note: A joint statement by the U.S. Department of Education and U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Policy Statement on Expulsion and Suspension Policies in Early Childhood Settings, clarifies that preschool children with disabilities who are eligible for services under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) (20 USC 1400-1482) are entitled to the same disciplinary protections that apply to all other IDEA-eligible students with disabilities, may not be subjected to impermissible disciplinary changes of placement for misconduct that is caused by or related to their disability, and must continue to receive educational services consistent with their right to a free appropriate public education. The statement indicates the need for the child's individualized education program (IEP) team to consider the use of positive behavioral interventions and supports when developing or modifying the IEP to reduce the need for discipline of a child with disabilities and avoid suspension or expulsion from a preschool program.

Children with disabilities may only be suspended or expelled in conformance with the procedures and limitations of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act.

Parent Hearing

Note: Pursuant to 5 CCR 18130, districts are subject to the requirements of 5 CCR 18120-18122 to provide due process to parents/guardians who disagree with certain district actions, such as when services are denied, there is a change in services or fees, or their child is disenrolled.

If a parent/guardian disagrees with any district action to deny his/her child's eligibility for subsidized preschool services, disenroll the child due to a funding shortage, increase or decrease fees, increase or decrease the amount of services, terminate services, or otherwise

PRESCHOOL/EARLY CHILDHOOD EDUCATION (continued)

change the level of services, he/she may file a request for a hearing with the Superintendent or designee within 14 calendar days of the date the Notice of Action was received. Within 10 calendar days of receiving the request for a hearing, the Superintendent or designee shall notify the parent/guardian of the time and place of the hearing, which, to the extent possible, shall be convenient for the parent/guardian. (5 CCR 18120)

The hearing shall be conducted in accordance with the procedures specified in 5 CCR 18120 by a district administrator who is at a staff level higher in authority than the staff person who made the contested decision. Within 10 calendar days after the hearing, the district administrator shall mail or deliver a written decision to the parent/guardian. If the parent/guardian disagrees with the written decision, he/she may, within 14 calendar days, appeal the decision to CDE. (5 CCR 18120-18122)

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CSBA Sample

Board Policy

Instruction

BP 6142.3(a)

CIVIC EDUCATION

Note: The following **optional** policy may be revised to reflect district practice.

Education Code 51470-51474, as added by AB 24 (Ch. 604, Statutes of 2017), establish the State Seal of Civic Engagement, a voluntary program to recognize high school graduates who have demonstrated excellence in civic education and participation, as well as an understanding of the U.S. Constitution, the California Constitution, and the democratic system of government. The Superintendent of Public Instruction will provide an insignia that can be affixed to the diploma or transcript of eligible students. Criteria for the award will be approved by the State Board of Education by January 31, 2021.

The Governing Board recognizes that involvement in civic and political institutions is essential to a democratic government and desires to provide a comprehensive civic education program to help students acquire the knowledge, skills, and principles essential for informed, engaged, and responsible citizenship.

Note: State standards and guidelines for instruction in civics and government are included in the standards and curriculum framework for history-social science. The history-social science framework contains suggestions for lessons and activities that include simulations of government, student-led debates, research projects, voter education, and service learning. In addition, the Center for Civic Education has developed voluntary National Standards for Civics and Government describing what students should know and be able to do in the field of civics and government in grades K-4, 5-8, and 9-12.

The Board shall approve, upon the recommendation of the Superintendent or designee, academic standards and curriculum in civics and government that are aligned with state academic standards and curriculum frameworks.

(cf. 6000 - *Concepts and Roles*)

(cf. 6011 - *Academic Standards*)

(cf. 6141 - *Curriculum Development and Evaluation*)

(cf. 6142.94 - *History-Social Science Instruction*)

(cf. 9000 - *Role of the Board*)

The Superintendent or designee shall determine specific courses within the K-12 curriculum in which civic education and government may be explicitly and systematically taught. He/she shall also encourage the integration of civic education into other subjects as appropriate.

(cf. 6143 - *Courses of Study*)

(cf. 6146.1 - *High School Graduation Requirements*)

The district's civic education program shall provide students with an understanding of the rights and responsibilities of citizens in American democracy and the workings of federal, state, and local governments. As appropriate, instruction should include an examination of

CIVIC EDUCATION (continued)

fundamental American documents, including, but not limited to, the Declaration of Independence, the United States Constitution, the Federalist Papers, and other significant writings and speeches. Instruction should also promote a student's understanding of shared democratic principles and values, such as personal responsibility, justice, equality, respect for others, civic-mindedness, and patriotism, and enable students to make their own commitment to these civic values.

Service learning, extracurricular and cocurricular activities, class and school elections, simulations of government, student-led debates, voter education, and observation of local government processes may be used to reinforce classroom instruction by linking civic knowledge to practical experience and encouraging civic involvement.

(cf. 1400 - *Relations Between Other Governmental Agencies and the Schools*)

(cf. 6142.4 - *Service Learning/Community Service Classes*)

(cf. 6145 - *Extracurricular and Cocurricular Activities*)

(cf. 9150 - *Student Board Members*)

Whenever civic education includes topics that may be controversial due to political beliefs or other influences, instruction shall be presented in a balanced manner that does not promote any particular viewpoint. Students shall not be discriminated against for expressing their ideas and opinions and shall be encouraged to respect different points of view.

(cf. 5145.2 - *Freedom of Speech/Expression*)

(cf. 6144 - *Controversial Issues*)

Constitution/Citizenship Day

Each year on or near September 17, in commemoration of Constitution and Citizenship Day, the district shall hold an educational program for students in grades K-12 pertaining to the United States Constitution which shall include exercises and instruction in the purpose, meaning, and importance of the Constitution, including the Bill of Rights. (Education Code 37221; 36 USC 106 Note)

(cf. 6115 - *Ceremonies and Observances*)

Student Voter Registration

Note: The following section is for use by districts that maintain high schools. Elections Code 2146 requires the California Secretary of State to annually provide high schools with voter registration forms in numbers specifically requested by the school.

To encourage students to participate in the elections process when they are of voting age, the Superintendent or designee shall provide high school students with voter registration information, including information regarding the state's online voter registration system.

CIVIC EDUCATION (continued)

The Superintendent or designee shall identify an employee at each high school whom the California Secretary of State may contact to facilitate the distribution of voter registration forms to eligible students. The Superintendent or designee shall provide the business address, phone number, and email address of each contact person to the Secretary of State. (Elections Code 2148)

Note: The following **optional** paragraph reflects examples of methods of distributing voter registration forms as specified in Elections Code 2146 and may be revised to reflect district practice.

The designated employee shall determine the most effective means of distributing voter registration forms provided by the Secretary of State, which may include, but are not limited to, distributing the forms at the start of the school year with orientation materials, placing voter registration forms at central locations, including voter registration forms with graduation materials, and/or providing links and the web site address of the Secretary of State's online voter registration system on the district's web site and in email notices sent to students.

The principal or designee may appoint one or more students enrolled at each high school to serve as voter outreach coordinators at that school. The voter outreach coordinator(s) may coordinate voter registration activities at the school to encourage eligible persons to register to vote. With the approval of the principal or designee, the voter outreach coordinator(s) may also coordinate election-related activities on campus, including voter registration drives, mock elections, debates, and other election-related student outreach activities. (Education Code 49041)

(cf. 0410 - Nondiscrimination in District Programs and Activities)
(cf. 5145.13 - Response to Immigration Enforcement)

Note: Education Code 49040 designates the last two full weeks in April and the last two full weeks in September as "high school voter education weeks" during which elections officials may, at their discretion, visit high school campuses to register students and school personnel to vote. This does not preclude registration events on a high school campus as otherwise permitted by the Elections Code.

During the last two full weeks in April and September, in areas on each high school campus that are reasonably accessible to all students as designated by the principal or designee, the county elections official shall be allowed to register students and school personnel to vote. (Education Code 49040)

Legal Reference: (see next page)

CIVIC EDUCATION (continued)

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE

54 Student service on boards and commissions
233.5 Teaching of principles
33540 Standards for government and civics instruction
37221 Commemorative exercises including anniversary of U.S. Constitution
48205 Absence from school for jury duty or precinct board service
49040-49041 Student voter registration
51210 Courses of study, grades 1-6
51220 Courses of study, grades 7-12
51470-51474 State Seal of Civic Engagement

ELECTIONS CODE

2146 Student voter registration
2148 Student voter registration, contact person
12302 Precinct boards, appointment of students

UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 20

6711-6716 Education for Democracy Act

UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 36

101-144 Patriotic observances

Management Resources:

AMERICAN BAR ASSOCIATION PUBLICATIONS

Essentials of Law-Related Education, rev. 2003

CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION PUBLICATIONS

History-Social Science Content Standards

History-Social Science Framework for California Public Schools

CENTER FOR CIVIC EDUCATION PUBLICATIONS

Education for Democracy: California Civic Education Scope & Sequence, 2003

National Standards for Civics and Government, 1994

NATIONAL ASSESSMENT OF EDUCATIONAL PROGRESS (NAEP) PUBLICATIONS

Civics Assessment

WEB SITES

CSBA: <http://www.csba.org>

American Bar Association: http://www.americanbar.org/groups/public_education.html

American Political Science Association: <http://www.apsanet.org>

Bill of Rights Institute: <http://www.billofrightsinstitute.org>

California Association of Student Leaders: <http://www.casl1.org>

California Council for the Social Studies: <http://www.ccss.org>

California Secretary of State Online Voter Registration: <http://registertovote.ca.gov>

Center for California Studies: <http://www.csus.edu/calst>

Center for Civic Education: <http://www.civiced.org>

Center for Information and Research on Civic Learning and Engagement: <http://www.civicyouth.org>

Constitutional Rights Foundation: <http://www.crf-usa.org>

National Assessment of Educational Progress, Civics Assessment:

<http://nces.ed.gov/nationsreportcard/civics>

National Council for the Social Studies: <http://www.ncss.org>

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Policy Reference UPDATE Service

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Board Policy

Instruction

BP 6145.2(a)

ATHLETIC COMPETITION

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 35179, the Governing Board has control of and responsibility for all aspects of district interscholastic athletic policies, programs, and activities.

Pursuant to Education Code 51242, the Board may exempt any high school student engaged in a school-sponsored interscholastic athletic program after regular school hours from the requirement to attend physical education courses; see BP 6142.7 - Physical Education and Activity.

The Governing Board recognizes that the district's athletic program constitutes an integral component of the educational program and helps to build a positive school climate. The athletic program also promotes the physical, social, and emotional well-being and character development of participating students. The district's athletic program shall be designed to meet students' interests and abilities and shall be varied in scope to attract wide participation.

(cf. 3541.1 - Transportation for School-Related Trips)

(cf. 5030 - Student Wellness)

(cf. 5137 - Positive School Climate)

(cf. 6142.7 - Physical Education and Activity)

(cf. 7110 - Facilities Master Plan)

All athletic teams shall be supervised by qualified coaches to ensure that student athletes receive appropriate instruction and guidance related to safety, health, sports skills, and sportsmanship. Athletic events shall be officiated by qualified personnel.

(cf. 4127/4227/4327 - Temporary Athletic Team Coaches)

The Board encourages business and community support for district athletic programs, subject to applicable district policies and regulations governing advertisements and donations.

(cf. 1260 - Educational Foundation)

(cf. 1321 - Solicitation of Funds from and by Students)

(cf. 1325 - Advertising and Promotion)

(cf. 1700 - Relations Between Private Industry and the Schools)

(cf. 3290 - Gifts, Grants and Bequests)

Nondiscrimination and Equivalent Opportunities in the Athletic Program

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 35179, the Board is responsible for ensuring that district and interscholastic athletic policies, programs, and activities are in compliance with law. Gender equity and nondiscrimination in district and interscholastic athletic programs and activities are governed by both federal law (Title IX, 20 USC 1681-1688) and state law (Education Code 200-262.4; 5 CCR 4900-4965).

ATHLETIC COMPETITION (continued)

In Mansourian v. Regents of University of California, the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals ruled that a university receiving federal funds can be held liable for failing to effectively accommodate the athletic interests of both men and women even if the aggrieved women did not first provide the appropriate university officials with notice of their disadvantageous treatment and an opportunity to cure it. See the accompanying administrative regulation for factors the district must consider in determining whether equivalent opportunities are being provided.

Education Code 221.2-221.3 (the California Racial Mascot Act) declare the use of racially derogatory or discriminatory school or athletic team names, mascots, or nicknames in public schools to be contrary to an equal education and specifically prohibit public schools from using the term "Redskins" as a school or athletic team name, mascot, or nickname. The following paragraph includes an expansion of this prohibition to cover any racially derogatory or discriminatory athletic team name, mascot, or nickname and may be revised to reflect district practice. Also see BP 0410 - Nondiscrimination in District Programs and Activities.

The district's athletic program shall be free from discrimination and discriminatory practices prohibited by state and federal law, including, but not limited to, the use of any racially derogatory or discriminatory school or athletic team name, mascot, or nickname. The Superintendent or designee shall ensure that equivalent athletic opportunities are provided for males and females, and that students are permitted to participate in athletic activities consistent with their gender identity.

(cf. 0410 - Nondiscrimination in District Programs and Activities)

(cf. 5145.3 - Nondiscrimination/Harassment)

(cf. 5145.7 - Sexual Harassment)

Any complaint alleging discrimination in the district's athletic program shall be filed in accordance with the district's uniform complaint procedures.

(cf. 1312.3 - Uniform Complaint Procedures)

California Interscholastic Federation

Note: The following **optional** section is for use by districts that maintain grades 9-12. Pursuant to Education Code 35179, the district may join an association, such as the California Interscholastic Federation (CIF), for the purpose of providing regional or statewide interscholastic athletic programs and activities for district students. Pursuant to Education Code 33353, CIF is responsible for setting rules governing interscholastic athletic programs. Students who attend schools that participate in interscholastic sports are therefore subject to CIF regulations as well as applicable district rules.

Any district school that participates in the California Interscholastic Federation (CIF) shall conduct its athletic activities in accordance with CIF bylaws and rules and any applicable district policy and regulation. The Superintendent or designee shall have responsibility for the district's interscholastic athletic program, while the principal or designee at each participating school shall be responsible for site-level decisions, as appropriate.

ATHLETIC COMPETITION (continued)

Note: Pursuant to CIF rules established in accordance with Education Code 33353, the Board is required to designate an individual from each school that participates in CIF sports to serve as a representative to the local CIF league. The name and contact information of these representatives must be annually reported to CIF. The following paragraph may be revised to reflect district practice.

The Board shall annually designate a representative to the local CIF league from each school that participates in CIF sports. The Superintendent or designee shall recommend a candidate for the position who demonstrates an understanding of the district's goals for student learning and interscholastic activities, knowledge of the athletic programs, awareness of the implications of league decisions for the school and the district, and interpersonal communication and leadership skills.

The designated representative(s) shall vote on issues that impact interscholastic athletics at the league and section levels, perform any other duties required by the CIF league, and report regularly to the Board on league, section, and statewide issues related to athletic programs.

(cf. 0500 - Accountability)

Student Eligibility

Note: The following section provides that student eligibility for participation in athletic programs shall be based on the same criteria adopted by the Board for all other extracurricular or cocurricular activities (see BP/AR 6145 - Extracurricular and Cocurricular Activities), and may be revised to reflect district practice.

Education Code 48850 specifies that a homeless student, or a foster youth whose residence changes pursuant to a court order or decision of a child welfare worker, shall be deemed to meet all residency requirements for participation in extracurricular activities and interscholastic sports; see AR 6173 - Education for Homeless Children and AR 6173.1 - Education for Foster Youth.

In addition, Education Code 49700-49701 establish a uniform means of assisting children of active duty military families transferred from one state to another, by reducing or eliminating the barriers to their educational success caused by the frequent moves and deployments of their parents/guardians; see BP/AR 6173.2 - Education of Children of Military Families. Among other things, Education Code 49701 requires flexibility of districts' local rules to facilitate eligibility for extracurricular activities of children of military personnel.

Eligibility requirements for student participation in the district's interscholastic athletic program, including requirements pertaining to academic achievement, shall be the same as those set by the district for participation in extracurricular and cocurricular activities.

(cf. 3530 - Risk Management/Insurance)

(cf. 5111.1 - District Residency)

(cf. 5121 - Grades/Evaluation of Student Achievement)

(cf. 6145 - Extracurricular and Cocurricular Activities)

(cf. 6146.1 - High School Graduation Requirements)

(cf. 6173 - Education for Homeless Children)

(cf. 6173.1 - Education for Foster Youth)

(cf. 6173.2 - Education of Children of Military Families)

ATHLETIC COMPETITION (continued)

Note: The following **optional** paragraph is for use by districts that participate in CIF. CIF bylaws specify eligibility criteria for participating student athletes, including criteria related to age, grade, attendance, scholastic achievement, residence, transfers, and discipline. In addition, in accordance with CIF bylaws, students in home schooling or home study/independent study programs are not eligible for CIF interscholastic competition unless they are enrolled in a program under the jurisdiction of a CIF member school district (i.e., a program in which the district approves the curriculum, administers the program, and evaluates the student).

In addition, the Superintendent or designee shall ensure that students participating in interscholastic athletics governed by CIF satisfy CIF eligibility requirements.

Note: Education Code 49010-49011 and the California Department of Education's (CDE) Fiscal Management Advisory 12-02, Pupil Fees, Deposits, and Other Charges, clarify that districts may not charge a fee for student participation in extracurricular activities, regardless of whether the activity is elective. Such prohibited fees include, but are not limited to, the cost of uniforms, locks, lockers, and equipment.

However, pursuant to Education Code 32220-32224, the district may charge a fee for required medical and accident insurance for athletic team members that is not paid for with school district or student body funds, as long as costs for insurance are covered for those determined to be financially unable to pay; see the accompanying administrative regulation and AR 5143 - Insurance. The district may also charge a fee for other students to attend athletic events as spectators, since such attendance is not directly related to the educational program. Districts are advised to seek legal counsel before charging a fee for any activity which may be construed as related to the educational program.

Students shall not be charged a fee to participate in an athletic program, including, but not limited to, a fee to cover the cost of uniforms, locks, lockers, or athletic equipment.

(cf. 3260 - *Fees and Charges*)

(cf. 5143 - *Insurance*)

Sportsmanship

Note: CIF has adopted a set of principles entitled Pursuing Victory with Honor to provide the tools for teaching character development to student athletes. Districts that are not affiliated with CIF may delete or modify the following **optional** section to reflect district practice.

The Board values the quality and integrity of the athletic program and the character development of student athletes. Student athletes, coaches, parents/guardians, spectators, and others are expected to demonstrate good sportsmanship, ethical conduct, and fair play during all athletic competitions. They shall also abide by the core principles of trustworthiness, respect, responsibility, fairness, caring, and good citizenship and the Code of Ethics adopted by CIF.

Students and staff shall be subject to disciplinary action for improper conduct.

(cf. 3515.2 - *Disruptions*)

(cf. 4118 - *Dismissal/Suspension/Disciplinary Action*)

ATHLETIC COMPETITION (continued)

(cf. 4218 - Dismissal/Suspension/Disciplinary Action)
(cf. 5131 - Conduct)
(cf. 5131.1 - Bus Conduct)
(cf. 5131.4 - Student Disturbances)
(cf. 5144 - Discipline)
(cf. 5144.1 - Suspension and Expulsion/Due Process)
(cf. 5144.2 - Suspension and Expulsion/Due Process (Individuals with Disabilities))

Health and Safety

Note: See the accompanying administrative regulation for additional requirements pertaining to the health and safety of student athletes, including students who experience concussions or other head injuries, heat illness, or sudden cardiac arrest.

The Board desires to give student health and safety the highest consideration in planning and conducting athletic activities.

Note: CIF requires students in grades 9-12 to undergo medical examinations before participating in interscholastic competition; see BP 5141.3 - Health Examinations. Pursuant to Education Code 49458, any examination required for participation in an interscholastic athletic program may be conducted by a physician or physician assistant.

Students shall have a medical clearance before participating in interscholastic athletic programs. Care shall be taken to ensure that all athletic trainings and competitions are conducted in a manner that will not overtax the physical capabilities of the participants. When appropriate, protective equipment shall be used to prevent or minimize injuries.

(cf. 5131.61 - Drug Testing)
(cf. 5131.63 - Steroids)
(cf. 5141.3 - Health Examinations)
(cf. 5141.6 - School Health Services)
(cf. 5141.7 - Sun Safety)

Coaches and appropriate district employees shall take every possible precaution to ensure that athletic equipment is kept in safe and serviceable condition. The Superintendent or designee shall ensure that all athletic equipment is cleaned and inspected for safety before the beginning of each school year.

(cf. 5142 - Safety)

Note: Education Code 35179.4, as added by AB 2009 (Ch. 646, Statutes of 2018), requires any district that offers an interscholastic athletic program to develop a written emergency action plan, as provided below. A sample emergency action plan that may be used in the event of sudden cardiac arrest, catastrophic injury, or other medical emergency is available on CIF's web site.

ATHLETIC COMPETITION (continued)

The Superintendent or designee shall develop a written emergency action plan that describes the location of automated external defibrillator(s) and procedures to be followed in the event of sudden cardiac arrest or other medical emergency related to the athletic program's activities or events. The plan shall be posted in accordance with guidelines of the National Federation of State High School Associations. (Education Code 35179.4)

In the event of a serious injury or a perceived imminent risk to a student's health during or immediately after an athletic activity, the coach or any other district employee who is present shall remove the student athlete from the activity, observe universal precautions in handling blood or other bodily fluid, and/or seek medical treatment for the student as appropriate.

(cf. 4119.42/4219.42/4319.42 - *Exposure Control Plan for Bloodborne Pathogens*)

(cf. 4119.43/4219.43/4319.43 - *Universal Precautions*)

(cf. 5141 - *Health Care and Emergencies*)

(cf. 5141.21 - *Administering Medication and Monitoring Health Conditions*)

(cf. 5141.22 - *Infectious Diseases*)

Note: The following optional paragraph may be revised to reflect district practice.
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Whenever a serious injury or illness is suffered by a student athlete, the Superintendent or designee shall notify the student's parent/guardian of the date, time, and extent of any injury or illness suffered by the student and any actions taken to treat the student.

Legal Reference: (see next page)

ATHLETIC COMPETITION (continued)

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE

200-262.4 Prohibition of discrimination

17578 Cleaning and sterilizing of football equipment

17580-17581 Football equipment

32220-32224 Insurance for athletic teams, especially:

32221.5 Required insurance for athletic activities

33353-33353.5 California Interscholastic Federation; implementation of policies, insurance program

33354 California Department of Education authority over interscholastic athletics

33479-33479.9 The Eric Parades Sudden Cardiac Arrest Prevention Act

35160.5 District policies; rules and regulations

35179 Interscholastic athletics

35179.1 California High School Coaching Education and Training Program

35179.4 Emergency action plan

35179.5 Interscholastic athletics; limitation on full-contact practices

35179.6 Automated external defibrillator, athletic activities

48850 Interscholastic athletics; students in foster care and homeless students

48900 Grounds for suspension and expulsion

48930-48938 Student organizations

49010-49013 Student fees

49020-49023 Athletic programs; legislative intent, equal opportunity

49030-49034 Performance-enhancing substances

49458 Health examinations, interscholastic athletic program

49475 Health and safety, concussions and head injuries

49700-49701 Education of children of military families

51242 Exemption from physical education for high school students in interscholastic athletic program

HEALTH AND SAFETY CODE

1797.196 Automated external defibrillator

PENAL CODE

245.6 Hazing

CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 5

4900-4965 Nondiscrimination in elementary and secondary education programs, especially:

4920-4922 Nondiscrimination in intramural, interscholastic, and club activities

5531 Supervision of extracurricular activities of students

5590-5596 Employment of noncertificated coaches

UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 20

1681-1688 Discrimination based on sex or blindness, Title IX

CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS, TITLE 34

106.31 Nondiscrimination on the basis of sex in education programs or activities

106.33 Comparable facilities

106.41 Nondiscrimination in athletic programs

COURT DECISIONS

Mansourian v. Regents of University of California, (2010) 602 F. 3d 957

McCormick v. School District of Mamaroneck, (2004) 370 F.3d 275

Kahn v. East Side Union High School District, (2003) 31 Cal. 4th 990

Hartzell v. Connell, (1984) 35 Cal. 3d 899

ATHLETIC COMPETITION (continued)

Management Resources:

CSBA PUBLICATIONS

Updated Legal Guidance: Protecting Transgender and Gender Nonconforming Students Against Discrimination, March 2017

CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION PUBLICATIONS

Pupil Fees, Deposits, and Other Charges, Fiscal Management Advisory 12-02, April 24, 2013

CALIFORNIA INTERSCHOLASTIC FEDERATION PUBLICATIONS

Athletic Department Emergency Action Plan: Response Teams

California Interscholastic Federation Constitution and Bylaws

A Guide to Equity in Athletics

Guidelines for Gender Identity Participation

Keep Their Heart in the Game: A Sudden Cardiac Arrest Information Sheet for Athletes and Parents/Guardians

Event Emergency Guidelines, 2013

Pursuing Victory with Honor, 1999

CENTERS FOR DISEASE CONTROL AND PREVENTION PUBLICATIONS

Heads Up: Concussion in High School Sports, Tool Kit, June 2010

Heads Up: Concussion in Youth Sports, Tool Kit, July 2007

Acute Concussion Evaluation (ACE) Care Plan, 2006

NATIONAL FEDERATION OF STATE HIGH SCHOOL ASSOCIATIONS PUBLICATIONS

Emergency Action Planning Guide for After-School Practices and Events

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION OFFICE FOR CIVIL RIGHTS PUBLICATIONS

Withdrawal of Dear Colleague Letter on Transgender Students, Dear Colleague Letter, February 22, 2017

Intercollegiate Athletics Policy Clarification: The Three-Part Test - Part Three, Dear Colleague Letter, April 20, 2010

WEB SITES

CSBA: <http://www.csba.org>

California Department of Education: <http://www.cde.ca.gov>

California Interscholastic Federation: <http://www.cifstate.org>

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Concussion Resources: <http://www.cdc.gov/concussion>

National Federation of State High School Associations: <http://www.nfhs.org>

National Operating Committee on Standards for Athletic Equipment: <http://www.nocsae.org>

U.S. Anti-Doping Agency: <http://www.usada.org>

U.S. Department of Education, Office for Civil Rights: <http://www2.ed.gov/ocr>

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CSBA Sample Administrative Regulation

Instruction

AR 6145.2(a)

ATHLETIC COMPETITION

Nondiscrimination and Equivalent Opportunities in the Athletic Program

Note: The following section reflects pertinent provisions of state and federal law regarding nondiscrimination (Education Code 200-262.4; 5 CCR 4900-4965; Title IX, 20 USC 1681-1688). The Office for Civil Rights (OCR) in the U.S. Department of Education oversees complaints regarding violations of Title IX.

No student shall be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, be denied equivalent opportunity in, or otherwise be discriminated against in interscholastic, intramural, or club athletics on the basis of any actual or perceived characteristic specified in law and BP 0410 - Nondiscrimination in District Programs and Activities. (Education Code 220, 221.5, 230; 5 CCR 4920; 34 CFR 106.41)

(cf. 0410 - Nondiscrimination in District Programs and Activities)
(cf. 5145.3 - Nondiscrimination/Harassment)

Note: 5 CCR 4921 and 34 CFR 106.41 authorize the establishment of separate teams for males and females where the selection of teams is based on competitive skills. 34 CFR 106.41 also authorizes single-sex teams for contact sports, as defined. Because state regulations do not address single-sex teams for contact sports, districts should consult legal counsel prior to establishing any such single-sex team for a contact sport for which selection is not based on competitive skills.

The Superintendent or designee may provide single-sex teams when selection for the teams is based on competitive skills. (5 CCR 4921; 34 CFR 106.41)

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 221.5, a district is required to permit a transgender student to participate in sex-segregated school programs and activities, including athletic teams and competitions, consistent with his/her gender identity, regardless of the gender listed in the student's records; see BP/AR 5145.3 - Nondiscrimination/Harassment. The California Interscholastic Federation's (CIF) bylaws and Guidelines for Gender Identity Participation contain procedures for addressing student complaints regarding gender identity-based participation in interscholastic sports. Also see CSBA's Updated Legal Guidance: Protecting Transgender and Gender Nonconforming Students Against Discrimination.

Each student shall be allowed to participate in any single-sex athletic program or activity consistent with his/her gender identity and for which he/she is otherwise eligible to participate, irrespective of the gender listed on the student's records. (Education Code 221.5)

(cf. 5125 - Student Records)

When a school provides only one team in a particular sport for members of one sex, but provides no team in the same sport for members of the other sex, and athletic opportunities in the total program for that sex have been previously limited, members of the excluded sex

ATHLETIC COMPETITION (continued)

shall be allowed to try out and compete with the team. The same standards for eligibility shall be applied to every student trying out for the team, regardless of sex, sexual orientation, gender, gender identity, gender expression, or other protected group status. (5 CCR 4921; 34 CFR 106.41)

Note: 5 CCR 4922 and 34 CFR 106.41, as reflected in items #1-11 below, list factors that districts must consider when determining whether equivalent opportunities are being provided. CIF's A Guide to Equity in Athletics suggests actions that districts can take for each of the factors to help the district meet its equivalence goals. Any district with questions about equivalent athletic opportunities for its students should consult legal counsel.

The Superintendent or designee shall ensure that equivalent opportunities are available to both sexes in athletic programs by considering, among other factors: (5 CCR 4922; 34 CFR 106.41)

1. Whether the offered selection of sports and levels of competition effectively accommodate the interests and abilities of both sexes

Note: Education Code 230 provides the following three-part test to determine if a district has effectively accommodated the interests and abilities of both sexes in athletics. This test is the same three-part test that is used by OCR for helping to determine equivalent opportunities under Title IX.

The athletic program may be found to effectively accommodate the interests and abilities of both sexes using any one of the following tests: (Education Code 230)

Note: CIF's A Guide to Equity in Athletics advises that, in order to meet the criterion specified in item #1a below, the ratio of male/female athletes should be within five percent of the ratio of male/female district enrollment.

- a. Whether the interscholastic-level participation opportunities for male and female students are provided in numbers substantially proportionate to their respective enrollments
- b. Where the members of one sex have been and are underrepresented among interscholastic athletes, whether the district can show a history and a continuing practice of program expansion that is demonstrably responsive to the developing interests and abilities of the members of that sex

Note: In evaluating whether there is an unmet interest in a particular sport and sufficient ability to sustain a team in the sport (item #1c below), OCR considers (1) whether an institution uses nondiscriminatory methods of assessment when determining the athletic interests and abilities of its students, (2) whether a viable team for the underrepresented sex was recently eliminated, (3) multiple indicators of interest, (4) multiple indicators of ability, and (5) frequency of conducting assessments. A student survey is one indicator that may be used. A letter issued by OCR in April 2010 provides information that the district might consider in developing its own survey. In addition, CIF's A Guide to Equity in Athletics provides sample surveys.

ATHLETIC COMPETITION (continued)

- c. Where the members of one sex are underrepresented among interscholastic athletes and the district cannot show a history and continuing practice of program expansion as required in item #1b above, whether the district can demonstrate that the interests and abilities of the members of that sex have been fully and effectively accommodated by the present program
2. The provision and maintenance of equipment and supplies
3. Scheduling of games and practice times, selection of the season for a sport, and location of the games and practices
4. Travel and per diem allowances
5. Opportunities to receive coaching and academic tutoring
6. Assignment and compensation of coaches and tutors
7. Provision of locker rooms, practice facilities, and competitive facilities
8. Provision of medical and training facilities and services
9. Provision of housing and dining facilities and services
10. Publicity

Note: 5 CCR 4922 clarifies that unequal aggregate expenditures for members of each sex or unequal expenditures for male and female teams shall not by itself constitute a failure to provide equivalent opportunities. However, the provision of necessary funding for teams of both sexes is a factor in the determination, as specified below.

11. Provision of necessary funds

Each school that offers competitive athletics shall, at the end of the school year, post on its school web site, or on the district web site if the school does not have a web site, the following information: (Education Code 221.9)

1. The total enrollment of the school, classified by gender
2. The number of students enrolled at the school who participate in competitive athletics, classified by gender
3. The number of boys' and girls' teams, classified by sport and by competition level

(cf. 1113 - District and School Web Sites)

ATHLETIC COMPETITION (continued)

The data reported for items #1-3 above shall reflect the total number of players on a team roster on the official first day of competition. The materials used to compile this information shall be retained by the school for at least three years after the information is posted on the web site. (Education Code 221.9)

(cf. 3580 - District Records)

Concussions and Head Injuries

Note: Education Code 49475 requires districts to distribute information on concussions and head injuries to student athletes and their parents/guardians. The district may use fact sheets developed by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), available on CIF's web site, or other resources to develop the information sheet.

The requirements of Education Code 49475 apply to any district that offers an athletic program at any grade level and for any sport. These requirements do not apply to students engaging in an athletic activity during the regular school day or as part of a physical education course.

The Superintendent or designee shall annually distribute to student athletes and their parents/guardians an information sheet on concussions and head injuries. The student and parent/guardian shall sign and return the information sheet before the student initiates practice or competition. (Education Code 49475)

(cf. 5145.6 - Parental Notifications)

Note: Education Code 49032 requires that each high school coach complete an education program that includes, but is not limited to, a basic understanding of the signs and symptoms of concussions and appropriate response to them. CIF makes free online courses available through its web site. Also see AR 4127/4227/4327 - Temporary Athletic Team Coaches.

The Superintendent or designee shall provide training to coaches and/or athletic trainers regarding concussion symptoms, prevention, and appropriate response. (Education Code 35179.1, 49032)

(cf. 4127/4227/4327 - Temporary Athletic Team Coaches)

Note: Education Code 49475 requires that a student at any grade level engaged in an athletic program apart from the regular school day or physical education course who is suspected of sustaining a concussion be immediately removed from the athletic activity and not be allowed to return until a health care provider provides written clearance. CDC's web site includes an Acute Concussion Evaluation form which may be used to provide injured students and their parents/guardians with information about monitoring symptoms and the health care provider's recommendations regarding returning to daily activities, school, and sports. See CIF's web site for additional information regarding concussions.

ATHLETIC COMPETITION (continued)

If a student athlete is suspected of sustaining a concussion or head injury in an athletic activity, he/she shall be immediately removed from the activity for the remainder of the day. The student shall not be permitted to return to the activity until he/she is evaluated by a licensed health care provider trained in the management of concussions and receives the health care provider's written clearance to return to the activity. If the health care provider determines that the athlete sustained a concussion or a head injury, the athlete shall also complete a graduated return-to-play protocol of no less than seven days in duration under the supervision of a licensed health care provider. (Education Code 49475)

Note: The following paragraph is for use by districts that offer a football program and may be revised to reflect the grade levels offered by the district.

A middle school or high school football team shall not hold a full-contact practice during the off-season and shall not conduct more than two full-contact practices per week during the preseason and regular season (from 30 days before the commencement of the regular season until the completion of the final interscholastic football game of that season). In addition, the full-contact portion of a practice shall not exceed 90 minutes in any single day. For these purposes, *full-contact practice* means a practice where drills or live action is conducted that involves collisions at game speed, where players execute tackles and other activity that is typical of an actual tackle football game. (Education Code 35179.5)

Heat Illness

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 35179.1, as amended by AB 2800 (Ch. 21, Statutes of 2018), effective January 1, 2019, the district or CIF-developed coaching education program required by Education Code 49032 must include training on the signs and symptoms of, and the appropriate response to, heat illness. The National Federation of State High Schools offers a free online course, available on CIF's web site, that fulfills these requirements.

The Superintendent or designee shall provide training to coaches and/or athletic trainers regarding the signs and symptoms of, and the appropriate response to, heat illness, including heat cramps, heat syncope, heat exhaustion, and exertional heat stroke. (Education Code 35179.1, 49032)

Note: The following **optional** paragraph reflects recommendations in CSBA's and CIF's joint publication *Preventing Catastrophic Heat Illness*, and may be expanded to include additional district strategies.

To assist in the prevention of heat illness, coaches and/or athletic trainers shall gradually increase the intensity and duration of exercise to acclimate student athletes to practice in the heat, provide adequate rest breaks, make water available during all athletic activities, and alter practice plans in extreme environmental conditions.

ATHLETIC COMPETITION (continued)**Sudden Cardiac Arrest**

Note: Education Code 33479.3 requires that student athletes and their parents/guardians receive information on the nature and warning signs of sudden cardiac arrest, as provided below. This information is available from CIF or, if the athletic activity is not governed by CIF, on the California Department of Education's (CDE) web site. In addition, Education Code 33479.2 encourages districts to post on their web sites the information provided on CDE's web site pertaining to sudden cardiac arrest.

The Superintendent or designee shall distribute the California Interscholastic Federation (CIF) information sheet on sudden cardiac arrest to all student athletes who will be participating in a CIF-governed athletic activity and to their parents/guardians. The student and parent/guardian shall sign and return the information sheet prior to the student's participation in the athletic activity. If an athletic activity is not covered by CIF, the student and his/her parent/guardian shall, prior to the student's participation in the athletic activity, sign and return an acknowledgement that they have received and reviewed the sudden cardiac arrest information posted on the California Department of Education's web site. (Education Code 33479.2, 33479.3)

Note: Education Code 33479.6 requires the coach of an athletic activity to complete, every two years, a training course related to the nature and warning signs of sudden cardiac arrest. See AR 4127/4227/4327 - Temporary Athletic Team Coaches. CIF makes free online courses available through its web site.

The Superintendent or designee shall provide training to coaches and/or athletic trainers regarding the nature and warning signs of sudden cardiac arrest. (Education Code 33479.6, 33479.7, 35179.1, 49032)

Note: Education Code 33479.5 and CIF bylaws provide for a student's removal from participation in an athletic activity if he/she passes out or faints. As defined by Education Code 33479.1, an "athletic activity" includes (1) interscholastic athletics; (2) an athletic contest or competition sponsored by a school, including cheerleading and club-sponsored sports activities; (3) noncompetitive cheerleading sponsored by a school; and (4) practices, interscholastic practices, and scrimmages for all these activities. Pursuant to Education Code 33479.5, this requirement does not apply when a student engages in an athletic activity during the regular school day or as part of a physical education course, unless the activity constitutes a practice, interscholastic practice, or scrimmage. Furthermore, Education Code 33479.5 authorizes, but does not require, the removal of a student from an athletic activity if he/she exhibits symptoms of sudden cardiac arrest other than passing out or fainting, as provided below. However, to promote student safety, the district may choose to require its staff to remove a student from an athletic activity if he/she exhibits any symptom of sudden cardiac arrest at any time.

If a student athlete passes out or faints, or is known to have passed out or fainted, while participating in or immediately following his/her participation in an athletic activity, the student shall be removed from participation at that time. If a student exhibits any other symptoms of sudden cardiac arrest, including seizures during exercise, unexplained shortness of breath, chest pains, dizziness, racing heart rate, or extreme fatigue, he/she may be removed from participation by a coach or other employee who observes these symptoms. If any such

ATHLETIC COMPETITION (continued)

symptoms are observed, notification shall be given to the student's parent/guardian so that the parent/guardian can determine the treatment, if any, the student should seek. A student who has been removed from participation shall not be permitted to return until he/she is evaluated and given written clearance to return to participation by a health care provider. (Education Code 33479.2, 33479.5)

Automated External Defibrillators

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 35179.6, as added by AB 2009 (Ch. 646, Statutes of 2018), effective July 1, 2019, a district that offers an interscholastic athletic program is required to make an automated external defibrillator (AED) available to coaches, athletic trainers, and/or other authorized persons at athletic activities or events. Education Code 35179.6 encourages districts to make AEDs available for emergency care or treatment within three to five minutes of sudden cardiac arrest to any person in attendance at an on-campus athletic activity or event.

Education Code 35179.6 clarifies that the district or district employee will not be liable for civil damages resulting from any act or omission in the rendering of emergency care or treatment provided that the employee complies with the requirements of Health and Safety Code 1797.196 and does not act with gross negligence or willful or wanton misconduct by using, attempting to use, or maliciously failing to use an AED to render emergency care or treatment.

The Superintendent or designee shall acquire at least one automated external defibrillator (AED) for each district school and shall make the AED(s) available to coaches, athletic trainers, and/or other authorized persons at athletic activities or events for the purpose of providing emergency care or treatment to students, spectators, and other individuals in attendance at athletic activities and events. (Education Code 35179.6)

(cf. 5141 - Health Care and Emergencies)

The district shall comply with all requirements of Health and Safety Code 1797.196 pertaining to any AED acquired by the district, including, but not limited to, regular maintenance and testing of the AED and the provision and posting of information regarding the proper use of the AED. (Education Code 35179.6; Health and Safety Code 1797.196)

Additional Parental Notifications

Note: The following **optional** section lists notices that the district may send to parents/guardians of students participating in interscholastic athletics. This section should be revised to reflect district practice.

Before a student participates in interscholastic athletic activities, the Superintendent or designee shall, in addition to providing his/her parents/guardians with information on the signs and symptoms of concussions and sudden cardiac arrest as described above, send a notice to the student's parents/guardians which:

ATHLETIC COMPETITION (continued)

Note: Education Code 33353 requires CIF to provide information to students and parents/guardians about procedures for discrimination complaints arising from interscholastic athletic activities. Education Code 33354 allows a complainant to file a discrimination complaint directly with CDE.

1. Contains information about the procedures for filing a discrimination complaint that arises out of an interscholastic athletic activity, including the name of the district's Title IX Coordinator

(cf. 1312.3 - Uniform Complaint Procedures)

Note: Education Code 221.61 requires districts to post specified information on their web sites related to Title IX. A district that does not maintain a web site may comply by posting the information on the web site of its county office of education. A comprehensive list of rights based on the provisions of the federal regulations implementing Title IX can be found in Education Code 221.8. See AR 5145.3 - Nondiscrimination/Harassment. **Optional** item #2 below provides that this information will also be provided in writing to the parents/guardians of student athletes.

2. Includes a copy of students' Title IX rights pursuant to Education Code 221.8

Note: In Kahn v. East Side Union High School District, the California Supreme Court analyzed the liability of a coach for an injury to a member of a high school diving team. The court acknowledged that some risk of injury is inherent in sports and part of a coach's job is to "push" a student athlete to advance his/her skill level and to undertake more difficult tasks. According to the court, a coach could be found liable only when he/she intentionally injures the student or engages in conduct that is so reckless that it is outside of the ordinary activity involved in teaching or coaching the sport.

The district may or may not wish to seek a waiver of liability for accidents or injuries resulting from participation in athletic activities. Whether a liability waiver is legally effective is likely to be determined on a case-by-case basis, and it is questionable whether a student's right to participate in extracurricular activities could be made contingent upon the submission of a waiver. Legal counsel should be consulted when addressing the complex issues related to liability waivers.

3. Explains that there is an element of risk associated with all athletic competitions and that the district cannot guarantee that students will not be injured, despite a commitment to every participant's health and welfare

(cf. 3530 - Risk Management/Insurance)

Note: Education Code 32221.5 requires the district to provide information about insurance protection to each student participating on a school athletic team. For specific language that must be contained in this statement, see AR 5143 - Insurance.

4. Provides information about insurance protection pursuant to Education Code 32221.5

(cf. 5143 - Insurance)

ATHLETIC COMPETITION (continued)

5. Requests parental permission for the student to participate in the program and, if appropriate, be transported by the district to and from competitions

(cf. 3541.1 - Transportation for School-Related Trips)

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 48900, a student may be subject to suspension or expulsion if he/she engages, or attempts to engage, in hazing.

6. States the district's expectation that students adhere strictly to all safety rules, regulations, and instructions, as well as rules and guidelines related to conduct and sportsmanship

(cf. 5144 - Discipline)

(cf. 5144.1 - Suspension and Expulsion/Due Process)

7. Includes a copy of the local CIF league rules

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 49033 and CIF bylaws, any student participating in athletics and his/her parent/guardian must sign a statement that the student will not use androgenic/anabolic steroids, unless he/she has a written prescription from a licensed health care practitioner, or dietary supplements banned by the U.S. Anti-Doping Agency as well as the substance synephrine. See BP/AR 5131.63 - Steroids.

8. Includes information about the CIF bylaw and district policy requiring any student athlete and his/her parent/guardian to sign a statement that the student will not use steroids, unless prescribed by a licensed health care practitioner, or prohibited dietary supplements that include substances banned by the U.S. Anti-Doping Agency

(cf. 5131.63 - Steroids)

(10/15 5/17) 10/18

CSBA Sample

Board Policy

Instruction

BP 6152.1(a)

PLACEMENT IN MATHEMATICS COURSES

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 51224.7, the Governing Board of a district which serves 9th-grade students is **mandated** to develop and, at a regularly scheduled public Board meeting, adopt a fair, objective, and transparent mathematics placement policy with specified components. Although not required, districts serving students who are transitioning between elementary and middle or junior high schools are encouraged to adopt and implement policy to address the transition from elementary to secondary mathematics courses.

Pursuant to Education Code 51225.3, high school graduation requirements include the completion of at least two mathematics courses in grades 9-12. Pursuant to Education Code 51224.5, one of those two courses must meet or exceed state content standards for Algebra I or Mathematics I. While the completion of Algebra I or Mathematics I coursework prior to 9th grade would satisfy this requirement, it does not exempt a student from the requirement to complete two mathematics courses in grades 9-12. See BP 6142.92 - Mathematics Instruction and BP 6146.1 - High School Graduation Requirements.

According to a report by the Lawyers' Committee for Civil Rights of San Francisco Bay Area, Held Back: Addressing Misplacement of 9th Grade Students in Bay Area School Math Classes, many districts place students who have successfully completed Algebra I in 8th grade into Algebra I class again in 9th grade. In adding Education Code 51224.7, the legislature declared that placement in appropriate mathematics courses is critically important for a student in his/her middle and high school years, and that misplacement in the sequence of mathematics courses creates barriers for educational success, especially for students of color.

The Governing Board believes that a sound educational program must include the study of subjects that prepare students for admission to higher education and/or fulfilling careers. District students shall be provided an opportunity to complete a sequence of mathematics courses recommended for admission into the University of California and California State University systems.

(cf. 6141.5 - Advanced Placement)

(cf. 6142.92 - Mathematics Instruction)

(cf. 6143 - Courses of Study)

(cf. 6146.1 - High School Graduation Requirements)

Note: The following paragraph may be revised to reflect district practice. For nonunified districts, Education Code 51224.7 **mandates** that the policy address the consistency of mathematics placement policies between elementary and high school districts.

The Superintendent or designee shall work with district teachers, counselors, and administrators and the representatives of feeder schools to develop a well-articulated sequence of mathematics courses and consistent protocols for placing students in mathematics courses offered at district high schools.

Note: Education Code 51224.7 **mandates** that the district's policy include the following statement. Also see the accompanying administrative regulation for further information regarding placement protocols.

PLACEMENT IN MATHEMATICS COURSES (continued)

Such placement protocols shall systematically take into consideration multiple objective academic measures that may include, but are not limited to, statewide mathematics assessments, including state interim and summative assessments; placement tests that are aligned to state-adopted content standards in mathematics; classroom assignment and grades; and report cards. (Education Code 51224.7)

(cf. 5121 - Grades/Evaluation of Student Achievement)

(cf. 6011 - Academic Standards)

(cf. 6162.5 - Student Assessment)

(cf. 6162.51 - State Academic Achievement Tests)

Note: The Lawyers' Committee for Civil Rights of San Francisco Bay Area's report, Held Back: Addressing Misplacement of 9th Grade Students in Bay Area School Math Classes, found that the practice of having 9th-grade students repeat Algebra I disproportionately affects students of color and from low-income families, and could therefore be found to be discriminatory. For more information about the prohibition against discrimination in district programs and activities, see BP 0410 - Nondiscrimination in District Programs and Activities.

District staff shall implement the placement protocols uniformly and without regard to students' socioeconomic background or any characteristic specified in BP 0410 - Nondiscrimination in District Programs and Activities, including, but not limited to, race, sex, gender, nationality, and ethnicity.

(cf. 0410 - Nondiscrimination in District Programs and Activities)

(cf. 0415 - Equity)

(cf. 6174 - Education for English Learners)

Note: Education Code 51224.7 **mandates** that the district's policy include at least one placement checkpoint within the first month of the school year to ensure accurate placement and permit reevaluation of individual student progress.

The placement protocols shall provide for at least one reevaluation within the first month of the school year to ensure that students are appropriately placed in mathematics courses and shall specify the criteria the district will use to make this determination. Any student found to be misplaced shall be promptly placed in the appropriate mathematics course.

Note: Education Code 51224.7 **mandates** that the district's policy offer a clear and timely recourse for any student and his/her parent/guardian who question the student's placement. See the accompanying administrative regulation for additional language implementing this requirement.

If a student or parent/guardian questions the student's placement, he/she may appeal the decision to the Superintendent or designee. The decision of the Superintendent or designee shall be final.

PLACEMENT IN MATHEMATICS COURSES (continued)

The Superintendent or designee shall ensure that all teachers, counselors, and other district staff responsible for determining students' placement in mathematics courses receive training on the placement protocols.

(cf. 4131 - Staff Development)

Note: To ensure that students who are qualified to progress in mathematics courses based on their performance on district-selected objective academic measures are not unlawfully or inappropriately held back, Education Code 51224.7 **mandates** that the policy include a requirement for an annual examination of aggregate student placement data which must be reported to the Board. In addition, pursuant to Education Code 52060, districts must annually review their progress toward the student achievement goals in their local control and accountability plan using measures that include, as applicable, the percentage of students who have successfully completed courses that satisfy the requirements for entrance to the University of California and the California State University.

The Board and the Superintendent or designee shall annually review student data related to placement in mathematics courses offered at district high schools to ensure that students who are qualified to progress in mathematics courses based on their performance on objective academic measures are not being held back in a disproportionate manner on the basis of any subjective or discriminatory basis, and shall develop strategies for removing any identified barriers to students' access to mathematics courses. The Superintendent or designee shall also report on the percentage of district students who have successfully completed mathematics courses that satisfy the requirements for entrance to the University of California and the California State University.

(cf. 0460 - Local Control and Accountability Plan)

(cf. 0500 - Accountability)

Legal Reference: (see next page)

PLACEMENT IN MATHEMATICS COURSES (continued)

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE

200-262.4 Prohibition of discrimination

48070.5 Promotion and retention; required policy

51220 Areas of study, grades 7-12

51224.5 Completion of Algebra I or Mathematics I

51224.7 California Mathematics Placement Act of 2015

51225.3 High school graduation requirements

51284 Financial literacy

52060-52077 Local control and accountability plan

60605 State-adopted content and performance standards in core curricular areas

60605.8 Common Core standards

60640-60649 California Assessment of Student Performance and Progress

Management Resources:

CSBA PUBLICATIONS

Math Misplacement, Governance Brief, September 2015

CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION PUBLICATIONS

Mathematics Framework for California Public Schools: Kindergarten Through Grade Twelve, 2013

California Common Core State Standards: Mathematics, January 2013

COMMON CORE STATE STANDARDS INITIATIVE PUBLICATIONS

Appendix A: Designing High School Mathematics Courses Based on the Common Core State Standards

LAWYERS' COMMITTEE FOR CIVIL RIGHTS OF THE SAN FRANCISCO BAY AREA (LCCR)

Held Back - Addressing Misplacement of 9th Grade Students in Bay Area School Math Classes, 2013

WEB SITES

CSBA: <http://www.csba.org>

California Department of Education: <http://www.cde.ca.gov>

Common Core State Standards Initiative: <http://www.corestandards.org/math>

Lawyers' Committee for Civil Rights of the San Francisco Bay Area (LCCR): <http://www.lccr.com>

Northwest Evaluation Association, Measures of Academic Progress: <http://www.nwea.org>

University of California, Mathematics Diagnostic Testing Project: <http://mdtp.ucsd.edu>

CSBA Sample

Administrative Regulation

Instruction

AR 6152.1(a)

PLACEMENT IN MATHEMATICS COURSES

Placement Protocols

Note: Education Code 51224.7 **mandates** that any district that serves 9th-grade students adopt protocols for student placement in mathematics courses based on multiple objective academic measures, such as statewide assessments, including interim and summative assessments; placement tests that are aligned to state-adopted content standards in mathematics; classroom assignment and grades; and report cards. Districts that serve students transitioning from elementary to middle or junior high school may also adopt a placement protocol based on similar measures. The following section should be revised to reflect the grade levels at which the placement protocols will be applied, specific tests and other measures used for placement purposes, and the performance level on each assessment or minimum grade that will be used to determine a student's readiness for specific mathematics courses.

In determining student placement in mathematics courses for students entering grade 9, the Superintendent or designee shall assess whether each student has the prerequisite skills for success in the course and consider student and parent/guardian requests. Such determinations shall be based on multiple measures, including, but not limited to, the following:

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 60640, mathematics assessments in the California Assessment of Student Performance and Progress are administered at grades 3-8 and 11.

1. Interim and summative grade 8 mathematics assessments from the California Assessment of Student Performance and Progress
2. For students with disabilities, an alternate test or other measures when designated in a student's individualized education program (IEP)
3. Other assessments such as Measures of Academic Progress, the readiness tests of the University of California's Mathematics Diagnosis Testing Project, and/or district benchmark assessments
4. The student's grades in his/her previous mathematics course
5. The final mathematics grade on the end-of-year report card

(cf. 5121 - Grades/Evaluation of Student Achievement)

(cf. 6142.92 - Mathematics Instruction)

(cf. 6143 - Courses of Study)

(cf. 6162.5 - Student Assessment)

(cf. 6162.51 - State Academic Achievement Tests)

PLACEMENT IN MATHEMATICS COURSES (continued)

Individual student performance data shall be analyzed each spring prior to scheduling and placing students into secondary mathematics courses. Students and parents/guardians shall be notified in writing by the end of the school year as to the mathematics course in which the student has been placed.

No student shall be required to repeat a mathematics course which he/she has successfully completed in accordance with district's placement protocols.

Note: Recommendations by teachers or counselors are generally considered subjective and therefore do not meet the requirement of Education Code 51224.7 that placement in mathematics courses be based on objective measures. The following **optional** paragraph authorizes staff recommendations to be considered when placing a student in a higher level mathematics course than he/she would be assigned based on the district's protocol, but such recommendations should not be the sole basis for placing a student in a lower level class.

When a student does not qualify to be enrolled in a particular mathematics course based on a consideration of the objective measures specified in the placement protocol, he/she may nevertheless be admitted to the course based on the recommendation of a teacher or counselor who has personal knowledge of the student's academic ability.

Students who exhibit deficits in knowledge and skills needed to advance to a higher level mathematics course may receive supplemental instruction to improve achievement of mathematic content standards.

(cf. 6011 - Academic Standards)

(cf. 6179 - Supplemental Instruction)

Reevaluation

Within the first month of the school year, mathematics course placements shall be individually reevaluated to ensure placement in the most rigorous mathematics course for which the student has the potential for success.

Criteria for reevaluating each student's placement shall include, but are not limited to, course preassessment results, attendance, and student performance in the first month of the school year as determined by teacher observation and grades on assignments and tests. Student and parent/guardian request for course placement may also be considered.

Notification of Placement Protocol

The district's policy and protocols related to student placement in mathematics courses shall be posted on the district's web site. (Education Code 51224.7)

(cf. 1113 - District and School Web Sites)

PLACEMENT IN MATHEMATICS COURSES (continued)

The Superintendent or designee shall also make the district's placement policy, protocols, and course sequence readily accessible to students, parents/guardians, and staff at school sites and/or in student handbooks.

Appeals

Note: Education Code 51224.7 **mandates** that the district's policy or protocol offer a clear and timely recourse for any student and parent/guardian who question the student's placement. See the accompanying Board policy. The following paragraph contains timelines that may be revised to reflect district practice.

Within 10 school days of an initial placement decision or a placement decision upon reevaluation, a student and his/her parent/guardian who disagree with the placement may appeal the decision to the Superintendent or designee. The Superintendent or designee shall decide whether or not to overrule the placement determination within 10 school days of receiving the appeal.

CSBA Sample

Board Policy

Instruction

BP 6170.1(a)

TRANSITIONAL KINDERGARTEN

Note: The following policy is for use by districts that maintain kindergarten and may be revised to reflect district practice. Education Code 48000 provides that children are eligible for kindergarten enrollment if they have their fifth birthday on or before September 1 in that school year; see AR 5111 - Admission. Pursuant to Education Code 48000, any child whose fifth birthday is between September 2 and December 2 must be offered a transitional kindergarten (TK) program.

Education Code 48000 defines TK as the first year of a two-year kindergarten program that uses a modified kindergarten curriculum that is age and developmentally appropriate. Many of the requirements applicable to kindergarten (e.g., class size, minimum school day, facilities) are also applicable to TK. The district will receive funding based on average daily attendance (ADA) for students in a TK program that meets the requirements specified in Education Code 48000.

For guidance on implementing TK programs, see the [Transitional Kindergarten Implementation Guide: A Resource for California Public School District Administrators and Teachers](#), published by the California Department of Education (CDE).

The Governing Board desires to offer a high-quality transitional kindergarten (TK) program for eligible children who do not yet meet the minimum age criterion for kindergarten. The TK program shall assist students in developing the academic, social, and emotional skills they need to succeed in kindergarten and beyond.

The district's TK program shall be the first year of a two-year kindergarten program. (Education Code 48000)

The Board encourages ongoing collaboration among district preschool staff, other preschool providers, elementary teachers, administrators, and parents/guardians in the development, implementation, and evaluation of the district's TK program.

(cf. 1220 - Citizen Advisory Committees)

(cf. 6020 - Parent Involvement)

Eligibility

The district's TK program shall admit children whose fifth birthday is from September 2 through December 2. (Education Code 48000)

Note: The CDE's "Transitional Kindergarten FAQs" clarify that children are required to have documentation of required immunizations or a valid exemption prior to admission to TK. For information about required immunizations and exemptions, see BP/AR 5141.31 - Immunizations.

TRANSITIONAL KINDERGARTEN (continued)

Parents/guardians of eligible children shall be notified of the availability of the TK program and age, residency, immunization, and any other enrollment requirements. Enrollment in the TK program shall be voluntary.

(cf. 5111 - Admission)

(cf. 5111.1 - District Residency)

(cf. 5141.22 - Infectious Diseases)

(cf. 5141.3 - Health Examinations)

(cf. 5141.31 - Immunizations)

(cf. 5141.32 - Health Screening for School Entry)

Note: The following paragraph is **optional**. If the district chooses to allow kindergarten-eligible children to enroll in the TK program, CDE recommends that the district establish criteria to determine selection requirements. The parent/guardian of a kindergarten-eligible child who is enrolled in TK must, at the end of the year, sign a Kindergarten Continuance Form verifying that he/she agrees to have the child enroll in kindergarten the following year; see section "Continuation in Kindergarten" below.

Upon request of a child's parents/guardians, the district may, on a case-by-case basis after the Superintendent or designee determines that it is in the child's best interest, admit into the district's TK program a child whose fifth birthday is on or before September 1 and who is therefore eligible for kindergarten.

Note: The following paragraph is **optional**. Pursuant to Education Code 48000, the district may, at its discretion, determine whether to allow admittance of children whose fifth birthday is after December 2. Such students may be admitted at any time during the school year, including at the beginning of the year. Education Code 48000 provides that districts will not receive ADA apportionment for a child whose birthday is after December 2 until the child reaches his/her fifth birthday.

At any time during the school year, the district may admit into the TK program a child whose fifth birthday is after December 2 of that same school year, provided that the Superintendent or designee recommends that enrollment in a TK program is in the child's best interest and the child's parents/guardians approve. Prior to such enrollment, the child's parents/guardians shall be provided information regarding the advantages and disadvantages and any other explanatory information about the effect of early admittance. (Education Code 48000)

Curriculum and Instruction

The district's TK program shall be based on a modified kindergarten curriculum that is age and developmentally appropriate. (Education Code 48000)

(cf. 6141 - Curriculum Development and Evaluation)

(cf. 6161.1 - Selection and Evaluation of Instructional Materials)

Note: Education Code 48000 states the Legislature's intent that the TK curriculum be aligned to the California Preschool Learning Foundations developed by CDE. These standards address essential skills in the subject areas listed below. The standards and companion preschool curriculum frameworks are available on CDE's web site.

TRANSITIONAL KINDERGARTEN (continued)

The program shall be aligned with the preschool learning foundations and preschool curriculum frameworks developed by the California Department of Education (CDE). It shall be designed to facilitate students' development in essential skills related to language and literacy, mathematics, physical development, health, visual and performing arts, science, history-social science, English language development, and social-emotional development.

(cf. 5148.3 - *Preschool/Early Childhood Education*)

(cf. 6011 - *Academic Standards*)

(cf. 6174 - *Education for English Learners*)

Note: The following **optional** paragraph may be revised to reflect district practice. Education Code 37202 permits districts to maintain TK and kindergarten classes for different lengths of time during the school day, either at the same or a different school site. Districts offering TK classes for different lengths of time are still required to meet the minimum and maximum length of school day provided in law. Pursuant to Education Code 46111, 46115, and 46117, at the kindergarten and TK level the minimum school day is three hours (180 minutes), including recess but excluding noon intermission, and the maximum school day is four hours (240 minutes), excluding recess, unless the district has adopted an extended-day kindergarten pursuant to Education Code 8973. However, pursuant to Education Code 46119, if the district has fewer than 40 kindergarten students, the Governing Board may apply to the Superintendent of Public Instruction to maintain two kindergarten classes of 150 minutes each, including recesses, taught on the same day by the same teacher. Also see AR 6112 - School Day.

Pursuant to Education Code 48003, districts are required to provide an annual report to CDE regarding the type of kindergarten program offered by the district, including part day, full day, or both. The School Information Form 2017, located on the CDE web site, requires a report on the type of TK program offered.

The Board shall establish the length(s) of the school day in the district's TK program. TK programs may be maintained for different lengths of time either at the same or different school sites, as long as the school day is at least three hours but no more than four hours. The Superintendent or designee shall annually report to CDE as to whether the district's TK programs are offered full day, part day, or both. (Education Code 37202, 46111, 46115, 46117, 48003)

(cf. 6111 - *School Calendar*)

(cf. 6112 - *School Day*)

Note: The following **optional** paragraph may be revised to reflect district practice. According to CDE's "Transitional Kindergarten FAQs," it is the intent of the law to provide separate and unique experiences for TK and kindergarten students. However, districts have flexibility to determine how best to meet the curricular needs of each child and whether TK and kindergarten students may be enrolled in the same classrooms.

TK students may be placed in the same classrooms as kindergarten students when necessary, provided that the instructional program is differentiated to meet student needs.

TRANSITIONAL KINDERGARTEN (continued)

Note: AB 1808 (Ch. 32, Statutes of 2018) amended Education Code 8235 and 48000 to allow districts to place 4-year-old children enrolled in a California State Preschool Program into a TK program and to commingle children from both programs in the same classroom as long as all of the requirements of each program are met and the district adheres to specified requirements, including that the classroom does not contain children enrolled in TK for a second year or children enrolled in a regular kindergarten. Also see BP/AR 5148.3 - Preschool/Early Childhood Education.

TK students may be placed in a classroom commingled with 4-year-old students from a California State Preschool Program as long as the classroom does not include students enrolled in TK for a second year or students enrolled in a regular kindergarten. (Education Code 8235, 48000)

Staffing

Note: To be qualified to teach a TK class, the teacher must possess an appropriate multiple subjects or early childhood education credential issued by the Commission on Teacher Credentialing authorizing instruction in TK. Education Code 48000 establishes additional requirements for credentialed teachers who are first assigned to a TK class after July 1, 2015, as provided below.

TK assignments are subject to assignment monitoring and reporting by the County Superintendent of Schools in accordance with Education Code 44258.9.

The Superintendent or designee shall ensure that teachers assigned to teach in TK classes possess a teaching credential or permit from the Commission on Teacher Credentialing (CTC) that authorizes such instruction.

(cf. 4112.2 - Certification)

A credentialed teacher who is first assigned to a TK class after July 1, 2015, shall, by August 1, 2020, have at least 24 units in early childhood education and/or child development, comparable experience in a preschool setting, and/or a child development teacher permit issued by CTC. (Education Code 48000)

The Superintendent or designee may provide professional development as needed to ensure that TK teachers are knowledgeable about the standards and effective instructional methods for teaching young children.

(cf. 4131 - Staff Development)

Continuation to Kindergarten

Note: The following section is consistent with guidance in CDE's "Transitional Kindergarten FAQs."

Students who complete the TK program shall be eligible to continue in kindergarten the following school year. Parents/guardians of such students shall not be required to submit a signed Kindergarten Continuance Form for kindergarten attendance.

TRANSITIONAL KINDERGARTEN (continued)

Note: The following **optional** paragraph is for use by districts that allow kindergarten-eligible children to enroll in TK; see "Eligibility" section above. When such students are subsequently enrolled in kindergarten, the district is required to obtain a signed Kindergarten Continuance Form in order to receive kindergarten ADA for those children since they would otherwise be age-eligible for first grade. CDE recommends that approval for a student to continue in kindergarten not be sought until near the end of the year of TK, since permission obtained unreasonably far in advance could be found invalid.

However, whenever children who would otherwise be age-eligible for kindergarten are enrolled in TK, the Superintendent or designee shall obtain a Kindergarten Continuance Form signed by the parent/guardian near the end of the TK year consenting to the child's enrollment in kindergarten the following year.

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 46300, the district may not include for ADA purposes the attendance of any student for more than two years in a combination of TK and kindergarten.

A student shall not attend more than two years in a combination of TK and kindergarten. (Education Code 46300)

(cf. 5123 - Promotion/Acceleration/Retention)

Assessment

Note: The following section may be revised to reflect district practice. One assessment resource for TK students is CDE's Desired Results Developmental Profile, which is designed to assess the developmental progression of all children from early infancy to kindergarten entry.

The Superintendent or designee may develop or identify appropriate formal and/or informal assessments of TK students' development and progress. He/she shall monitor and regularly report to the Board regarding program implementation and the progress of students in meeting related academic standards.

(cf. 0500 - Accountability)

(cf. 6162.5 - Student Assessment)

Legal Reference: (see next page)

TRANSITIONAL KINDERGARTEN (continued)

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE

8235 California State Preschool Program
8973 Extended-day kindergarten
37202 School calendar; equivalency of instructional minutes
44258.9 Assignment monitoring by county superintendent of schools
46111 Kindergarten, hours of attendance
46114-46119 Minimum school day, kindergarten
46300 Computation of ADA, inclusion of kindergarten and transitional kindergarten
48000 Age of admission, kindergarten and transitional kindergarten
48002 Evidence of minimum age required to enter kindergarten or first grade
48003 Kindergarten annual report
48200 Compulsory education, starting at age six

Management Resources:

CSBA PUBLICATIONS

What Boards of Education Can Do About Kindergarten Readiness, Governance Brief, May 2016

CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION PUBLICATIONS

Transitional Kindergarten FAQs

Desired Results Developmental Profile, 2015

Transitional Kindergarten Implementation Guide: A Resource for California Public School District Administrators and Teachers, 2013

California Preschool Curriculum Framework, Vol. 3, 2013

California Preschool Learning Foundations, Vol. 3, 2012

California Preschool Curriculum Framework, Vol. 2, 2011

California Preschool Learning Foundations, Vol. 2, 2010

California Preschool Curriculum Framework, Vol. 1, 2010

California Preschool Learning Foundations, Vol. 1, 2008

WEB SITES

CSBA: <http://www.csba.org>

California Department of Education: <http://www.cde.ca.gov>

California Kindergarten Association: <http://www.ckanet.org>

Commission on Teacher Credentialing: <http://www.ctc.ca.gov>

Transitional Kindergarten California: <http://www.tkcalifornia.org>

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CSBA Sample

Board Policy

Instruction

BP 6178(a)

CAREER TECHNICAL EDUCATION

Note: The following policy is for use by districts that maintain any of grades 7-12. Education Code 51220 requires that the adopted course of study for grades 7-12 include courses in career technical education (CTE); see BP/AR 6143 - Courses of Study.

Funding for CTE programs may be available through the federal Strengthening Career and Technical Education for the 21st Century Act, sometimes referred to as Perkins V (20 USC 2301-2414, as amended by P.L. 115-224 and effective July 1, 2019), and state grant programs such as the California Career Pathways Trust pursuant to Education Code 53010-53016 and the California Career Technical Education Incentive Grant Program pursuant to Education Code 53070-53076.4, as amended by AB 1808 (Ch. 32, Statutes of 2018). In addition, secondary schools may offer CTE through partnership academies (Education Code 54690-54697), regional occupational centers and programs (ROC/Ps) (Education Code 52300-52335.12), and/or district-funded programs.

The following policy should be revised to reflect program(s) offered by the district and grade levels at which such programs shall be offered.

The Governing Board desires to provide a comprehensive career technical education (CTE) program in the secondary grades which integrates core academic instruction with technical and occupational instruction in order to increase student achievement, graduation rates, and readiness for postsecondary education and employment. The district's CTE program shall be designed to help students develop the academic, career, and technical skills needed to succeed in a knowledge- and skills-based economy. The program shall include a rigorous academic component and provide students with practical experience and understanding of all aspects of an industry.

(cf. 6143 - Courses of Study)

(cf. 6200 - Adult Education)

The district's CTE program shall focus on preparing students to enter current or emerging high-skill, high-wage, and/or high-demand occupations. CTE opportunities may be offered through linked learning programs, partnership academies, apprenticeship programs or orientation to apprenticeships, regional occupational centers or programs (ROC/Ps), charter schools, small learning communities, magnet programs, or other programs that expose students to career options while preparing them for future careers in a given industry or interest area.

(cf. 0420.4 - Charter School Authorization)

(cf. 6178.2 - Regional Occupational Center/Program)

The Superintendent or designee shall explore available funding sources that may be used to support CTE programs. The Board shall review and approve all district plans and applications for the use of district, state, and/or federal funds supporting CTE.

(cf. 3230 - Federal Grant Funds)

CAREER TECHNICAL EDUCATION (continued)

Note: State model curriculum standards for CTE for grades 7-12 integrate the state's academic content standards with industry-specific knowledge and skills in 58 career pathways organized into 15 industry sectors: agriculture and natural resources; arts, media, and entertainment; building trades and construction; education, child development, and family services; energy and utilities; engineering and design; fashion and interior design; finance and business; health science and medical technology; hospitality, tourism, and recreation; information technology; manufacturing and product development; marketing, sales, and service; public services; and transportation. The state's curriculum framework for CTE provides guidance in implementing the state content standards. Any district that adopts a course of study that meets or exceeds the state model curriculum standards will be deemed to have satisfied the requirement of Education Code 51228 that the district offer students in grades 7-12 the opportunity to attain entry-level employment skills in business or industry upon high school graduation; see BP 6143 - Courses of Study.

The Board shall adopt district standards for CTE which meet or exceed the state's model content standards and describe the essential knowledge and skills that students enrolled in these courses are expected to master. The course curriculum shall be aligned with district-adopted standards and the state's curriculum framework.

(cf. 6011 - Academic Standards)

(cf. 6141 - Curriculum Development and Evaluation)

Note: Pursuant to Education Code 52376, the following two paragraphs are **mandated** for districts that accept funds for the purpose of developing and implementing, in consultation with the ROC/P and community college serving the geographic area of the district, a CTE program for high school students.

At least every three years, the Board shall compare the district's curriculum, course content, and course sequence of CTE with the model state curriculum standards. (Education Code 52376)

Note: Education Code 52376 requires districts to determine the extent to which their CTE courses may offer an alternative means for completing course requirements for high school graduation. In addition, Education Code 51225.3 authorizes the Board to include a course in CTE as an alternative to the visual or performing arts or foreign language course requirement for high school graduation; see BP 6146.1 - High School Graduation Requirements.

The Superintendent or designee shall systematically review the district's CTE courses to determine the degree to which each course may offer an alternative means for completing and receiving credit for specific portions of the course of study prescribed by the district for high school graduation. The Board shall ensure that these classes are equivalent in content and rigor to the courses prescribed for graduation. (Education Code 52376)

(cf. 6146.1 - High School Graduation Requirements)

(cf. 6146.11 - Alternative Credits Toward Graduation)

(cf. 6146.2 - Certificate of Proficiency/High School Equivalency)

Note: Education Code 51760.1 authorizes districts, county offices of education, ROC/Ps, and partnership academies to provide work-based learning opportunities which may include, but are not limited to, work

CAREER TECHNICAL EDUCATION (continued)

experience education as defined in Education Code 51764, community classrooms or cooperative CTE programs as defined in Education Code 52372.1, and job shadowing as defined in Education Code 51769; see BP/AR 6178.1 - Work-Based Learning. In addition, although not specified in state law, other examples of work-based learning opportunities cited in the CDE's publication Multiple Pathways to Student Success: Envisioning the New California High School include student internships/field study, apprenticeships, service learning, work in social/civic enterprises or school-based enterprises such as student stores, and technology-based or other simulated work experiences.

The Superintendent or designee shall develop partnerships with local businesses and industries to ensure that course sequences, career technical and integrated curriculum, classroom instruction and projects, and assessments have real-world relevance and reflect labor market needs and priorities. He/she shall also work to develop connections with businesses, postsecondary institutions, community organizations, and/or other employers to provide students with actual or simulated work-based learning opportunities.

(cf. 1700 - Relations Between Private Industry and the Schools)

(cf. 5113.2 - Work Permits)

(cf. 6178.1 - Work-Based Learning)

The Superintendent or designee shall collaborate with postsecondary institutions to ensure that the district's program is articulated with postsecondary programs in order to provide a sequential course of study. Articulation opportunities may include dual or concurrent enrollment in community college courses.

(cf. 6172.1 - Concurrent Enrollment in College Classes)

Note: Education Code 8070 requires the Board to appoint a CTE advisory committee composed of representatives from specified groups, as detailed below. During the Federal Program Monitoring process, CDE staff will review whether the district has appointed such a committee.

In addition, pursuant to 20 USC 2354, as amended by P.L. 115-224, districts that receive Perkins V funding are required to involve specified stakeholders in conducting a needs assessment and developing the district application, and on a continuing basis thereafter. One way to accomplish this is to include such stakeholders on the CTE advisory committee. Other programs may have similar requirements for stakeholder involvement. The following paragraph may be revised to reflect requirements applicable to programs offered by the district.

The Board shall appoint a CTE advisory committee to develop recommendations on the district's CTE program and to serve as a liaison between the district and potential employers. The committee shall consist of at least one student, teacher, business representative, industry representative, school administrator, member of the general public knowledgeable about the disadvantaged, and representative of the field office of the California Employment Development Department. (Education Code 8070)

(cf. 1220 - Citizen Advisory Committees)

CAREER TECHNICAL EDUCATION (continued)

Note: The following **optional** paragraph may be revised to reflect district practice. Among the criteria for admission to the University of California (UC) or California State University (CSU) system is a requirement that high school students satisfactorily complete 15 units of specified courses ("a-g" courses). These include a growing number of CTE courses that connect knowledge of academic content with practical or work-related applications. Education Code 51229 requires that districts annually provide parents/guardians of students in grades 9-12 with (1) a brief explanation of the a-g course requirements; (2) a list of UC and CSU web sites that provide related information and a list of certified a-g courses; (3) a brief description of CTE, as defined by CDE; (4) the Internet address for the portion of the CDE web site where students can learn more about CTE; and (5) information about how students may meet with school counselors to help them choose courses that will meet college admission requirements and/or to enroll in CTE courses. See AR 6143 - Courses of Study and E 5145.6 - Parental Notifications.

In addition, districts that include a course in CTE as an alternative to the visual or performing arts or foreign language course requirement for high school graduation, as authorized by Education Code 51225.3, are required by Education Code 48980 to provide a list of CTE courses offered by the district that satisfy the a-g course requirements for college admission and to specify which requirements they satisfy. **Districts that do not allow this alternative graduation requirement should modify the following paragraph accordingly.**

The Superintendent or designee shall inform all secondary students and their parents/guardians about the CTE experiences available in the district, CTE courses that satisfy college admission criteria, and, if applicable, CTE courses that satisfy high school graduation requirements. In addition, secondary students shall receive individualized academic counseling which provides information about academic and CTE opportunities related to the student's career goals.

(cf. 5145.6 - Parental Notifications)

(cf. 6164.2 - Guidance/Counseling Services)

Note: Pursuant to 34 CFR 100 (Appendix B), the notice specified below may be made in local newspapers, publications or media reaching target populations, or by other means and should include a brief summary of program offerings, admission criteria, and the name and contact information of the person designated to coordinate Title IX and Section 504 compliance activity. If the population within the district contains a community of persons with limited English language skills, the notification must be disseminated in the languages of the community. See BP 5145.6 - Parental Notifications for state requirements pertaining to the translation of parental notifications.

Prior to the beginning of each school year, the Superintendent or designee shall advise students, parents/guardians, employees, and the general public that all CTE opportunities are offered without regard to any actual or perceived characteristic protected from discrimination by law. The notification shall be disseminated in languages other than English as needed and shall state that the district will take steps to ensure that the lack of English language skills will not be a barrier to admission and participation in the district's CTE program. (20 USC 2354; 34 CFR 100 Appendix B, 104.8, 106.9)

(cf. 0410 - Nondiscrimination in District Programs and Activities)

(cf. 1312.3 - Uniform Complaint Procedures)

CAREER TECHNICAL EDUCATION (continued)

Note: The following paragraph is for use by districts that receive funding through Perkins V for basic CTE programs pursuant to 20 USC 2301-2414. See the accompanying administrative regulation for further information regarding the participation of private school students and staff in district programs.

To the extent required by law, the Superintendent or designee shall invite the participation of private school students in CTE programs supported by federal funding under the Strengthening Career and Technical Education for the 21st Century Act (Perkins) (20 USC 2397)

Note: Teachers of technical, trade, or vocational courses must possess a single subject credential or a designated subjects credential issued by the Commission on Teacher Credentialing which authorizes teaching CTE courses. The designated subjects CTE credential is available in 15 subjects which reflect the 15 industry sectors identified in the state's model curriculum standards; see AR 4112.2 - Certification. In order to obtain the preliminary designated subjects credential, teachers must have at least three years of work experience directly related to each industry sector specified on the credential.

The Superintendent or designee shall ensure that teachers of CTE courses possess the qualifications and credentials necessary to teach their assigned courses. He/she shall also provide teachers and administrators with professional development designed to enhance their knowledge of standards-aligned CTE and shall provide opportunities for CTE teachers to collaborate with teachers of academic courses in the development and implementation of integrated curriculum models.

(cf. 4112.2 - Certification)
 (cf. 4131 - Staff Development)
 (cf. 4331 - Staff Development)

The Superintendent or designee shall provide counselors and other guidance personnel with professional development that includes, but is not limited to, information about current workforce needs and trends, requirements of the district's CTE program, work-based learning opportunities, and postsecondary education and employment options following high school.

Note: The following paragraph is **optional**. Education Code 17078.72 provides funding for improving and expanding CTE programs through construction of new facilities, remodeling of existing facilities, and/or purchase of equipment.

The Superintendent or designee shall regularly assess district needs for facilities, technologies, and equipment to increase students' access to the district's CTE program.

(cf. 0440 - District Technology Plan)
 (cf. 3440 - Inventories)
 (cf. 3512 - Equipment)
 (cf. 7110 - Facilities Master Plan)

CAREER TECHNICAL EDUCATION (continued)

Note: The following paragraph may be revised to reflect requirements applicable to programs offered by the district. Pursuant to Education Code 52060, the district must annually review its progress toward the goals identified in its local control and accountability plan, including, when applicable, measures of student achievement such as the percentage of students who have successfully completed courses that satisfy the requirements for CTE sequences or programs of study that align with state CTE standards and frameworks. The California School Dashboard provides a tool to assist in evaluation of district and school performance and includes measures of CTE pathway completion within the college/career readiness indicator.

In addition, each district receiving Perkins V funding must evaluate its progress in achieving specific performance levels on core indicators as detailed in the state plan and 20 USC 2323, as amended by P.L. 115-224. Pursuant to 20 USC 2343, if the district falls below 90 percent on any of these targets, the district will be required to develop and implement an improvement plan.

The Superintendent or designee shall annually report to the Board achievement data on participating students, including, but not limited to, the percentage of participating students who successfully complete CTE programs, their performance on state and district academic achievement tests, and graduation rate. Data shall be disaggregated by program and various student subgroups. Based on such data, the Board shall determine the need for program improvements and update the goals in the district's local control and accountability plan as necessary.

(cf. 0500 - Accountability)

(cf. 6162.5 - Student Assessment)

(cf. 6162.51 - State Academic Achievement Tests)

(cf. 6190 - Evaluation of the Instructional Program)

Legal Reference: (see next page)

CAREER TECHNICAL EDUCATION (continued)

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE

1205 *Classification of counties*

8006-8155 *Career technical education*

17078.70-17078.72 *Career technical education facilities*

33430-33432 *Health science and medical technology grants*

35168 *Inventory of equipment*

41540-41544 *Targeted instructional improvement block grant*

44257.3 *CTC recognition of study in linked learning teaching methods*

44260-44260.1 *Designated subjects career technical education credential*

44260.9 *Designated subjects career technical education credential*

48430 *Legislative intent; continuation education schools and classes*

48980 *Parental notifications*

51220-51229 *Courses of study, grades 7-12*

51760-51769.5 *Work experience education*

52060-52077 *Local control and accountability plan*

52300-52499.66 *Career technical education*

52519-52520 *Adult education, occupational training*

53010-53016 *California Career Pathways Trust*

53070-53076.4 *The California Career Technical Education Incentive Grant Program*

53086 *California Career Resource Network*

54690-54699.1 *California Partnership Academies*

54750-54760 *California Partnership Academies, green technology and goods movement occupations*

56363 *Related services for students with disabilities; specially designed career technical education*

66205.5-66205.9 *Approval of career technical education courses for admission to California colleges*

88500-88551 *Community college economic and workforce development program*

GOVERNMENT CODE

54950-54963 *Brown Act*

LABOR CODE

3070-3099.5 *Apprenticeships*

CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 5

1635 *Credit for work experience education*

3051.14 *Specially designed career technical education for students with disabilities*

10070-10075 *Work experience education*

10080-10092 *Community classrooms*

10100-10111 *Cooperative vocational education*

11500-11508 *Regional occupational centers and programs*

11535-11538 *Career technical education contracts with private postsecondary schools*

11610-11611 *Regional adult and vocational education councils*

CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 8

200-240 *Apprenticeships*

UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 20

2301-2414 *Strengthening Career and Technical Education for the 21st Century Act*

6301-6578 *Improving the Academic Achievement of the Disadvantaged*

CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS, TITLE 34

100 *Appendix B Guidelines for eliminating discrimination in career technical education programs*

104.1-104.39 *Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973*

106.1-106.61 *Discrimination on the basis of sex, effectuating Title IX*

Management Resources: (see next page)

CAREER TECHNICAL EDUCATION (continued)

Management Resources:

CSBA PUBLICATIONS

A Governance Perspective: Interviews with School Board Members from the Nine Linked Learning Initiative School Districts, March 2014

The Linked Learning Approach to High School Reform, Governance Brief, January 2014

CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION PUBLICATIONS

California Career Technical Education Model Curriculum Standards, Grades Seven Through Twelve, January 2013

Multiple Pathways to Student Success: Envisioning the New California High School, 2010

Career Technical Education Framework for California Public Schools, Grades Seven Through Twelve, January 2007

WEB SITES

CSBA: <http://www.csba.org>

Association for Career and Technical Education: <http://www.acteonline.org>

California Association of Regional Occupational Centers and Programs: <http://www.carocp.org>

California Career Resource Network: <http://www.californiacareers.info>

California Department of Education, Career Technical Education: <http://www.cde.ca.gov/ci/ct>

California Department of Employment Development: <http://www.edd.ca.gov>

California Department of Industrial Relations: <http://www.dir.ca.gov>

California Workforce Development Board: <http://www.cwdb.ca.gov>

Commission on Teacher Credentialing: <http://www.ctc.ca.gov>

University of California, a-g Course Submissions: http://www.ucop.edu/a-gGuide/ag/course_submissions

U.S. Department of Education, Office of Vocational and Adult Education: <http://www.ed.gov/about/offices/list/ovae/pi/cte/index.html>

U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics: <http://www.bls.gov>

CSBA Sample

Administrative Regulation

Instruction

AR 6178(a)

CAREER TECHNICAL EDUCATION

Note: The following **optional** administrative regulation should be revised to reflect program(s) offered by the district.

Federal Grants for Career Technical Education (Perkins)

Note: The following **optional** section is for use by districts that receive basic grants to support programs of career technical education (CTE) pursuant to the Strengthening Career and Technical Education for the 21st Century Act, often referred to as Perkins V (20 USC 2301-2355, as amended by P.L. 115-224). As amended, the "hold harmless" provision has been replaced with a guarantee that each state receive a minimum grant equal to 90 percent of its prior year allocation, effective in fiscal year 2021.

During the Federal Program Monitoring (FPM) process, California Department of Education (CDE) staff will review whether the district uses these federal funds to supplement, not supplant, state and local funds for CTE activities, as required by 20 USC 2391, and whether funds are used for appropriate purposes as described in 20 USC 2355 and in the state plan adopted pursuant to 20 USC 2342. As amended by P.L. 115-224, 20 USC 2342 authorizes states to develop a one-year transition plan until Perkins V becomes effective July 1, 2019, after which a four-year state plan will be required.

The district shall submit to the California Department of Education an application for a basic grant of the federal Strengthening Career and Technical Education for the 21st Century Act. The application shall address the components specified in 20 USC 2354 and any additional requirements specified in the state plan developed pursuant to 20 USC 2342. (20 USC 2354)

(cf. 3230 - Federal Grant Funds)

The district shall conduct a needs assessment in accordance with 20 USC 2354, which shall be updated at least once every two years. The needs assessment shall be conducted in consultation with representatives of district CTE programs, postsecondary CTE programs, state or local workforce development boards and businesses, parents/guardians, students, and other specified stakeholders. (20 USC 2354)

Note: The district may use Perkins V and other federal, state, and/or district funds to meet the program requirements listed below. P.L. 115-224 amended 20 USC 2355 to streamline the allowable uses of funds and eliminate the additional list of permissible uses.

To meet the needs identified in the needs assessment, the Superintendent or designee shall develop, coordinate, implement, or improve CTE programs that are of sufficient size, scope, and quality to be effective and that fulfill the following purposes: (20 USC 2355)

1. Provide career exploration and career development activities through an organized, systematic framework designed to aid students, including students in the middle

CAREER TECHNICAL EDUCATION (continued)

grades, in making informed plans and decisions about future education and career opportunities and programs of study. Such activities shall occur before students enroll and while they are participating in a CTE program, and may include:

- a. Introductory courses or activities focused on career exploration and career awareness, including non-traditional fields
- b. Readily available career and labor market information, including information on occupational supply and demand, educational requirements, other information on careers aligned to economic priorities, and employment sectors
- c. Programs and activities related to the development of student graduation and career plans
- d. Career guidance and academic counselors who provide information on postsecondary education and career options
- e. Any other activity that advances knowledge of career opportunities and assists students in making informed decisions about future education and employment goals, including nontraditional fields
- f. Activities that provide students with strong experience in, and comprehensive understanding of, all aspects of an industry

(cf. 6143 - Courses of Study)

2. Provide the skills necessary to pursue careers in high-skill, high-wage, or in-demand industry sectors or occupations

(cf. 5113.2 - Work Permits)

(cf. 6178.1 - Work-Based Learning)

3. Integrate academic skills into CTE programs and programs of study to support participating students in meeting state academic standards
4. Provide professional development for teachers, school leaders, administrators, specialized instructional support personnel, guidance counselors, and/or paraprofessionals, which may include the types of activities listed in 20 USC 2355

(cf. 4131 - Staff Development)

(cf. 4331 - Staff Development)

(cf. 6164.2 - Guidance/Counseling Services)

CAREER TECHNICAL EDUCATION (continued)

5. Plan and carry out elements that support the implementation of CTE programs and programs of study and that result in increased student achievement. Such elements may include curriculum aligned with program requirements, sustainable relationships among community stakeholders, opportunities for students to participate in accelerated learning programs, equipment and instructional materials aligned with business and industry needs, and other activities specified in 20 USC 2355.
6. Develop and implement evaluations of the activities funded by the grant

(cf. 0500 - Accountability)

(cf. 6190 - Evaluation of the Instructional Program)

Note: Pursuant to 20 USC 2354, the district application for Perkins V funding must describe how individuals will not be discriminated against based on their status as members of "special populations," as defined in 20 USC 2302 as amended by P.L. 115-224. In addition, a district that receives federal aid is required by 34 CFR 100 (Appendix B), 104.8, and 106.9 to take "continuing steps" to notify students, parents/guardians, employees, employee organizations, and applicants for admission and employment that it does not discriminate in its educational programs or activities. See BP 0410 - Nondiscrimination in District Programs and Activities.

During the FPM process, CDE staff will check whether the district complies with requirements to (1) ensure equitable access by special population students through outreach, recruitment, enrollment, and placement activities; (2) identify and adopt strategies to overcome barriers to access or success in the program; (3) ensure that counseling materials and activities, including student program selection and career/employment selection, and promotional and recruitment efforts are nondiscriminatory; and (4) advise students, parents/guardians, employees, and the general public, prior to the beginning of the school year, that all CTE opportunities are offered without regard to race, color, national origin, sex, or disability in accordance with 34 CFR 100 (Appendix B).

The district's program shall provide activities to prepare special populations for high-skill, high-wage, or in-demand industry sectors or occupations that will lead to self-sufficiency. Special populations shall be provided with equal access to CTE programs and shall not be unlawfully discriminated against. *Special populations* include, but are not limited to, students with disabilities, students from economically disadvantaged families, pregnant and parenting students, out-of-work individuals, English learners, homeless students, foster youth, children of military families, and students preparing for nontraditional fields. *Nontraditional fields* include occupations or fields of work, including careers in computer science, technology, and other emerging high-skill occupations, for which individuals from one gender constitute less than 25 percent of the individuals employed in each such occupation or field of work. (20 USC 2302, 2354, 2373)

(cf. 0410 - Nondiscrimination in District Programs and Activities)

(cf. 0415 - Equity)

CAREER TECHNICAL EDUCATION (continued)

Upon written request from a nonprofit private school within the geographical area served by the district, the Superintendent or designee shall consult with private school representatives in a timely and meaningful manner and may provide for the participation of private school secondary students in the district's programs and activities funded pursuant to 20 USC 2301-2414. To the extent practicable, the Superintendent or designee shall also, upon request, permit participation of CTE teachers, administrators, and other personnel from private schools in the district's inservice and preservice professional development programs funded through such grants. (20 USC 2397)

Linked Learning Programs

Note: The following **optional** section is for use by districts that offer "linked learning" programs integrating academic and career technical study (sometimes called "multiple pathways") and may be revised to reflect district practice.

The district shall offer one or more comprehensive, multi-year linked learning programs in grades 9-12 that are organized around a broad theme, interest area, or industry sector including, but not limited to, the industry sectors identified in model standards adopted by the State Board of Education pursuant to Education Code 51226. The program shall provide all participating students with curriculum choices that prepare them for career entry and a full range of postsecondary options, including two-year and four-year colleges, apprenticeships, and formal employment training.

At a minimum, the district's linked learning program shall include:

1. An integrated core curriculum that meets the eligibility requirements for admission to the University of California and the California State University and is delivered through project-based learning and other engaging instructional strategies that bring real-world context and relevance to the curriculum where broad themes, interest areas, and CTE are emphasized
2. An integrated technical core of a sequence of at least four related courses that may reflect CTE standards-based courses and that provide students with career skills, are aligned to academic principles, and fulfill academic core requirements described in item #1 above to the extent possible
3. A series of work-based learning opportunities that begin with mentoring and job shadowing and evolve into intensive internships, school-based enterprises, or virtual apprenticeships
4. Support services, including supplemental instruction in reading and mathematics, that help students master the advanced academic and technical content that is necessary for success in college and career

CAREER TECHNICAL EDUCATION (continued)**Partnership Academies**

Note: The following **optional** section is for use by districts that have established a partnership academy pursuant to Education Code 54690-54699.1 and 54750-54760. A partnership academy functions as a school-within-a-school with a career theme and related academic courses primarily directed at students who are at risk of dropping out.

The district shall operate one or more partnership academies as a school-within-a-school focused on a broad career theme. The program shall be available to students in grades 10-12, at least half of whom shall be students who are at risk of dropping out of school as indicated by three or more of the following criteria: (Education Code 54690-54691)

1. Past record of irregular attendance, with absence from school 20 percent or more of the school year

(cf. 5113.1 - Chronic Absence and Truancy)

2. Past record of underachievement in which the student is at least one-third of a year behind the coursework for the respective grade level, or as demonstrated by credits achieved
3. Past record of low motivation or disinterest in the regular school program
4. Economic disadvantage
5. Scores below basic or far below basic on the mathematics or English language arts test of the California Assessment of Student Performance and Progress
6. A grade point average of 2.2 or below or the equivalent of a C minus

Ninth-grade teachers and counselors shall identify students eligible to participate in a partnership academy. Participating students shall be selected by academy staff from among those who have expressed an interest in the academy and whose parents/guardians have approved the student's participation. (Education Code 54695)

The district's program shall provide: (Education Code 54692)

1. During each regular school term, instruction in at least three academic subjects that:
 - a. Prepares students for a regular high school diploma
 - b. Where possible and appropriate, prepares students to meet subject requirements for admission to the California State University and University of California

CAREER TECHNICAL EDUCATION (continued)

- c. Contributes to an understanding of the occupational field of the academy
- 2. CTE courses offered at each grade level at the academy that are part of an occupational course sequence that targets comprehensive skills and meets the criteria specified in Education Code 54692
- 3. Classes that are block scheduled in a cluster whenever possible to provide flexibility to academy teachers and which may vary in number during grade 12
- 4. A mentor from the business community for students during grade 11
- 5. An employer-based internship or work experience that occurs during the summer following grade 11 or during grade 12
- 6. Additional motivational activities with private sector involvement to encourage academic and occupational preparation

Attendance in academy classes shall be limited to students enrolled in the academy. (Education Code 54692)

The Superintendent or designee shall establish an advisory committee consisting of individuals involved in academy operations, including district and school administrators, lead teachers, and representatives of the private sector. (Education Code 54692)

Apprenticeship Programs

Note: The following **optional** paragraph may be used by districts that provide a program of "orientation to apprenticeships" to students who have not yet applied to an apprenticeship program. Such programs are sometimes referred to as "pre-apprenticeship programs." However, the Department of Industrial Relations (DIR), in its publication Orientation to Apprenticeship: A Guide for Educators, notes that "pre-apprentice" is used by some trades as a classification of worker and therefore prefers the term "orientation to apprenticeship" to refer to a program offered by secondary schools. Items #1-5 below reflect key program components recommended in the DIR publication and may be revised to reflect district practice.

The district shall offer high school and/or adult education students a program of orientation to apprenticeships that acquaints students with a broad range of career options, provides information regarding available apprenticeship programs, and provides classroom instructional job training which guides students to a registered apprenticeable occupation.

(cf. 6200 - Adult Education)

The district's program shall:

- 1. Introduce students to what they need to know in order to apply, test, and interview for acceptance into an apprenticeship program

CAREER TECHNICAL EDUCATION (continued)

2. Demonstrate the need for proficiency in reading and comprehension, mathematics, science, and technology
3. Emphasize the necessity to have the ability to communicate in reading, writing, speaking, listening, and numeration skills
4. Identify the knowledge, skills, and attitudes needed to enter and successfully complete an apprenticeship program
5. Provide an orientation to a specific craft or trade or to an industry

Note: The following **optional** paragraph is for use by districts that contract with sponsors of approved apprenticeship programs (e.g., individual employers, labor or management apprenticeship committees, or joint labor-management apprenticeship committees) pursuant to Education Code 8150-8155 and Labor Code 3070-3099.5 to provide classes of related and supplemental instruction. Apprenticeship programs are offered for a period of one to six years (typically four years) and provide specialized on-the-job training that prepares an individual for employment in a craft or trade profession.

The district may enter into an agreement with a local business, labor or management apprenticeship committee, and/or joint labor-management apprenticeship committee that has been approved by the Department of Industrial Relations' Division of Apprenticeship Standards to sponsor an apprenticeship program in order to develop and deliver related and supplemental instruction to students participating in a registered apprenticeship program. (Education Code 8150-8155; Labor Code 3074, 3075, 3078)

Regional Occupational Center/Program

Note: The following **optional** section is for use by districts that partner with or offer their own local regional occupational center or program (ROC/P) pursuant to Education Code 52300-52335.12, and may be revised to reflect district practice. Education Code 52301 authorizes the establishment of an ROC/P by (1) the County Superintendent of Schools, with the approval of the State Board of Education (SBE); (2) two or more districts maintaining high schools, with the approval of the SBE and the County Superintendent; or (3) a single district with an average daily attendance (ADA) of 50,000 or more located in a class 1 county or a district with an ADA of 100,000 or more located in a class 2 county, as defined in Education Code 1205. ROC/P courses are open to secondary students, with priority enrollment given to students ages 16-18 or in grades 11-12. See BP 6178.2 - Regional Occupational Center/Program for additional program requirements.

The district shall operate and/or partner with a regional occupational center or program (ROC/P), established pursuant to Education Code 52335.12, which offers CTE courses, linked learning programs, partnership academies, and/or pre-apprenticeship and apprenticeship programs as appropriate.

(cf. 6178.2 - Regional Occupational Center/Program)

CAREER TECHNICAL EDUCATION (continued)

Occupational course sequences offered by the ROC/P shall provide prerequisite courses needed to enter apprenticeship or postsecondary vocational certificate or degree programs, focus on occupations requiring comprehensive skills leading to high entry-level wages and/or the possibility of significant wage increases after a few years on the job, offer as many courses as possible that meet college admission requirements, and lead to attainment of an occupational skill certificate. (Education Code 52302)

Student Organizations

Note: The following **optional** section may be used by districts providing any CTE program(s). 20 USC 2355 permits the use of Perkins V funding to support career technical student organizations and related activities. According to CDE, state-supported organizations include California DECA: A Marketing Association (formerly Distributive Education Clubs of America), Future Business Leaders of America (FBLA), Future Farmers of America (FFA), Future Homemakers of America-Home Economics Related Occupations (FHA-HERO), Health Occupations Students of America (HOSA), and Skills USA (formerly Vocational Industrial Clubs of America-VICA).

The district may provide support, including supplies, materials, activities, and advisor expenses, to student organizations which engage in activities that are integral to the CTE program and provide for the development of student leadership skills. However, no state or federal funds shall be used to pay students' membership dues, food or lodging expenses, out-of-state travel, or the cost of a social activity or assemblage.

(cf. 6145 - Extracurricular and Cocurricular Activities)

(cf. 6145.5 - Student Organizations and Equal Access)

(3/08 7/12) 10/18

CSBA Sample

Board Policy

Instruction

BP 6190(a)

EVALUATION OF THE INSTRUCTIONAL PROGRAM

Note: The following **optional** policy may be revised to reflect district practice.

The Governing Board recognizes that it is accountable to students, parents/guardians, and the community for the effectiveness of the district's educational program in meeting district goals for student learning. The Superintendent or designee shall conduct a continual evaluation of the curriculum and the instructional program in order to identify strategies for improving student achievement.

(cf. 0200 - Goals for the School District)

(cf. 0500 - Accountability)

(cf. 6000 - Concepts and Roles)

(cf. 6141 - Curriculum Development and Evaluation)

(cf. 6161.1 - Selection and Evaluation of Instructional Materials)

Note: The district may revise the following paragraph to specify the data and reports that will be used to evaluate the district's instructional program.

Education Code 52060-52061 require that the district's local control and accountability plan (LCAP) establish goals, for all students and for each numerically significant subgroup, that are aligned with the state priorities, and that the district annually review progress toward the goals; see BP/AR 0460 - Local Control and Accountability Plan. Pursuant to Education Code 52052, numerically significant student subgroups include ethnic subgroups, socioeconomically disadvantaged students, English learners, students with disabilities, foster youth, and homeless students, when the subgroup consists of at least 30 students with a valid test score or 15 foster or homeless youth. The California School Dashboard reports the status of district and school performance on multiple state and local indicators and is intended to assist districts in identifying strengths and areas in need of improvement in each priority area addressed by the LCAP.

The Superintendent or designee shall provide the Board and the community with regular reports on student achievement. The reports shall include data for each district school and for each numerically significant student subgroup, as defined in Education Code 52052, including, but not limited to, school and subgroup performance on statewide achievement indicators and progress toward goals specified in the district's local control and accountability plan (LCAP).

(cf. 0460 - Local Control and Accountability Plan)

(cf. 0510 - School Accountability Report Card)

(cf. 6011 - Academic Standards)

(cf. 6162.5 - Student Assessment)

(cf. 6162.51 - State Academic Achievement Tests)

(cf. 6173 - Education for Homeless Children)

(cf. 6173.1 - Education for Foster Youth)

(cf. 6174 - Education for English Learners)

EVALUATION OF THE INSTRUCTIONAL PROGRAM (continued)

In addition, the Superintendent or designee shall conduct an evaluation of any new instructional program implemented in the district and shall regularly assess district progress toward increasing student achievement in all subject areas taught in the district. The findings of such evaluations and assessments shall be reported to the Board.

Based on these reports, the Board shall take appropriate actions to maintain the effectiveness of programs and to improve the quality of education provided to district students.

Annual Evaluation of Consolidated Application Programs

Note: The following **optional** section should be revised to reflect district practice. Pursuant to Education Code 64000-64001, the consolidated application is used by the California Department of Education to distribute funds from certain federal categorical programs. Pursuant to 5 CCR 3942, as a condition of receiving continued funding for these programs, the district must make certain general assurances and certifications, including an assurance that the district's annual evaluation of categorical programs demonstrates that each program is "not one of low effectiveness." The district does not need to sign or return the general assurances, but does need to keep them on file for compliance reviews, complaint investigations, or audits.

Pursuant to 5 CCR 3942, criteria for the annual program evaluation are to be established by the Governing Board. The district may consider measures of the academic progress of students participating in the program, including numerically significant student groups, in addition to other measures contained in school plans or adopted by the Board.

The Board and the Superintendent or designee shall annually determine whether the district's categorical programs funded through the state's consolidated application are effective in meeting the needs of the students they are intended to serve. As a basis for this evaluation, the Superintendent or designee shall recommend for Board approval the specific, measurable criteria that shall be used at each school and at the district level. These criteria may include, but are not necessarily limited to, the progress of all students participating in the program and of each numerically significant subgroup toward goals contained in the district's LCAP, the school's single plan for student achievement, and/or other applicable district or school plans.

Western Association of Schools and Colleges (WASC) Accreditation

Note: The following **optional** section is for use by districts that participate in the evaluation process leading to accreditation by the Western Association of Schools and Colleges (WASC). WASC is a private, nonprofit organization whose Accrediting Commission for Schools provides regular assessments of public and private schools in order to support ongoing improvement of the educational program. The term of the accreditation process varies from one to six years, as determined by WASC. Districts may seek accreditation for both elementary and secondary schools and may revise the following section to specify schools that will seek accreditation (e.g., only secondary schools and/or middle schools). Districts also may revise the following section to apply to any other accrediting agency.

EVALUATION OF THE INSTRUCTIONAL PROGRAM (continued)

The Board believes that accreditation by the Western Association of Schools and Colleges (WASC) can foster excellence and ongoing academic improvement in the district's schools. The results of the accreditation process also may demonstrate to parents/guardians and the community that the schools are meeting their goals and objectives and the WASC criteria for school effectiveness through a viable instructional program.

The Superintendent or designee shall undertake procedures whereby district schools may achieve and maintain full WASC accreditation status. The schools shall conduct a self-study in accordance with WASC requirements, cooperate with the WASC committee during a site visit, and develop and review action plans to increase the effectiveness of the instructional program for students. The Superintendent or designee shall regularly report to the Board on the status of district schools and any WASC recommendations for school improvement.

Not later than 60 days after receiving the results of an inspection of a school by WASC or any other accrediting agency, the Superintendent or designee shall notify parents/guardians in writing of the inspection results and/or shall post the information on the district's or school's web site. (Education Code 35178.4)

(cf. 1113 - District and School Web Sites)

(cf. 5145.6 - Parental Notifications)

If any district school loses its accreditation status, the Board shall give official notice at a regularly scheduled Board meeting. The Superintendent or designee shall provide written notification to each parent/guardian of a student in the school that the school has lost its accreditation status, including the potential consequences of the loss of accreditation status. This notice shall also be posted on the district's web site and the school's web site. (Education Code 35178.4)

Legal References (see next page)

EVALUATION OF THE INSTRUCTIONAL PROGRAM (continued)

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE

33400-33407 Educational evaluations

35178.4 Notice of accreditation status

44662 Evaluation and assessment guidelines, certificated employee performance

48985 Compliance with translation of parental notifications

51041 Education program, evaluation and revisions

51226 Model curriculum standards

52052 Accountability; numerically significant student subgroups

52060-52077 Local control and accountability plan

62005.5 Failure to comply with purposes of funds

64000-64001 Consolidated application process

CODE OF REGULATIONS, TITLE 5

3930-3937 Program requirements

3942 Continuity of funding

UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 20

6311 State plans

Management Resources:

WESTERN ASSOCIATION OF SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES PUBLICATIONS

Focus on Learning: Joint ACS WASC/CDE Process Guide, 2017

WEB SITES

CSBA: <http://www.csba.org>

California Department of Education: <http://www.cde.ca.gov>

Western Association of Schools and Colleges (WASC), Accrediting Commission for Schools:

<http://www.acswasc.org>

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Policy Reference UPDATE Service

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CSBA Sample

Board Bylaw

Board Bylaws

BB 9110(a)

TERMS OF OFFICE

Note: Governing boards consist of three, five, or seven members as provided in Education Code 5018 and 35012. The district should fill in the blank in the following paragraph to reflect the number of Governing Board members in the district.

For information about the election of Board members, including election dates, see BB 9220 - Governing Board Elections.

The Governing Board shall consist of _____ members whose terms shall be staggered so that as nearly as practicable, one half of the members shall be elected in each year in which the Board's elections are regularly held. (Education Code 35012)

(cf. 9220 - Governing Board Elections)

Note: AB 2449 (Ch. 146, Statutes of 2018) amended Education Code 5017 to change the commencement of the term of office of board members from the first Friday in December following their election to the second Friday in December. Although Education Code 5000 still states that a board member's four-year term expires on the first Friday in December, Education Code 5017 requires board members to continue to discharge their duties until their successor has qualified by taking the oath of office. Therefore, the following paragraph reflects the date specified in Education Code 5017.

The term of office for Board members elected in regular elections shall be four years, commencing on the second Friday in December following their election. (Education Code 5017)

(cf. 9223 - Filling Vacancies)

(cf. 9224 - Oath or Affirmation)

(cf. 9250 - Remuneration, Reimbursement and Other Benefits)

Board members whose terms have expired shall continue to discharge the duties of office until their successors have qualified by taking the oath of office. (Education Code 5017; Government Code 1302, 1360)

Note: Pursuant to Elections Code 10404.5, whenever a regularly scheduled board election is changed due to consolidation of elections, the term of office of incumbent Board members is extended to align with the next applicable election. Pursuant to Elections Code 1302 and 10404.5, districts are authorized to request consolidation of their board elections with the local municipal or state primary or general elections, and under defined circumstances are required to consolidate their elections with statewide elections as specified in Elections Code 14051-14052. See BB 9220 - Governing Board Elections.

If a regularly scheduled Board election date is changed due to consolidation with a statewide or municipal general election, the term of incumbent Board members shall be extended to align with the next applicable election. (Elections Code 10404.5)

Legal Reference: (see next page)

TERMS OF OFFICE (continued)

Legal Reference:

EDUCATION CODE

5000-5033 *Election of school district board members*

35010 *Control of district*

35012 *Board members; number, election and terms*

35107 *Eligibility*

ELECTIONS CODE

1302 *Local elections, school district election*

10400-10418 *Consolidation of elections*

14050-14057 *California Voter Participation Rights Act*

GOVERNMENT CODE

1302 *Continuance in office until qualification of successor*

1303 *Exercising functions of office without having qualified*

1360 *Necessity of taking constitutional oath*

Management Resources:

WEB SITES

CSBA: <http://www.csba.org>

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